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THE  
**VICTORIA CROSS;**

*An Official Chronicle*

OF THE

**DEEDS OF PERSONAL VALOUR**

ACHIEVED IN PRESENCE OF THE ENEMY

DURING

THE CRIMEAN AND BALTIC CAMPAIGNS,

THE INDIAN MUTINIES,

AND THE

PERSIA, CHINA, AND NEW ZEALAND  
WARS.

LONDON:

O'BYRNE BROTHERS,  
9, ADELPHI TERRACE, STRAND, W.C.

1865.

*Price Five Shillings.*

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## PREFACE.

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IN military feats of individual valour performed as often by obscure as by conspicuous persons, the sources of the first illustrations of the most noble families of Europe are to be found. And of this prime feature of their pedigree the descendants of these families are usually more proud than they are of any subsequent honourable achievements. Indeed, so much is martial descent coveted by those who have risen to aristocratic rank, that, where veritable chronicle fails to confer it, tradition and fable are even by law and commerce frequently appealed to, to supply the deficiency. No other renown, we all feel—it may be very unphilosophically—emblazons like military renown. The highest civic dignity, the worthiest acts of civic virtue, look pale in the comparison ; and Dr. Johnson was right when he said, that our greatest lawyer—the *omnis homo*, the all-accomplished Lord Mansfield—would feel inclined to creep under the table if the Duke of Marlborough were suddenly to appear before him. Since the mediæval era, however, it is only great captains who have inspired this sense of superiority. The subordinates of both services, and the common soldier and common sailor, have long since escaped all particular attention ; and we must go back to the ancient times of Greece and Rome, and to the middle ages—to Troy, to Marathon, to stories of Horatii and Curiatii, to Ascalon, to Azincourt, and to Poitiers—to find

personal prowess and bravery brought into prominent relief, and so rewarded as to hand name and fame down to posterity. It is true that the art of war being thoroughly revolutionised by the invention of gunpowder, exploits of the kind alluded to have no longer the paramount importance they possessed previous to that discovery. But we have come very erroneously to the conclusion, that, because they have, for this reason, sunk, generally as soon as enacted, into oblivion, they have ceased to be abundantly displayed by modern troops. The rich catalogue of the heroic actions of officers and men of all ranks in our army and navy, published in the *Gazette*, which announces the first distribution of the VICTORIA CROSS, may be compared, even to the enhancement of their lustre, with any either pagan or chivalric epochs have produced; and this record of deeds of extraordinary daring should inspire those mentioned in the glorious roll with the same sort of legitimate pride a nobleman feels when pointing to the like feats of the first founder of his family.

We have made these remarks, associating the exploits recorded in the *Gazette* with historic events of a like kind, because noble actions, like fine paintings, should be placed at some distance from us, and set in a rich mellow light, in order to bring their beauties out into full display. With the same purpose in view, let us suppose that these exploits belonged to the period of chivalry, and that they had been religiously preserved through centuries by some of our most time-honoured aristocracy, not as traditionary stories, but as facts clearly stated in the official annals of the time. In that case, what precious heirlooms they would be considered, with what superb satisfaction they would be contemplated, and how proudly would they, on rare and select occasions, be exhibited

by their possessors as their original title-deeds, their first letters-patent of nobility or of family distinction.

The private, graced with such a distinction, is no longer a plebeian. He is not one of the multitude, but one apart from the multitude. Even if his social and military rank should remain unchanged, he is raised morally much above his former self; and we are glad to see that many who have earned the VICTORIA CROSS as privates, or as corporals or sergeants, wear it first over an officer's uniform. With conduct in peace equal to their valour in war—and the latter seems to guarantee the former—these men cannot fail of promotion; and officers decorated at the same time with the same badge, for the same deeds of daring in close conflict with the enemies of their country, must already feel on an equality, in the highly-prized glory of personal intrepidity, with those who, as companions and brothers, have taken, in such equalising moments, as often as not the lion's share in their common perils. Between superior and inferior, so associated in signal dangers and signal rewards, there must necessarily be cordial respect and admiration; and this chivalric sense of honour, raising the soldier, in one respect, to a par with the officer, must needs mitigate and strengthen discipline, and give the service generally a higher standing than it has ever heretofore possessed, both in its own estimation and in that of the public.

The VICTORIA CROSS, with its inseparably appendant memorial of individual heroism, discriminates as no other badge of military merit has ever done. It picks out from all ranks single persons for a special dignity awarded to deeds of a very narrowly special description, and thus bears upon it the very image and superscription, as it were, of each valiant

man on whom it may be conferred. All other decorations of the kind have but a wide and vague meaning in the comparison. The restrictive exclusiveness, indeed, of this honour constitutes its originality, and gives it its prime value. It can never, by the very conditions of its bestowment, deviate, as other insignia of desert have invariably done, into an adulterating diffusion, as it reserves its distinctions for martial achievements of a particular sort and of rare occurrence, accomplished in the immediate presence of the enemy. It is, in brief, a new order of chivalry instituted in the nineteenth century. It gives England real knights once again, and this solid reality shines out the more conspicuously from the multitudinous glittering shams characterising the present age, which surround it, and which bring, by the contrast, its severe purity into the clearest evidence.

---

# THE VICTORIA CROSS.

---

## *VICTORIA B.*

~~Whereas~~ We, taking into Our Royal consideration that there exists no means of adequately rewarding the individual gallant services either of Officers of the lower grades in Our Naval and Military Service, or of Warrant and Petty Officers, Seamen, and Marines, in Our Navy, and Non-commissioned Officers and Soldiers in Our Army ; and whereas the Third Class of Our Most Honourable Order of the Bath is limited, except in very rare cases, to the higher ranks of both Services, and the granting of medals, both in Our Navy and Army, is only awarded for long service or meritorious conduct, rather than for bravery in action or distinction before an enemy, such cases alone excepted where a general medal is granted for a particular action or campaign, or a clasp added to the medal for some especial engagement, in both of which cases all share equally in the boon, and those who by their valour have particularly signalised themselves remain undistinguished from their comrades ; Now, for the purpose of attaining an end so desirable as that of rewarding individual instances of merit and valour, We have instituted and created, and by these presents, for Us, Our Heirs and Successors, institute

and create a New Naval and Military Decoration, which We are desirous should be highly prized and eagerly sought after by the Officers and Men of Our Naval and Military Services, and are graciously pleased to make, ordain, and establish the following rules and ordinances for the government of the same, which shall from henceforth be inviolably observed and kept:—

Firstly. It is ordained, that the distinction shall be styled and designated “the Victoria Cross,” and shall consist of a Maltese Cross of Bronze, with Our Royal Crest in the centre, and underneath which an escroll bearing this inscription—“For Valour.”

Secondly. It is ordained, that the Cross shall be suspended from the left breast, by a blue Riband for the Navy, and by a red riband for the Army.

Thirdly. It is ordained, that the names of those upon whom We may be pleased to confer the Decoration shall be published in the “London Gazette,” and a registry thereof kept in the office of Our Secretary of State for War.

Fourthly. It is ordained, that any one who, after having received the Cross, shall again perform an act of bravery, which, if he had not received such Cross, would have entitled him to it, such further act shall be recorded by a Bar attached to the riband by which the Cross is suspended, and for every additional act of bravery an additional Bar may be added.

Fifthly. It is ordained, that the Cross shall only be awarded to those Officers or men who have served Us in the presence of an enemy, and shall have then performed some signal act of valour, or devotion to their country.

Sixthly. It is ordained, with a view to place all persons on a perfectly equal footing in relation to eligibility for the Decoration, that neither rank, nor long service, nor wounds, nor any other circumstance or condition whatsoever, save the merit of conspicuous bravery, shall be held to establish a sufficient claim to the honour.

Seventhly. It is ordained, that the Decoration may be conferred on the spot where the act to be rewarded by the grant of such Decoration has been performed under the following circumstances:—

I. When the Fleet or Army, in which such act has been performed, is under the eye and command of an Admiral or General Officer commanding the Forces.

II. Where the Naval or Military force is under the eye and command of an Admiral or Commodore commanding a squadron or detached naval force, or of a General commanding a corps, or division or brigade on a distinct and detached service, when such Admiral, Commodore, or General Officer shall have the power of conferring the Decoration on the spot, subject to confirmation by Us.

Eighthly. It is ordained, where such act shall not have been performed in sight of a Commanding Officer as aforesaid, then the claimant for the honour shall prove the act to the satisfaction of the Captain or Officer commanding his ship, or to the Officer commanding the regiment to which the claimant belongs, and such Captain or such Commanding Officer shall report the same through the usual channel to the Admiral or Commodore commanding the force employed on the service, or to the Officer commanding the forces in the field, who shall call for such description and attestation of the act as he

may think requisite, and on approval shall recommend the grant of the Decoration.

Ninthly. It is ordained, that every person selected for the Cross, under rule seven, shall be publicly decorated before the Naval or Military force or body to which he belongs, and with which the act of bravery for which he is to be rewarded shall have been performed, and his name shall be recorded in a General Order, together with the cause of his especial distinction.

Tenthly. It is ordained, that every person selected under rule eight shall receive his Decoration as soon as possible, and his name shall likewise appear in a General Order as above required, such General Order to be issued by the Naval or Military Commander of the Forces employed on the service.

Eleventhly. It is ordained, that the General Orders above referred to shall from time to time be transmitted to Our Secretary of State for War, to be laid before Us, and shall be by him registered.

Twelfthly. It is ordained, that as cases may arise not falling within the rules above specified, or in which a claim, though well founded, may not have been established on the spot, We will, on the joint submission of Our Secretary of State for War and of Our Commander-in-Chief of Our Army, or on that of Our Lord High Admiral or Lords Commissioners of the Admiralty in the case of the Navy, confer the Decoration, but never without conclusive proof of the performance of the act of bravery for which the claim is made.

Thirteenthly. It is ordained, that in the event of a gallant and daring act having been performed by a squadron, ship's company, a detached body of Seamen and Marines, not under



#### THE ROYAL WARRANT.

fifty in number, or by a brigade, regiment, troop, or company, in which the Admiral, General, or other Officer commanding such forces, may deem that all are equally brave and distinguished, and that no special selection can be made by them: then in such case the Admiral, General, or other Officer commanding, may direct that for any such body of Seamen or Marines, or for every troop or company of Soldiers, one Officer shall be selected by the Officers engaged for the Decoration; and in like manner one Petty Officer or Non-commissioned Officer shall be selected by the Petty Officers and Non-commissioned Officers engaged; and two Seamen or Private Soldiers or Marines shall be selected by the Seamen, or Private Soldiers, or Marines, engaged respectively, for the Decoration; and the names of those selected shall be transmitted by the Senior Officer in command of the Naval force, brigade, regiment, troop, or company, to the Admiral or General Officer commanding, who shall in due manner confer the Decoration as if the acts were done under his own eye.

Fourteenthly. It is ordained, that every Warrant Officer, Petty Officer, Seaman, or Marine, or Non-commissioned Officer or Soldier, who shall have received the Cross, shall, from the date of the act by which the Decoration has been gained, be entitled to a Special Pension of Ten Pounds a-year, and each additional Bar conferred under rule four on such Warrant or Petty Officers, or Non-commissioned Officers or Men, shall carry with it an Additional Pension of Five Pounds per annum.

Fifteenthly. In order to make such additional provision as shall effectually preserve pure this most honourable distinction, it is ordained, that if any person on whom such distinction shall be conferred be convicted of treason, cowardice,

felony, or of any infamous crime, or if he be accused of any such offence, and doth not after a reasonable time surrender himself to be tried for the same, his name shall forthwith be erased from the registry of individuals upon whom the said Decoration shall have been conferred by an especial Warrant under Our Royal Sign Manual, and the Pension conferred under rule fourteen shall cease and determine from the date of such Warrant. It is hereby further declared that We, Our Heirs and Successors, shall be the sole judges of the circumstance demanding such expulsion ; moreover, We shall at all times have power to restore such persons as may at any time have been expelled, both to the enjoyment of the Decoration and Pensions.

Given at Our Court at Buckingham Palace, this twenty-ninth of January, in the nineteenth year of Our Reign, and in the year of Our Lord one thousand eight hundred and fifty-six.

By Her Majesty's Command,

PANMURE.

---

## INAUGURATION OF THE ORDER.

*26th June, 1857.*

---

### MEMORANDUM OF ARRANGEMENTS FOR THE CEREMONY.

Horse Guards, June 17th.—The whole of the troops assembled to be under the command of Lieutenant-General Sir Colin Campbell, G.C.B. The Cavalry, namely, 1st and 2nd Regiments of Life Guards, 6th Dragoons, and 11th Hussars, under Major-General the Earl of Cardigan, K.C.B. The Royal Artillery, namely, one troop and two field batteries, under Major-General Sir William Williams, K.C.B. One Company of Royal Engineers, under Colonel Chapman, C.B. Three Battalions of Foot Guards, under Major-General Lord Rokeby, K.C.B. One Battalion of Royal Marines, the 79th Regiment, and 2nd Battalion Rifle Brigade, under the command of Major-General Lord William Paulet, C.B. The troops to be formed at ten o'clock a.m., in contiguous quarter distance columns right in front, facing Park-lane, in one or two lines as the ground may admit. The officers, warrant officers, non-commissioned officers, and men who are to receive the Victoria Cross will be assembled in front of the line of columns, and after passing by Her Majesty, and receiving their decoration, they will be formed opposite to the Queen, and there remain until the troops have marched past. The ground to be kept by detachments of Cavalry to be

detailed for that purpose. The troops to march past in slow and quick time.—By command of H.R.H. the General Commanding-in-Chief. G. A. WETHERALL, Adjutant-General.

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#### MEMORANDUM.

Horse Guards, June 19.—Staff Officers attending the ceremony in Hyde Park on the 26th inst. to assemble, mounted, at the foot of the Constitution hill, at half-past nine o'clock precisely. It is to be distinctly understood that General Officers on duty on that occasion are upon no account whatever to be attended by any other officers than those of their immediate Staff. Lord-Lieutenants of counties, in uniform, and General Officers in uniform only, will be admitted into Hyde Park on horseback. No grooms, except those of the Queen and H.R.H. Prince Albert, to be allowed to enter the park.—By command, G. A. WETHERALL, Adjutant-General.

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#### MEMORANDUM FOR THE PARADE.

Horse Guards, June 23.—Ceremonial of Presenting the Victoria Cross.—Infantry parade to be formed at nine o'clock. Cavalry and Artillery at a quarter-past nine o'clock, in line of contiguous columns, right in front, and at quarter distance, in the following order:—1. Horse Artillery; 2. Life Guards; 3. Dragoons; 4. Royal Engineers; 5. Foot Guards; 6. Royal Marines; 7. 79th Highlanders; 8. Rifle Brigade; 9. Artillery; 10. Military Train. The boys of the Royal Military Asylum and the Pensioners will form on the left of

the line, and in front of the Military Train. Officers and men to receive the Victoria Cross will form in line near the centre pavilion. On the Queen entering at Hyde Park corner Gate a Royal salute will be fired by the batteries on the left of the line. When the Queen has taken post in the centre, the recipients will pass individually, each presenting his card to the Adjutant-General, who will name them to Her Majesty. After passing they will resume their original position. After the distribution of the crosses the troops will march past in open column—Artillery and Cavalry at a walk, the infantry in slow time. Secondly, in quarter-distance column of troops and companies.—Artillery and Cavalry at a trot, Infantry in quick time—officers in command of Regiments and Brigades passing on with their respective commands. The batteries and Infantry will then resume their original position. The Cavalry and Horse Artillery, after passing in quarter-distance column, will continue their march beyond the third wheeling-point, counter-march by troops, and repass the Queen at a canter when their front is clear, wheeling when opposite to their respective original positions, reforming columns on their original ground. The Staff and General Officers composing the Queen's *cortège* will form in front of and facing Her Majesty; those preceding Her Majesty on the proper left, and those following on the right and at the distance of the front of the columns, taking care to be well clear of the flanks.—By command of the General Commanding-in-Chief, G. A. WETHERALL, Adjutant-General.

The Commander-in-Chief, General Staff, Gold Stick, &c., will draw up inside the railings of the Palace, in their proper places as they are to precede or follow the Queen, as Her Majesty leaves the Palace by the garden gate. The Royal

carriages having taken up within the quadrangle, will join the procession outside, and follow immediately in the rear of Her Majesty's suite. General Officers not on duty will assemble outside the Palace rails opposite the centre gate, and follow immediately behind the carriages conveying the Royal Family, Lords-Lieutenant of Counties will assemble at the end of Piccadilly, and, being conducted into Hyde Park by Lieutenant-Colonel Reynolds, Assistant-Adjutant-General, will there fall into their places in the *cortège*, immediately after the Assistant-Adjutant-General, and in front of the escort which brings up the rear. All are to be specially careful to maintain throughout their proper places, as designated in the foregoing programme. On arriving on the ground the officers composing the Queen's *cortège* will form in front of and facing Her Majesty; those preceding Her Majesty on the proper left, those following on the right, and at the distance of the front of the columns, taking care to be well clear of the flanks. It is Her Majesty's express desire that no officer should join in the *cortège* who is not dressed in strict conformity to regulation, and whose horse is not in all respects properly caparisoned.

---

The inauguration of the Order of Valour took place on the 26th of June, 1856. As the troops arrived on the ground about nine o'clock, they were formed in line. Counting from the south side of the park, they were placed in line thus:—Royal Horse Artillery, 1st Life Guards, 2nd Life Guards, 6th or Inniskilling Dragoons, 11th Hussars, constituting a Cavalry Force of about 1,200 sabres, commanded by Major-General the Earl of Cardigan, K.C.B. Then came a detachment of blue jackets in their guernseys and white

trowers. After them a company of Royal Engineers appeared under the command of Colonel Chapman, C.B., of "Chapman's Battery" renown. Next to them were three Battalions of the Guards, the 1st of the Grenadiers, 2nd of the Cold-streams, and 1st of the Scots Fusiliers, under the command of Major-General Lord Rokeby, K.C.B. A Battalion of the Royal Marines, the 79th Highlanders, and the second Battalion of the Rifle Brigade, constituted the infantry portion of the line, which terminated in a thick, blue substantial-looking mass, formed of two field batteries of the Royal Artillery, with their huge instruments of destruction placed in front, ready to boom out welcome to the Sovereign on her arrival. Those for whom the Victoria Cross was destined stood in single file facing the troops.

At ten minutes to ten a flash from the right of the field batteries and a heavy boom told of the approach of the royal *cortège*. The following is the programme of the procession:—

Captain Sayer,	
Deputy-Assistant-Quartermaster-General.	
Detachment of Royal Horse Guards.	
The Sovereign's led horses.	
Aides-de-Camp to the General Commanding-in-Chief—	
Lieutenant-Colonel Maude (extra),	
Lieut.-Colonel Lord Burghersh,	Lieut.-Colonel Clifton,
Colonel Tyrwhitt,	Hon. Colonel Macdonald.
Aides-de-Camp to the Queen—	
Colonel Marquis of Ailesbury.	Colonel Patten,
Colonel Duke of Buccleuch,	Colonel Lord Dynevor,
Colonel Marquis of Donegal,	Colonel Holloway,
Colonel Lake,	Colonel His Serene Highness
Colonel J. W. Gordon,	Prince W. A. of Saxe Weimar.
Deputy-Quartermaster-General	Colonel Sir T. Troubridge.
to the Forces,	Deputy-Adjutant-General
Hon. Colonel A. Gordon.	to the Forces,
	Colonel Forster.

Equerries to the Queen, and to His Royal Highness  
Prince Albert, in Waiting.

Military Secretary,	Quartermaster-General
Major-General Sir C. Yorke.	Major-General Sir R. Airey.
Adjutant-General Royal Artillery,	Adjutant-General of the Forces,
General Sir H. D. Ross.	Major-General Sir G. Wetherall.

His Royal Highness the General Commanding-in-Chief.

Prince Albert.	Her Majesty	Prince Frederick
	THE QUEEN.	William of Prussia.

Gold Stick.	Master of the Horse.
Lady Churchill.	Prince of Wales.
Lady Codrington.	Prince Alfred.

Royal Carriages,  
Conveying Members of the Royal Family, each attended by an Equerry.  
General Officers.

Foreign General Officers, and  
Equerries and Attendants upon Foreign Princes,  
Two and Two.

Assistant-Adjutant- General to the Forces.	Assistant-Adjutant- General, Royal Art.	Assistant-Quartermaster- General to the Forces.
Lieutenant-Colonel Pipon.		Colonel O'Brien.
Colonel Palliser.		Lieutenant-Colonel Bingham.

Lords Lieutenants of Counties in uniform,  
Two and Two.

Royal Carriages, if empty.  
Detachment of Royal Horse Guards.

Her Majesty, mounted on a charger, rode between Prince Albert and Prince Frederick William. She wore a round hat, with a gold band round it, and a red and white feather at the right side. A scarlet body made nearly like a Military tunic, but open some way down from the throat, a gold embroidered sash over the left shoulder, and a dark blue skirt completed the costume of the Queen, who, like all the members of the Royal party in Military costume, wore crape round the left arm. Lady Churchill and Lady Codrington, who were in waiting on Her Majesty, wore black habits.



The Prince of Wales and Prince Alfred, who were mounted on ponies, wore plaid trews and Scotch caps. The Princess Royal, Princess Alice, the Duchess of Cambridge, and the Princess Mary rode in a carriage.

On arriving on the ground, the officers composing the Queen's *cortège* formed in front of and facing Her Majesty; those preceding Her Majesty on the proper left; those following, on the right, and at the distance of the front of the columns. In a few minutes the distribution of the Cross commenced. Her Majesty took up her position with Prince Albert on her left, and Prince Frederick William on her right. The Duke of Cambridge, Lord Panmure, and other officers of rank, were in close attendance, to read the names of the heroes of the ceremony as each appeared.

The officers who were to receive the Victoria Cross from Her Majesty had assembled in Hyde Park, opposite Grosvenor-gate, at nine o'clock. Each officer had a loop of cord attached to the left breast of his tunic, to enable Her Majesty to fasten the Cross.

The non-commissioned officers and privates who received the Order had assembled at Portman-street Barracks, and marched thence to the Park, under the command of Lieutenant Knox, of the Rifle Brigade.

All being arranged, the recipients of the Cross advanced one by one in the order in which we give their names. As each approached, Her Majesty received the decoration from Lord Panmure; and, stooping from her saddle, fixed it on the breast of the decorated, who passed on, and formed again in line, behind her Majesty.

The following are the names of those to whom Her

Majesty gave the Victoria Cross. They came up in the order shown:—

#### ROYAL NAVY.

1. Commander Henry James Raby.
2. „ John Bythesea.
3. „ Hugh Talbot Burgoyne.
4. Lieutenant Charles Davis Lucas.
5. „ William Nathan Wright Hewett.
6. Mr. John Roberts, Gunner.
7. Mr. Joseph Kellaway, Boatswain.
8. Mr. Henry Cooper, Boatswain.
9. Joseph Trewavas, Seaman.
10. Thomas Reeves, Seaman.
11. Henry Curtis, Boatswain's Mate.
12. George Ingoueville, Captain of the Mast).

#### ROYAL MARINES.

13. First-Lieutenant George Dare Dowell, Royal Marine Artillery (Baltic).
14. Thos. Wilkinson, Bombardier, Royal Marine Artillery.

#### ARMY.

1. 2nd Dragoons ... .. Sergeant-Major John Grieve.
2. 4th Dragoons ... .. Private Samuel Parkes.
3. 11th Hussars (late) ... .. Lieutenant Alexander R. Dunn.
4. 17th Lancers ... .. Troop Serg.-Maj. J. Berryman.
5. Royal Artillery ... .. Colonel C. Dickson, C.B.
6. Royal Artillery ... .. Capt. A. Henry—Quartermaster  
(late Land Trans. Corps)
7. Royal Artillery ... .. Captain Gronow Davis.
8. Royal Artillery ... .. Sergeant Daniel Cambridge.
9. Royal Artillery ... .. Gunner and Driv. T. Arthur.
10. Royal Engineers ... .. Lieutenant Gerald Graham.
11. Royal Engineers ... .. Corporal John Ross.
12. Royal Engineers ... .. Corporal Wm. J. Lendrim,

13. Royal Engineers ... Sapper John Perie.
14. Grenadier Guards ... Colonel Hon. H. H. M. Percy.
15. Grenadier Guards ... Brev.-Maj. Sir C. Russell, Bart.
16. Grenadier Guards ... Sergeant Alfred Ablett.
17. Grenadier Guards ... Private Anthony Palmer.
18. Coldstream Guards ... Brev. Maj. G. L. Goodlake.
19. Coldstream Guards ... Brev.-Maj. J. A. Conolly (late  
49th Regiment).
20. Coldstream Guards ... Private George Strong.
21. Scots Fusilier Guards ... Brevet-Major R. J. Lindsay.
22. Scots Fusilier Guards ... Sergeant James M'Kechnie.
23. Scots Fusilier Guards ... Private William Reynolds.
24. 4th Regiment ... Private Thomas Grady.
25. 7th Regiment (late) ... Lieutenant William Hope.
26. 7th Regiment ... Assist.-Surg. T. E. Hale, M.D.
27. 7th Regiment ... Private Matthew Hughes.
28. 7th Regiment ... Private William Norman.
29. 8th Regiment ... Ensign Andrew Moniham.
30. 19th Regiment ... Private Samuel Evans.
31. 19th Regiment ... Private John Lyons.
- 31 (A). 23rd Regiment ... Lieutenant Luke O'Connor.
32. 23th Regiment (late) ... Corporal Robert Shields.
33. 34th Regiment ... Private William Coffey.
34. 34th Regiment (late) ... Private John Sims.
35. 44th Regiment ... Sergeant William M'Wheency.
36. 49th Regiment (late) ... Sergeant George Walters.
37. 49th Regiment ... Corporal James Owens.
38. 97th Regiment ... Brevet-Major C. H. Lumley.
39. 97th Regiment ... Sergeant John Coleman.
40. Rifle Brigade, 1st Batt. ... Brev.-Maj. Hon. H. H. Clifford.
41. Rifle Brigade, 1st Batt. ... Private Francis Wheatley.
42. Rifle Brigade, 2nd Batt. ... Captain Wm. J. Cunninghame.
43. Rifle Brigade, 2nd Batt. ... Lieutenant John Knox.
44. Rifle Brigade, 2nd Batt. ... Private Roderick M'Gregor.

- 45. Rifle Brigade, 2nd Batt. ... Private Robert Humpston.
- 46. Rifle Brigade, 2nd Batt. ... Private Joseph Bradshaw.
- 47. Rifle Brigade, 3rd Batt. ... Brevet-Major G. T. Bouchier.

After the presentation of the Cross had been completed the decorated officers and men passed over to a point some fifty or sixty yards opposite Her Majesty, and the troops proceeded to march past between the Royal party and the wearers of the Cross. They first passed in slow time, the Cavalry and Artillery at a walk, and the Infantry at a slow step. The troops then marched past a second time, the Cavalry at a trot, the Infantry at the quick step, and, after one final rush of Cavalry and Artillery at a gallop, the troops re-formed in line, presented arms, and gave three cheers.

The Royal procession was then re-formed, and amidst the hearty cheers of her people the Queen left the ground, having added another to those good acts of womanly and queenly grace which have made her name loved and revered throughout the land.

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## NOMINAL LIST OF THE MEMBERS OF THE ORDER,

*As announced in the Gazette.*

*Feb. 24, 1857.*

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Royal Navy—Commander Cecil William Buckley.  
 „ Commander Hugh Talbot Burgoyne.  
 „ Gunner John Roberts.  
 „ Boatswain Henry Cooper.  
 „ Seaman Joseph Trewavas.  
 „ Boatswain Joseph Kellaway.  
 „ Commander George Fiott Day.  
 „ Commander John Edmund Commerell.  
 „ Quartermaster William Rickard.  
 „ Captain William Peel.  
 „ Midshipman Edward St. John Daniels.  
 „ Lieutenant William Nathaniel Wright Hewett.  
 „ Boatswain's Mate John Sullivan.  
 „ Boatswain John Sheppard.  
 „ Seamen Thomas Reeves.  
 „ „ James Gorman.  
 „ „ Mark Scholefield.  
 „ Commander Henry James Raby.  
 „ Captain of the Forecastle John Taylor.  
 „ Boatswain's Mate Henry Curtis.  
 „ Captain of the Mast George Ingoueville.  
 „ Commander John Bythesea.  
 „ Stoker William Johnstone.  
 „ Lieutenant Charles David Lucas.

- Royal Marine Artillery—Lieutenant George Dare Dowell.  
 „ Bombardier Thomas Wilkinson.  
 Royal Marines—Corporal John Prettyjohn.  
 2nd Dragoons—Sergeant-Major John Grieve.  
 4th Light Dragoons—Private Samuel Parkes.  
 11th Hussars—Lieutenant Alex. Robert Dunn.  
 17th Lancers—Troop Sergeant Major John Berryman.  
 Land Transport Corps—Captain Andrew Henry.  
 Royal Artillery—Brevet Lieutenant-Colonel Matthew Charles  
 Dixon.  
 „ Gunner and Driver Thomas Arthur.  
 Royal Engineers—Lieutenant Gerald Graham.  
 „ Lieutenant D. Lennox.  
 „ Corporal John Ross.  
 „ Corporal William J. Lendrim.  
 „ Sapper John Perie.  
 Grenadier Guards—Brevet-Major Sir Charles Russell, Bart.  
 „ Private Anthony Palmer.  
 „ Sergeant Alfred Ablett.  
 Coldstream Guards—Brevet-Major Gerald Littlehales Goodlake.  
 „ Private William Stanlock.  
 „ Private George Strong.  
 Scots Fusilier Guards—Brevet-Major Robert James Lindsay.  
 „ Sergeant M. Kechnie.  
 „ Private William Reynolds.  
 1st Foot—Private Joseph Prosser.  
 3rd Foot—Brevet Lieutenant Colonel Frederick Francis Maude.  
 „ Private John Connors.  
 7th Foot—Private Matthew Hughes.  
 „ Private William Norman.  
 8th Foot—Ensign Andrew Moynihan.  
 17th Foot—Corporal Philip Smith.  
 19th Foot—Private John Lyons.  
 23rd Foot—Brevet Lieutenant-Colonel Edw. W. D. Bell.

- 23rd Foot—Lieutenant Luke O'Connor.  
 „ Corporal Robert Shields.  
 34th Foot—Private William Coffey.  
 „ Private John J. Sims.  
 41st Foot—Brevet-Major Hugh Rowlands.  
 „ Sergeant-Major Ambrose Madden.  
 44th Foot—Sergeant William M'Wheeney.  
 47th Foot—Private John M'Dermond.  
 49th Foot—Sergeant George Walters.  
 „ Corporal James Owens.  
 55th Foot—Private Thomas Beach.  
 „ Brevet-Major Fred. C. Elton.  
 57th Foot—Private Charles M'Corrie.  
 68th Foot—Captain T. De Courcy Hamilton.  
 „ Private John Byrne.  
 77th Foot—Sergeant John Park.  
 „ Private Alex. Wright.  
 90th Foot—Private John Alexander.  
 97th Foot—Brevet-Major Charles Henry Lumley.  
 „ Serjeant John Coleman.  
 Rifle Brigade—Brevet-Major Hon. Henry H. Clifford.  
 „ Captain Wm. James Cuninghame.  
 „ Brevet-Major Claude Thomas Bouchier.  
 „ Private F. Wheatley.  
 „ Lieutenant John Knox.  
 „ Private R. M'Gregor.  
 „ Private Robert Humpston.  
 „ Private Joseph Bradshaw.

*May 5, 1857.*

- Grenadier Guards.—Colonel Hon. Henry Hugh Manvers Percy.  
 7th Foot.—Lieutenant Wm. Hope.  
 „ Assistant-Surgeon Thos. Egerton Hale, M.D.  
 Coldstream Guards (late 49th Foot)—Brevet-Major John  
 Augustus Conolly.

*June 23, 1857.*

4th Foot—Private Thomas Grady.

19th Foot—Private Samuel Evans.

Royal Artillery—Colonel Collingwood Dickson, C.B.

„ Captain Gronow Davis.

„ Sergeant Daniel Cambridge.

*September 25, 1857.*

Royal Artillery—Lieutenant Christopher Chas. Teesdale, C.B.

13th Light Dragoons—Sergeant Joseph Malone.

7th Foot—Captain Henry Mitchell Jones.

18th Foot—Captain Thomas Esmonde.

*November 18, 1857.*

17th Light Dragoons—Quartermaster-Sergeant John Farrell.

Military Train—Lieut. George Symons.

„ (late Scots Fusilier Guards)—Ensign and Adjutant James Craig.

23rd Foot—Assistant-Surgeon William Henry Thomas Sylvester, M.B.

*January 15, 1858.*

78th Foot—Lieutenant Joseph P. H. Crowe.

10th Foot—Lieutenant Henry Marshman Havelock.

9th Light Dragoons—Private Thomas Hancock.

„ Private John Purcell.

*April 24, 1858.*

Bengal Artillery—Lieutenant-Colonel Henry Tombs, C.B.

„ Lieutenant James Hills.

24th Bombay Native Infantry—Lieutenant Wm. Alexander Kerr.

Bengal Sappers and Miners—Sergeant John Smith.

52nd Foot—Bugler Robert Hawthorne.

„ Lance Corporal Henry Smith.

Bengal Horse Artillery—Sergeant Bernard Diamond.

„ Gunner Richard Fitzgerald.



*June 2, 1858.*

- 2nd Dragoons—Sergeant Henry Ramage.
- 3rd Foot—Brevet-Major Mark Walker.
- 57th Foot—Colour-Sergeant George Gardiner.
- 6th Dragoons—Surgeon James Mouat, C.B.
- Royal Engineers—2nd Captain Howard Craufurd Elphinstone.
- „ Colour-Sergeant Henry M'Donald.
- „ Colour-Sergeant Peter Leitch.

*June 18, 1858.*

- Royal Artillery—Captain Francis Cornwallis Maude.
- Bengal Artillery—Captain Wm. Olpherts.
- 78th Foot—Lieutenant Herbert Taylor Macpherson.
- „ Assistant-Surgeon Valentine Munbee M'Master.
- 84th Foot—Sergeant-Major George Lambert.
- 1st Madras Fusiliers—Sergeant Patrick Mahoney.
- 84th Foot—Lance-Corporal Abraham Boulger.
- „ Private Joel Holmes.
- 78th Foot—Private James Hollowell.
- 5th Foot—Private Peter M'Manus.
- 1st Madras Fusiliers—Private John Ryan.
- „ Private Thomas Duffy.
- 78th Foot—Private Henry Adard.
- 90th Foot—Surgeon Anthony Dickson Home.
- „ Assistant-Surgeon Wm. Bradshaw.
- Bengal Veterinary Establishment—Captain George Forrest.
- „ Captain William Raynor.
- Bengal Commissariat—Deputy Assistant-Commissary of Ordnance John Buckley.
- 2nd Dragoon Guards—Lieutenant Robert Blair.
- 9th Lancers—Lieutenant Alfred Stowell Jones.
- 2nd Punjaub Cavalry—Captain Dighton Macnaghten Probyn.
- 1st Punjaub Cavalry—Lieutenant John Watson.

*August 23, 1858.*

66th Bengal Native Infantry—Lieutenant John Adam Tytler.  
 37th Bengal Native Infantry—Sergeant-Major M. Rosamond.  
 Loodiana Regiment—Sergeant-Major Peter Gill.  
 42nd Foot—Colour-Sergeant William Gardner.

*September 3, 1858.*

4th Bengal Native Infantry—Lieutenant Frederick Robertson  
 Aikman.  
 Bengal Horse Artillery—Gunner William Connolly.

*October 26, 1858.*

13th Foot.—Private Patrick Carlin.  
 75th Foot.—Private Patrick Green.  
 Rifle Brigade—Private Same Shaw.  
 17th Lancers—Sergeant-Major Charles Wooden.

*December 24, 1858.*

Navy—Seaman Edward Robinson.  
 „ Boatswain's Mate John Harrison.  
 „ Lieutenant Nowell Salmon.  
 9th Lancers—Lance Corporal W. Goat,  
 „ Private R. Newell.  
 „ Troop-Sergeant Major Spence.  
 „ Troop-Sergeant Major Rushe.  
 53rd Foot—Lieutenant Alfred Kirke Ffrench.  
 „ Sergeant-Major Charles Pye.  
 „ Private J. Kenny.  
 „ Private C. Irwin.  
 60th Foot—Private V. Bambrick.  
 84th Foot—Private P. Mylott.  
 „ Captain the Hon. Augustus Henry Archibald  
 Anson.  
 „ Lance Corporal Sinnott.  
 90th Foot—Major John Christopher Guise.  
 „ Sergeant S. Hill.  
 „ Private P. Graham.

93rd Foot—Captain William George Drummond Stewart.

„ Sergeant J. Paton.

„ Lance Corporal J. Dunley.

„ Private D. Mackay.

„ Private P. Grant.

„ Lieutenant and Adjutant William M'Bean.

Rifle Brigade—Captain Henry Wilmott.

„ Corporal W. Nash.

„ Private David Hawks.

1st Madras Fusiliers—Private J. Smith.

Bengal Artillery—Lieutenant Hastings Edw. Harrington.

„ Rough Rider E. Jennings.

„ Gunner J. Park.

„ Gunner T. Laughnan.

„ Gunner H. M'Innes.

1st Bengal European Light Cavalry—Lieutenant Hugh Henry Gough.

Bengal Artillery—Lieutenant Fred. Sleigh Roberts.

9th Lancers—Private P. Donohoe.

„ Private J. Freeman.

„ Private J. R. Roberts.

„ Lance Corporal R. Kells.

14th Light Dragoons—Lieutenant James Leith.

13th Foot—Sergeant W. Napier.

75th Foot—Lieutenant Richard Wadson.

86th Foot—Lieutenant and Adjutant Hugh Stewart Cochrane.

90th Foot—Lieutenant and Adjutant William Rennie.

Bengal Engineers—Lieutenant John James M'Leod Innes.

Bengal Artillery—Bombardier J. Thomas.

1st European Bengal Fusiliers—Sergeant J. M'Guire.

„ „ Drummer M. Ryan.

*January 26, 1859.*

8th Hussars—Captain Clement Walker Heneago.

8th Hussars—Sergeant Joseph Ward.

„ Farrier George Hollis.

„ Private John Pearson.

*February 1, 1859.*

Navy—Lieutenant Thomas James Young.

„ Captain of the Foretop, Wm. Hall.

*April 12, 1859.*

23rd Foot—Lieutenant Thomas Bernard Hackett.

„ Private George Monger.

78th Foot—Colour-Sergeant Stewart M'Pherson.

64th Foot—Drummer Thomas Flinn.

Bengal Horse Artillery—Captain George Alexander Renny.

Bengal Army (unattached)—Ensign Patrick Roddy.

*May 6, 1859.*

Royal Artillery—Major Frederick Miller.

1st Bengal European Fusiliers—Lieutenant Thomas Adair Butler.

*May 27, 1859.*

Military Train—Private Michael Murphy.

42nd Foot—Lance-Corporal Alexander Thompson.

„ Quartermaster-Sergeant John Simpson.

„ Private James Davis.

*June 18, 1859.*

42nd Foot—Lieutenant Francis Edward Henry Farquharson.

„ Private Walter Cook.

„ Private Duncan Millar.

13th Bengal Native Infantry—Lieutenant William George Cubitt

26th Bengal Native Infantry—Lieutenant Hanson Chambers  
Taylor Jarrett.

1st Bengal Fusiliers—Private John M'Govern.

*July 6, 1859.*

Bengal Civil Service—Assistant Commissioner Thomas Henry  
Kavanagh.

„ Assistant Magistrate Ross Lewis Mangles.

*September 2, 1859*

78th Foot—Lieutenant Andrew Cathcart Bogle.

43rd Foot—Private Henry Addison.

*October 21, 1859.*

5th Bengal European Cavalry—Major Charles John Stanley Gough.

60th Bengal Native Infantry—Brevet-Captain Robert Haydon Shebbeare.

19th Madras Native Infantry—Captain Herbert Mackworth Clogstoun.

72nd Bengal Native Infantry—Lieutenant Harry Hammon Lyster.

Madras Engineers—Lieutenant Harry North Dalrymple Prendergast.

3rd Bombay European Regiment—Private Frederick Whirlpool.

*November 11, 1859.*

86th Foot—Captain Henry Edward Jerome.

72nd Foot—Lieutenant Aylmer Spicer Cameron.

Royal Engineers—Corporal Michael Sleavon.

Royal Artillery—Bombardier Joseph Brennan.

34th Foot—Private George Richardson.

95th Foot—Private Bernard M'Quirt.

86th Foot—Private James Byrne.

71st Foot—Private George Rodgers.

*November 21, 1859.*

32nd Foot—Lieutenant Samuel Hill Lawrence.

„ Corporal William Oxenham.

„ Private William Dowling.

*January 20, 1860.*

60th Foot—Lieutenant Alfred Spencer Heathcote.

8th Hussars—Troop Sergeant-Major James Champion.

60th Foot—Colour-Sergeant George Waller.

„ Colour-Sergeant Stephen Garvin.

60th Foot—Bugler William Sutton.

„ Private John Divane.

„ Private James Thompson.

„ Private Samuel Turner.

10th Foot—Private John Kirk.

*February 17, 1860.*

Bengal Civil Service—Magistrate William Fraser M'Donell.

56th Bengal Native Infantry—Captain William Martin Cafe.

1st European Bengal Fusiliers — Lieutenant Francis David Millett Brown.

10th Foot—Private Denis Dempsey.

*April 27, 1860.*

Indian Naval Brigade—Mr. George Bell Chicken.

*April 28, 1860.*

86th Foot—Private James Pearson.

*June 19, 1860.*

9th Lancers—Sergeant H. Hartigan.

5th Foot—Sergeant Robert Grant.

„ Sergeant Patrick M'Hale.

*August 3, 1860.*

Navy—Seaman William Odgers,

20th Bombay Native Infantry—Captain John Augustus Wood.

3rd Bombay Light Cavalry—Lieutenant and Adjutant Arthur Thomas Moore.

„ „ Lieutenant John Grant Malcolmson.

*August 7, 1860.*

Military Train—Private Samuel Morley.

*September 4, 1860.*

17th Light Dragoons—Lieutenant Henry Evelyn Wood.

*November 8, 1860.*

7th Hussars—Major Charles Craufurd Fraser.

78th Foot—Surgeon Joseph Jee, C.B.

93rd Foot—Colour-Sergeant James Munro.

*February 5, 1861.*

61st Foot—Surgeon Herbert Taylor Reade.

*March 1, 1861.*

2nd Bengal Native Infantry—Colonel James Travers.

46th Bengal Native Infantry — Lieutenant-Colonel Samuel James Browne, C.B.

*July 17, 1861.*

40th Foot—Colour-Sergeant John Lucas.

*August 13, 1861.*

44th Foot—Lieutenant Robert Montresor Rogers.

„ Private John M'Dougall.

67th Foot—Lieutenant Edmund Henry Lenon.

„ Lieutenant Nathaniel Burslem.

„ Private Thomas Lane.

„ Ensign John Worthy Chaplin.

Indian Medical Establishment—Hospital Apprentice Arthur Fitzgibbon.

*February 25, 1862.*

Bombay Artillery—Major Richard Harte Keatinge.

2nd Bombay Light Cavalry—Captain James Blair.

Bengal Police Battalion—Lieutenant Charles George Baker.

25th Bombay Light Infantry—Lieutenant William Francis Frederick Waller.

11th Bengal Native Infantry—Lieutenant John Charles Campbell Daunt.

53rd Foot—Sergeant Denis Dynon.

Ordnance Department, Bengal—Conductor James Miller.

Indian Navy—Midshipman Arthur Mayo.

*April 29, 1862.*

2nd European Bengal Fusiliers—Lieutenant Thomas Cadell.

Bengal Engineers—Lieutenant Edward Talbot Thackeray.

*June 21, 1862.*

32nd Foot—Captain Henry George Browne.

*November 11, 1862.*

75th Foot—Colour-Sergeant Cornelius Coghlan.

2nd Dragoon Guards—Private Charles Anderson.

” Trumpeter Thomas Monaghan.

*February 6, 1863.*

Navy—Seaman George Hinckley.

*April 16, 1863.*

13th Bengal Native Infantry—Lieutenant Robert Hope Moncrieff Aitken.

Bombay Engineers—Lieutenant Charles Augustus Goodfellow.

*January 16, 1864.*

65th Foot—Colour-Sergeant Edward M’Kenna.

” Lance Corporal John Ryan.

*July 16, 1864.*

4th Punjaub Infantry—Lieutenant Henry William Pitcher.

*July 26, 1864.*

Navy—Captain of the Foretop, Samuel Mitchell.

*August 16, 1864.*

107th Foot—Lieutenant-Colonel John Carstairs M’Neill.

*September 22, 1864.*

Royal Artillery—Assistant-Surgeon Wm. George Nicholas  
Manley,

” Assistant-Surgeon Wm. Temple.

” Lieutenant Arthur Frederick Pickard.

57th Foot—Ensign John Thornton Down.

” Drummer Dudley Stagpoole.

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## A

## NARRATIVE OF THE DEEDS OF VALOUR

PERFORMED BY THE

## MEMBERS OF THE ORDER.

## THE NAVY.

CECIL WILLIAM BUCKLEY, Commander.\*—Lord Lyons reports that—"Whilst serving as Junior Lieutenant of the *Miranda*, this officer landed in presence of a superior force, and set fire to the Russian stores at Genitchi;" and "he also performed a similar *desperate service* at Taganrog." The first service referred to occurred after the shelling of the town of Genitchi, on May 29, 1855. After mentioning that the stores were in a very favourable position for supplying the Russian army, and that therefore their destruction was of the utmost importance, Captain Lyons writes—"Lieutenant Cecil W. Buckley, Lieutenant Hugh T. Burgoyne, and Mr. John Roberts, gunner, volunteered to land alone, and fire the stores, which offer I accepted, knowing the imminent risk there would be in landing a party in presence of such a superior force, and out of gunshot of the ships. This very dangerous service they most gallantly performed, narrowly escaping the Cossacks, who all but cut them off from their boat." (Despatch from Admiral Lord Lyons, June 2, 1855, No. 419.) The second volunteer service was performed while the town of Taganrog was being bombarded by the boats of the fleet, and is thus recorded by

\* Now Captain.

Captain Lyons:—"Lieutenant Cecil Buckley, in a four-oared gig, accompanied by Mr. Henry Cooper, boatswain, and manned by volunteers, repeatedly landed and fired the different stores and government buildings. This dangerous, not to say desperate, service (carried out in a town containing upwards of 3,000 troops, constantly endeavouring to prevent it, and only checked by the fire of the boats' guns), was most effectually performed." (Despatch from Admiral Lord Lyons, June 6, 1855, No. 429.)

HUGH TALBOT BURGoyNE, Commander.\*—Lord Lyons writes:—"As Senior Lieutenant of the *Swallow*, this officer landed with Lieutenant Buckley, and Mr. J. Roberts, gunner, in presence of a superior force, and set fire to the stores at Genitchi, a service of *imminent risk*." (Despatch from Admiral Lord Lyons, June 2, 1855, No. 419.) N.B.—This service is described in the preceding notice of Lieutenant Buckley's services.

JOHN ROBERTS, Gunner.—This warrant officer landed with Lieutenants Buckley and Burgoyne at Genitchi, in presence of a superior force, and set fire to the stores, a service of *imminent risk*. (Despatch from Admiral Lord Lyons, June 2, 1855, No. 419.)

HENRY COOPER, Boatswain.—Performed the desperate service of landing at Taganrog, in presence of a large force, to set fire to the Government stores. See preceding memoir of Commander Buckley. (Admiral Lord Lyons' despatch, June 6, 1855, No. 429.)

JOSEPH TREWAVAS, Seaman.—"Particularly mentioned as having cut the hawsers of the floating bridge, in the Straits of Genitchi, under a heavy fire of musketry, on which occasion he

\* Now Captain.

was wounded." This service was performed by the crews of the Captain's gig and of one of the paddle-box boats of the *Beagle* under a heavy fire of musketry at about a distance of eighty yards; the beach being completely lined with troops, and the adjacent houses filled with riflemen. Joseph Trewavas is especially mentioned in the despatches as having been the person who cut the hawser. (Despatch from Admiral Lord Lyons of July 10, 1855, No. 546.)

JOSEPH KELLAWAY, Boatswain.—"Whilst boatswain of *Wrangler*, in the sea of Azoff, was taken prisoner after a *stout resistance*, whilst endeavouring to rescue Mr. Odevaine, mate." This gallant service was performed on shore near Marioupol. A detachment, consisting of Mr. Odevaine, mate, Mr. Kellaway, boatswain, and three seamen, had been despatched from the *Wrangler* to endeavour to burn some boats, fishing stations, and hay-stacks, on the opposite side of a small lake. They had nearly reached the spot when they were fired upon by a party of fifty Russian soldiers, who suddenly rushed from their ambush, and endeavoured to cut off their retreat. One man fell into the enemy's hands, but Mr. Kellaway, and the two other seamen, had contrived to make good their escape, when Mr. Odevaine accidentally fell. Mr. Kellaway, apparently imagining him to be wounded, without a moment's hesitation returned to his rescue, risking his own life to succour his Commanding Officer. Unfortunately, while lifting up Mr. Odevaine, they were surrounded by the enemy, and notwithstanding a gallant but hopeless resistance by Mr. Kellaway, they were both made prisoners. Commander Burgoyne, who has furnished these particulars, observes, "I was myself an observer of the zeal, gallantry, and self-devotion that characterised Mr. Kellaway's conduct." (Despatches from

Admiral Lord Lyons, of September 8, 1855, No. 746; and of September 22, 1855, No. 796.)

GEORGE FIOTT DAY, Commander.\*—With great enterprise and gallantry, landed, and successfully carried out a reconnoissance, within the enemy's lines at Genitchi. This service was performed by Commander Day, with a view of ascertaining the practicability of reaching the enemy's gun-vessels, which lay within the Straits of Genitchi, close to the town. It was performed by Commander Day alone, on a dark but fine night, with the assistance of a pocket compass. After traversing four or five miles of low swampy ground, occasionally up to his knees in water, he at length advanced to within about 200 yards of the vessels. From the perfect silence on board them it was his conviction that they were without crews, and when he returned it was with the full impression that the expedition was a feasible one. This opinion, however, he was induced to change on the following day, in consequence of the increasing activity which was apparent in the direction of the vessels, and, therefore, he determined on making a second visit to the spot. On this occasion the night was a squally one, and the journey longer and more difficult than before. On reaching the spot, finding the vessels manned and their crews apparently on the alert, he decided that any attempt to surprise them was out of the question. (Despatch from Admiral Lord Lyons, October 9, 1855, No. 844.) N.B.—It was while attempting a reconnoissance on the same ground that Captain L'Allemand, of the French steam-vessel *Mouette*, lost his life.

JOHN EDMUND COMMERELL, Commander.\*—"When commanding *Weser*, in the sea of Azoff, crossed the Isthmus

\* Now Captain.

of Arabat, and destroyed large quantities of forage on the Crimean shore of the Sivash." This enterprise was performed by Commander Commerell, at night, accompanied by William Rickard, Quartermaster, and George Milestone, A.B. Having hauled their small boat across the Spit of Arabat, they traversed the Sivash to the Crimean shore of the Putrid Sea. The magazine of corn, of which they were in search, lay about two miles and a half off, and to reach it they had to ford two rivers, the Kara-su and the Salghir. The forage and corn, amounting to 400 tons, were stacked on the banks of the latter river, in the vicinity of a guard-house, and close to from twenty to thirty mounted Cossacks, who were encamped in the neighbouring village. Commander Commerell and his two companions contrived to ignite the stacks, the rapid blazing of which alarmed the guard, who pursued them to the shore with a heavy fire of musketry, and very nearly succeeded in taking them prisoners. (Despatch from Admiral Lord Lyons, November 6, 1855, No. 899.)

WILLIAM RICKARD, Quartermaster.—“Accompanied his Commander, Lieutenant Commerell, of the *Weser*, to the Crimean shore of the Sivash, and whilst under a heavy fire of musketry, remained to assist George Milestone, who had fallen.” (Despatch from Admiral Lord Lyons, November 6, 1855, No. 899.) The service performed by William Rickard is thus described by Commander Commerell in his despatch:—“I must bring to your notice the excellent conduct of the small party who accompanied me, more especially that of William Rickard, quartermaster, who though much fatigued himself, remained to assist the other seaman, who, from exhaustion, had fallen in the mud, and was unable to extricate himself, notwithstanding the enemy were keeping up a heavy fire on us, at the distance of thirty or forty yards, as we crossed the mud.”

**WILLIAM PEEL, Captain.\***—Sir Stephen Lushington recommends this officer:—1. For having on October 18, 1854, at the greatest possible risk, taken up a live shell, the fuze still burning, from among several powder cases outside the magazine, and thrown it over the parapet (the shell bursting as it left his hands), thereby saving the magazines, and the lives of those immediately round it. (Despatch from Sir S. Lushington enclosed in letter from Admiral Lord Lyons, May 10, 1856.) 2. On November 5, 1854, at the battle of Inkermann, for joining the officers of the Grenadier Guards, and assisting in defending the colours of that Regiment when hard pressed at the Sandbag Battery. (Sir S. Lushington is authorised to make this statement by the Lieutenant-General commanding the Division. His Royal Highness the Duke of Cambridge, who is ready to bear testimony to the fact.) 3. On June 18, 1855, for volunteering to lead the ladder party at the assault on the Redan, and carrying the first ladder until wounded.

**EDWARD ST. JOHN DANIELS, Midshipman.**—Sir Stephen Lushington recommends this officer:—1. For answering a call for volunteers to bring in powder to the battery, from a waggon in a very exposed position under a destructive fire, a shot having disabled the horses. (This was reported by Captain Peel, commanding the battery at the time.) 2. For accompanying Captain Peel at the battle of Inkermann as aide-de-camp. 3. For devotion to his leader, Captain Peel, on June 18, 1855, in tying a tourniquet on his arm on the glacis of the Redan, whilst exposed to a very heavy fire. (Despatch from Sir S. Lushington, enclosed in letter from Admiral Lord Lyons, May 10 1856.)

\* Died April 27, 1858.

**WILLIAM NATHAN WRIGHT HEWETT, Lieutenant\*.**—1. On the occasion of a repulse of a sortie of Russians by Sir De Lacy Evans's Division, on October 26, 1854, Mr. Hewett, then Acting Mate of Her Majesty's ship *Beagle*, was in charge of the right Lancaster battery before Sebastopol. The advance of the Russians placed the gun in great jeopardy, their skirmishers advancing within 300 yards of the battery, and pouring in a sharp fire from their minie rifles. By some misapprehension the word was passed to spike the gun and retreat; but Mr. Hewett, taking upon himself the responsibility of disregarding the order, replied that such order did not come from Captain Lushington, and he would not do it till it did. Mr. Hewett then pulled down the parapet of the battery, and, with the assistance of some soldiers, got his gun round, and poured upon the advancing column of Russians a most destructive and effective fire. For the gallantry exhibited on this occasion the Board of Admiralty promoted him to the rank of Lieutenant. 2. On November 5, 1854, at the battle of Inkermann, Captain Lushington again brought before the Commander-in-Chief the services of Mr. Hewett, saying, "I have much pleasure in again bringing Mr. Hewett's gallant conduct to your notice." (Sir S. Lushington to Vice-Admiral Sir. J. D. Dundas, enclosed in despatches of November 1, 1854, and November 8, 1854.)

**JOHN SULLIVAN, Boatswain's Mate.**—Recommended by Sir S. Lushington, "For having on or about April 10, 1855, deliberately placed a flag on a mould, in a very exposed position, under a heavy fire, to enable battery No. 5 to open fire upon a concealed Russian battery that was doing great execution on one of our advanced works." This was reported by Commander Kennedy, commanding the battery. Commander

\* Now Captain.

Kennedy speaks of this act in high terms of praise, and observes that John Sullivan's "gallantry was always conspicuous." (Despatches from Admiral Lord Lyons, December 5, 1855, and May 10, 1856.)

JOHN SHEPPARD, Boatswain.—Recommended by Captain Keppel, for on July 15, 1855, while serving as boatswain's mate of the *St. Jean d'Acre* (attached to the Naval Brigade) proceeding in a punt with an exploding apparatus into the harbour of Sebastopol, to endeavour to blow up one of the Russian line-of-battle ships. This service, which was twice attempted, is described by Lord Lyons "as a bold one, and gallantly executed." On the first occasion Mr. Sheppard proceeded past the enemy's steamboats at the entrance of Careening Bay, but was prevented penetrating further by the long string of boats that were carrying troops from the south to the north side of Sebastopol. The second attempt was made on August 16, from the side of Careening Bay, in the possession of the French. (Despatches from Captain Hon. H. Keppel in Admiral Lord Lyons' letter, May 10, 1856, and Admiral Lord Lyons, October 4, 1855.)

THOMAS REEVES, JAMES GORMAN, MARK SCHOLEFIELD, Seamen.—At the battle of Inkermann, November 5, 1854, when the right Lancaster Battery was attacked, these three seamen mounted the banquette, and, under a heavy fire, made use of the disabled soldiers' muskets, which were loaded for them by others under the parapet. They are the survivors of five who performed the above action. (Letter from Sir S. Lushington, June 7, 1856.)

HENRY JAMES RABY, Commander,\* JOHN TAYLOR, Captain

\* Now Captain.



of the Forecastle; HENRY CURTIS, Boatswain's Mate.—On June 18, 1855, immediately after the assault on Sebastopol, a soldier of the 57th Regiment, who had been shot through both legs, was observed sitting up and calling for assistance. Climbing over the breastwork of the advancing sap, Commander Raby and the two seamen proceeded upwards of seventy yards across the open space towards the salient angle of the Redan, and, in spite of the heavy fire which was still continuing, succeeded in carrying the wounded soldier to a place of safety, at the imminent risk of their own lives. (Letter from Sir S. Lushington, June 7, 1856.)

GEORGE INGOUVILLE, Captain of the Mast.—On July 13, 1855, while the boats of the *Arrogant* were engaged with the enemy's gun-boats and batteries off Viborg, her second cutter was swamped by the blowing up of her magazine, and drifted under a battery. Notwithstanding that he was wounded in the arm, and that the boat was under a very heavy fire, Ingouville, without any order to do so, jumped overboard, caught hold of her painter, and saved her. (Despatches from Captain Yelverton, November 18, 1855, and Rear-Admiral Hon. Sir R. T. Dundas, December 12, 1855, No. 759.)

JOHN BYTHESEA, Commander.\*—On August 9, 1854, having ascertained that an aide-de-camp of the Emperor of Russia had landed on the Island of Wardo, in charge of a mail and despatches for the Russian General, Commander Bythesea obtained permission for himself and William Johnstone, a stoker, to proceed on shore with the view to intercept them. Being disguised and well armed, they concealed them-

\* Now Captain.

selves till the night of the 12th, when the mail bags were landed, close to the spot where they lay secreted in the bushes. The mails were accompanied by a military escort, which passed close to them, and which, as soon as it was ascertained that the road was clear, took its departure. Availing themselves of this opportunity, Commander Bythesea and the stoker attacked the five men in charge of the mail, took three of them prisoners, and brought them in their own boat on board the *Arrogant*. The despatches were carried to General Baraguay d'Hilliers, who expressed himself in the highest terms of approval. (Despatch from Captain Yelverton, enclosed in a letter from Vice-Admiral Sir C. Napier, January 31, 1856.)

WILLIAM JOHNSTONE, stoker.—This person was the companion of Commander Bythesea in that officer's enterprise mentioned above. (Despatch from Captain Yelverton, enclosed in a letter from Vice-Admiral Sir C. Napier, January 14, 1856.)

CHARLES D. LUCAS, Lieutenant.\*—This officer was promoted to his present rank on June 21, 1854, for his gallantry in throwing overboard a live shell, at the first attack on the batteries of Bomarsund. Captain Hall writes to Sir C. Napier:—"With regard to Mr. Lucas, I have the pleasure to report a remarkable instance of coolness and presence of mind in action, he having taken up, and thrown overboard, a live shell thrown on board the *Hecle* by the enemy, while the fuze was burning." (Letter of Captain Hall to Sir C. Napier, June 22, 1854.) Sir Charles Napier, in forwarding Captain Hall's letter, remarks:—"Their Lordships will observe, in Captain Hall's letter, the great courage of Mr. C. D. Lucas, in taking up a live shell and throwing it overboard; and I trust

\* Now Commander.

their Lordships will mark their sense of it by promoting him." (Sir C. Napier to Secretary of Admiralty, June 28, 1854.)

EDWARD ROBINSON, A.B.; date of act of bravery, 13th March, 1858. For conspicuous bravery in having at Lucknow, on the 13th of March, 1858, under a heavy musketry fire, within fifty yards, jumped on the sand bags of a battery, and extinguished a fire among them. He was dangerously wounded in performing this service.

Boatswain's Mate JOHN HARRISON and Lieutenant NOWELL SALMON.\*—Date of act of bravery, 16th November, 1857. For conspicuous gallantry at Lucknow, on the 16th of November, 1857, in climbing up a tree touching the angle of the Shah Nujjiff, to reply to the fire of the enemy, for which most dangerous service the late Captain Peel, K.C.B., had called for volunteers.

Lieutenant THOMAS JAMES YOUNG,† late Gunnery Officer of H.M.S. *Shannon*; Captain of the Foretop of H.M.S. *Shannon* WILLIAM HALL.—Recommended by the late Captain Peel for their gallant conduct at a 24-pounder gun, brought up to the angle of the Shah Nujjiff at Lucknow on the 16th November, 1857.

WILLIAM ODGERS leading Seamen of H.M.S. *Niger*. On the 28th March, 1860, William Odgers, displayed conspicuous gallantry at the storming of a pass during operations against the rebel natives in New Zealand, having been the first to enter it under a heavy fire, and having assisted in hauling down the enemy's colours.

GEORGE HINCKLEY, able Seaman of H.M. sloop *Sphinx*, for volunteering while under the east gate of the city of Fung

Now Captain.

† Now Commander.

Wha to carry to a joss house one hundred and fifty yards distant, under a heavy and continuous fire of musketry, gingalls, and stink-pots, Mr. Coker, Masters Assistant of the *Sphinx*, who had been wounded in the advance to the gate, in which object Hinckley succeeded. On his return to the gate under a similar fire he again volunteered, and succeeded in carrying to the joss house Mr. Bremen, an officer of Ward's forces, who had also been wounded in the advance on the gate, and he again returned to his post under the gate.

SAMUEL MITCHELL, captain of the foretop of H.M.S. *Harrier*.—For his gallant conduct at the attack of Te Papa, Tauranga, on the 29th of April last, in entering the pah with Commander Hay, and when that officer was mortally wounded, bringing him out, although ordered by Commander Hay to leave him and seek his own safety. This man was at the time captain of the foretop of the *Harrier*, doing duty as captain's coxwain; and Commodore Sir William Wiseman brings his name to special notice for this act of gallantry.

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## THE ARMY.

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The 2nd Dragoon Guards.

Lieutenant ROBERT BLAIR.\*—Date of act of bravery, 28th September, 1857. "A most gallant feat was here performed by Lieutenant Blair, who was ordered to take a party of one sergeant and twelve men, and bring in a deserted ammunition waggon. As his party approached, a body of fifty or sixty of the enemy's horse came down upon him from a village, where they had remained unobserved; without a moment's hesitation he formed up his men, and regardless of the odds, gallantly led them on, dashing through the rebels. He made good his retreat without losing a man, leaving nine of them dead on the field. Of these he killed four himself; but, to my regret, after having run a native officer through the body with his sword, he was severely wounded, the joint of his shoulder being nearly severed." (Despatch from Major-General James Hope Grant, K.C.B., dated 10th January, 1858.)

No. 875. Corporal CHARLES ANDERSON.† No. 1158, Trumpeter THOMAS MONAGHAN.—Date of acts of bravery, October 8th, 1858.—For saving the life of Lieutenant-Colonel Seymour, C.B., commanding the regiment, in an attack made on him on the 8th of October, 1858, by mutinous sepoys, in a dense jungle of sugar-canes, from which an attempt was made to dislodge them. The mutineers were between thirty and forty in number. They suddenly

\* Afterwards Captain.

† Then Private.

opened fire on Lieutenant-Colonel Seymour and his party at a few yards distance, and immediately afterwards rushed in upon them with drawn (native) swords. Pistolling a man, cutting at him, and emptying with deadly effect at arm's length every barrel of his revolver, Lieutenant-Colonel Seymour was cut down by two sword cuts, when the two men above recommended rushed to his rescue, and the Trumpeter shooting a man with his pistol in the act of cutting at him, and both Trumpeter and Dragoon driving at the enemy with their swords, enabled him to arise and assist in defending himself again, when the whole of the enemy were dispatched. The occurrence took place soon after the action fought near Sundeela, Oudh, on the date above mentioned.

#### **The 2nd Dragoons.**

Serjeant-Major (No. 774) JOHN GRIEVE.—Saved the life of an officer, in the heavy cavalry charge at Balaklava, who was surrounded by Russian cavalry, by his gallant conduct in riding up to his rescue and cutting off the head of one Russian, disabling and dispersing the others.

Sergeant HENRY RAMAGE. Date of act of bravery, Oct. 26, 1854.—For having at the battle of Balaklava galloped out to the assistance of Private M'Pherson, of the same regiment, on perceiving him surrounded by seven Russians, when by his gallantry he dispersed the enemy and saved his comrade's life ; for having, on the same day, when the Heavy Brigade was rallying, and the enemy retiring, finding his horse would not leave the ranks, dismounted and brought in a prisoner from the Russian lines ; also for having dismounted on the same day, when the Heavy

Brigade was covering the retreat of the Light Cavalry, and lifted from his horse Private Gardiner, who was disabled from a severe fracture of the leg by a round shot. Sergeant Ramage then carried him to the rear from under a very heavy cross fire, thereby saving his life, the spot where he must inevitably have fallen having been immediately afterwards covered by the Russian cavalry.

#### **The 4th Light Dragoons.**

Private (No. 635) SAMUEL PARKES.—In the charge of the Light Cavalry brigade at Balaklava, Trumpet-Major Crawford's horse fell, and dismounted him, and he lost his sword; he was attacked by two Cossacks, when Private Samuel Parkes (whose horse had been shot) saved his life by placing himself between them and the trumpet-major, and drove them away by his sword. In attempting to follow the light cavalry brigade in the retreat, they were attacked by six Russians, whom Parkes kept at bay, and retired slowly, fighting, and defending the trumpet-major for some time, until deprived of his sword by a shot.

#### **The 6th Dragoons.**

Surgeon JAMES MOUAT, C.B.\* Date of act of bravery, 26th October, 1854.—For having voluntarily proceeded to the assistance of Lieutenant-Colonel Morris, C.B., 17th Lancers, who was lying dangerously wounded in an exposed situation after the retreat of the Light Cavalry, at the battle of Balaklava, and having dressed that officer's wounds in the presence and under a heavy fire of the enemy. Thus by stopping a serious hemorrhage, he assisted in saving that officer's life.

\* Now Deputy Inspector-General on the Medical Staff in New Zealand.

**The 7th Hussars.**

Major CHARLES CRAUFURD FRASER.\*—For conspicuous and cool gallantry, on the 31st Dec., 1858, in having volunteered, at great personal risk, and under a sharp fire of musketry, to swim to the rescue of Captain Stisted, and some men of the 7th Hussars, who were in imminent danger of being drowned in the River Raptée, while in pursuit of the rebels. Major Fraser succeeded in this gallant service, although at the time partially disabled, not having recovered from a severe wound received while leading a squadron in a charge against some fanatics, in the action of Nawabgunge, on the 13th June, 1858.

Cornet WILLIAM GEORGE HAWTREY BANKS, upon whom the Commander-in-Chief in India has reported that the decoration of the Victoria Cross had been provisionally conferred, for conspicuous gallantry in thrice charging a body of infuriated fanatics, who had rushed on the guns employed in shelling a small mud fort in the vicinity of Moosso-Bagh, Lucknow, on the 19th March, 1858,—of the wounds received on which occasion he subsequently died,—would have been recommended to her Majesty for confirmation in that distinction had he survived.

**The 8th Hussars.**

Captain CLEMENT WALTER HENEAGE,†—No. 1584, Sergeant

\* Now Lieutenant-Colonel 11th Hussars. Lieutenant-Colonel Fraser served as Orderly Officer to Brigadier Campbell at the affair of Munseata near Allahabad, on the 5th January, 1858, and subsequently with the 7th Hussars in the Indian campaign from February to July, 1858, and from December, 1858, to March, 1859, and was present at the affair of Meengunge, siege and capture of Lucknow, affairs of Barree and Sirsee, action of Nawabgunge (severely wounded), throughout the Trans-Gogra campaign, including the affair near Churda and pursuit, taking the fort of Meejeedia, attack on Bankee with pursuit to the Raptée, advance into Nepaul and affair at Sitkagha (twice mentioned in despatches, Brevet of Major, medal and clasp).—*Hart*.

† Now Major. Major Heneage served the Eastern campaign of 1854-55



**JOSEPH WARD**,—No. 1298, Farrier **GEORGE HORNS**, and No. 861, Private **JOHN PEARSON**. Date of act of bravery, 17th June, 1858. Selected for the Victoria Cross by their companies in the gallant charge made by a squadron of the regiment at Gwalior, on the 17th June, 1858, when, supported by a division of the Bombay Horse Artillery and Her Majesty's 95th Regiment, they routed the enemy, who were advancing against Brigadier Smith's position, charged through the rebel camp into two batteries, capturing and bringing into their camp two of the enemy's guns, under a heavy and converging fire from the fort and town.—(Field Force Orders by Major-General Sir Hugh Henry Rose, G.C.B., commanding Central India Field Force, dated Camp, Gwalior, 28th June, 1858.)

Troop Sergeant-Major **JAMES CHAMPION**.—For distinguished bravery at Beejapore on September 8th, 1858, when both the officers attached to the troop were disabled, and himself severely wounded at the commencement of the action by a ball through his body, in having continued at his duty forward throughout the pursuit, and disabled several of the enemy with his pistol. Also recommended for distinguished conduct at Gwalior.

#### **The 9th Lancers.**

Privates **THOMAS HANCOCK** and **JOHN PURCELL**.—"The guns, I am happy to say, were saved; but a waggon of Major

including the battles of Alma, Balaklava, and Inkermann, siege of Sebastopol, and expedition to Kertch (medal and four clasps, and Turkish medal). Served in Rajpootana and Central India in 1858-59, and was present at the capture of Kotah, re-occupation of Chundaree, battle of Kotah ke Serai, captures of Gwalior and Powree, battle of Sindwaho, and actions of Koorwye and Naharghur; at Gwalior he commanded a squadron of the 8th Hussars, which made a sudden and successful attack upon the enemy's camp in which the Rancee of Jhansee was killed and several guns captured (Brevet Major, medal and clasp).—*Hurt*.

Scott's battery was blown up. I must not fail to mention the excellent conduct of a Sowar of the 4th Irregular Cavalry and two men of the 9th Lancers, Privates Thomas Hancock and John Purcell, who when my horse was shot down remained by me throughout. One of these men and the Sowar offered me their horses, and I was dragged out by the Sowar's horse. Private Hancock was severely wounded and Private Purcell's horse was killed under him. The Sowar's name is Roopur Khan."—(Extract of a letter from Brigadier J. H. Grant, C.B., Commanding Cavalry Brigade of the Field Force, to the Deputy-Assistant Adjutant-General of Division. Dated, Camp, Delhi, 22nd June, 1857.)

Lieutenant ALFRED STOWELL JONES.\*—Date of act of bravery, 8th June, 1857.—The cavalry charged the rebels and rode through them. Lieutenant Jones, of the 9th Lancers, with his squadron, captured one of their guns, killing the drivers, and, with Lieutenant-Colonel Yule's assistance, turned it upon a village occupied by the rebels, who were quickly dislodged. This was a well-conceived act, gallantly executed.—(Despatch from Major-General James Hope Grant, K.C.B., dated 10th January, 1858.)

Lance-Corporal W. GOAT.—Date of act of bravery, 6th March, 1858.—For conspicuous gallantry at Lucknow, on the 6th March, 1858, in having dismounted, in the presence

\* Now Brevet-Major, Captain 13th Foot, and Deputy Assistant Quartermaster-General at the Cape of Good Hope. Major Jones was present at the battle of Budlekeserai and at Delhi throughout the siege operations, including the assault and capture of the city, having been D.A.Q.M.G. to the Cavalry Brigade from 8th August to 23rd September, 1857. Served with the 8th Lancers in Greathed's pursuing column, and was present in the actions of Bolundshuhur and Allyghur, and battle of Agra, where he was dangerously wounded, having received a musket-shot wound and twenty-two sabre cuts. He was mentioned in the despatches of Sir Hope Grant on three different occasions (medal and clasp, and Brevet of Major).—*Ibid.*

of a number of the enemy, and taken up the body of Major Smyth, 2nd Dragoon Guards, which he attempted to bring off the field, and after being obliged to relinquish it, being surrounded by the enemy's cavalry, he went a second time under a heavy fire, to recover the body.—(Despatch from Major-General Sir James Hope Grant, K.C.B., dated 8th April, 1858.)

Private R. NEWELL.—Date of act of bravery, 19th March, 1858.—For conspicuous gallantry at Lucknow, on the 19th of March, 1858, in going to the assistance of a comrade whose horse had fallen on bad ground, and bringing him away, under a heavy fire of musketry from a large body of the enemy.—(Despatch from Major-General Sir James Hope Grant, K.C.B., dated 8th April, 1858.)

Troop Sergeant-Major SPENCE.—Date of act of bravery, 17th January, 1858.—For conspicuous gallantry on the 17th of January, 1858, at Shumsabad, in going to the assistance of Private Kidd, who had been wounded, and his horse disabled, and bringing him out from a large number of rebels.—(Despatch from Major-General Sir James Hope Grant, K.C.B., dated 8th April, 1858.)

Troop Sergeant-Major RUSHE.—Date of act of bravery, 10th March, 1858.—For conspicuous bravery near Lucknow, on the 19th of March, 1858, in having, in company with one other private of the troop, attacked eight of the enemy, who had posted themselves in a nullah, and killed three of them.—(Despatch from Major-General Sir James Hope Grant, K.C.B., dated 8th April, 1858.)

Private P. DONOHUE.—Date of act of bravery, 28th September, 1857.—For having, at Bolundshuhur, on the 28th of

September, 1857, gone to the support of Lieutenant Blair, who had been severely wounded, and with a few other men brought that officer in safety through a large body of the enemy's cavalry.—(Despatch from Major-General Sir James Hope Grant, K.C.B., dated 8th April, 1858.)

Private J. FREEMAN.—Date of act of bravery, 10th October, 1857.—For conspicuous gallantry on the 10th of October, 1857, at Agra, in having gone to the assistance of Lieut. Jones, who had been shot, killing the leader of the enemy's cavalry, and defending Lieutenant Jones against several of the enemy.—(Despatch from Major-General Sir James Hope Grant, K.C.B., dated 8th April, 1858.)

Private J. R. ROBERTS.—Date of act of bravery, 28th September, 1857.—For conspicuous gallantry at Bolundshuhur, on the 28th September, 1857, in bringing a comrade, mortally wounded, through a street under a heavy musketry fire, in which service he was himself wounded.—(Despatch from Major-General Sir James Hope Grant, K.C.B., dated 8th April, 1858.)

Lance-Corporal R. KELLS.—Date of act of bravery, 28th September, 1857.—For conspicuous bravery at Bolundshuhur, on the 28th of September, 1857, in defending, against a number of the enemy, his commanding officer, Captain Drysdale, who was lying in a street with his collar-bone broken, his horse having been disabled by a shot, and remaining with him until out of danger.—(Despatch from Major-General Sir James Hope Grant, K.C.B., dated 8th April, 1858.)

Pensioned Sergeant H. HARTIGAN.—For daring and distinguished gallantry in the following instances :—At the battle

of Budle-ke-Serai, near Delhi, on June 8, 1857, in going to the assistance of Sergeant H. Helstone, who was wounded, dismounted, and surrounded by the enemy, and at the risk of his own life carrying him to the rear. On Oct. 10, 1857, at Agra, in having run unarmed to the assistance of Sergeant Crews, who was attacked by four rebels. Hartigan caught a tulwar with his right hand from one of them, and with the other hit him on the mouth, and then defending himself against the other three, killing one and wounding two, when he was himself disabled from service by severe and dangerous wounds.

#### **The 11th Hussars.**

Lieutenant ALEXANDER ROBERT DUNN.\*—For having in the light cavalry charge of the 25th October, 1854, saved the life of Sergeant-Major Bentley, 11th Hussars, by cutting down two or three Russian Lancers who were attacking him from the rear, and afterwards cutting down a Russian hussar, who was attacking Private Levett, 11th Hussars.

#### **The 13th Hussars.**

Sergeant JOSEPH MALONE.—Date of act of bravery, 25th October, 1854.—For having stopped under a very heavy fire to take charge of Captain Webb, 17th Lancers, until others arrived to assist him in removing that officer, who was, as it afterwards proved, mortally wounded. Sergeant Malone performed this act of bravery while returning on foot from the charge at the battle of Balaclava, in which his horse had been shot.

\* Now Lieutenant-Colonel 100th Foot, Malta. Lieutenant-Colonel Dunn, as a Lieutenant in the 11th Hussars, served the Eastern campaign of 1854, including the battles of Alma, Balaklava, and Inkermann, and siege of Sebastopol (medal and clasps, Turkish medal).—*Ibid.*

**The 14th Hussars.**

Lieutenant JAMES LEITH.\*—Date of act of bravery, April 1st, 1858.—For conspicuous bravery at Betwah, on the 1st of April, 1858, in having charged alone, and rescued Captain Need, of the same regiment, when surrounded by a large number of rebel infantry.—(Despatch from Major-General Sir Hugh Henry Rose, G.C.B., dated 28th April, 1858.)

**The 17th Lancers.**

Troop Sergeant-Major JOHN BERRYMAN.—Served with his regiment the whole of the Crimean war, was present at the battle of the Alma, and also engaged in the pursuit of Mackenzie's farm, where he succeeded in capturing three Russian prisoners, when they were within reach of their own guns. Was present and charged at the battle of Balaklava, where his horse being shot under him, he stopped on the field with a wounded officer (Captain Webb) amidst a shower of shot and shell, although repeatedly told by that officer to consult his own safety, and leave him, but he refused to do so, and on Sergeant John Farrell coming by, with his assistance, carried Captain Webb out of range of the guns. He has also a clasp for Inkerman.

Quartermaster-Sergeant JOHN FARRELL.—Date of act of bravery, 25th October, 1854.—For having remained, amidst a shower of shot and shell, with Captain Webb, who was

\* Now Brevet Lieutenant-Colonel, h.p., 2nd Dragoons. Lieutenant-Colonel Leith served with the 14th Light Dragoons in the Persian expedition of 1857 (medal). Also at the suppression of the mutiny at Aurungabad; with the Malwa field force at the siege and capture of Dhar, actions before Mundesore (wounded), battle of Gooravia, and relief of Neemuch; with the Central India field force under Sir Hugh Rose at the siege and capture of Rahutghur, relief of Saugor, capture of Gurrakota, and pursuit across the Beas, forcing the Muddenpore pass, siege and capture of Jhansi, battles of the Betwa and Koonch, and all the affairs during the advance on Calpee (twice mentioned in despatches, Brevet of Major, and medal).—*Ibid.*

severely wounded, and whom he and Sergeant-Major Berryman had carried as far as the pain of his wounds would allow, until a stretcher was procured, when he assisted the sergeant-major and a private of the 13th Light Dragoons (Malone) to carry that officer off the field. This took place on the 25th of October, 1854, after the charge of the battle of Balaklava, in which Farrell's horse was killed under him.

Sergeant-Major CHARLES WOODEN.—Date of act of bravery, October 26, 1854.—For having, after the retreat of the light cavalry, at the battle of Balaclava, been instrumental, together with Dr. James Mouat, C.B., in saving the life of Lieutenant-Colonel Morris, C.B., of the 17th Lancers, by proceeding, under a heavy fire, to his assistance, when he was lying very dangerously wounded in an exposed situation.

Lieutenant HENRY EVELYN WOOD.\*—For having on the 19th of October, 1858, during an action at Sindwaho, when in command of a troop of the 3rd Light Cavalry, attacked with much gallantry, almost single-handed, a body of rebels who had made a stand, whom he routed; also for having subsequently, near Sindhora, gallantly advanced with a Duffadar and Sowar of Beatson's Horse, and rescued from a band of robbers a Potal, Chemum Singh, whom they had captured and carried off to the Jungles, where they intended to hang him.

\* Now Brevet-Major, and Captain 73rd Foot. Major Wood entered the Navy in April, 1852, and served in the Naval Brigade as aide-de-camp to Captain Peel from 1st October, 1854, to 18th June, 1855, when he was severely wounded carrying up scaling ladders to the Redan; mentioned in Lord Raglan's despatches (medal with two clasps, Knight of the Legion of Honour, 5th class of the Medjidie, and Turkish medal). Served in the Indian campaign of 1858 as Brigade Major in Somerset's Brigade, and was present at Rajghur, Sindwaho (mentioned in General Michel's despatch), Kharee, and Burode—mentioned in despatches (medal). Employed in 1859-60, while commanding 1st Regiment Beatson's Horse, in hunting down rebels in the Seronge Jungles; thanked by the Government of India for an attack made on a band in December, 1859.—*Ibid.*

### The Royal Artillery.

Brevet Lieutenant-Colonel MATTHEW CHARLES DIXON.\*—

On the 17th April, 1855, about 2 p.m., when the battery he commanded was blown up by a shell from the enemy, which burst in the magazine, destroyed the parapets, killed and wounded ten men, disabled five guns, and covered a sixth with earth; for most gallantly re-opening fire with the remaining gun before the enemy had ceased cheering from their parapets (on which they had mounted) and fighting it until sunset, despite the concentrated fire of the enemy's batteries, and the ruined state of his own.

Gunner and Driver THOMAS ARTHUR.—When in charge of the magazine in one of the left advanced batteries of the right attack on the 7th June, 1855, when the quarries were taken, he, of his own accord, carried barrels of Infantry ammunition for the 7th Fusiliers several times during the evening across the open. Volunteered for, and formed one of the spiking party of Artillery at the assault on the Redan on the 18th June, 1855.

Colonel COLLINGWOOD DICKSON,† C.B.—Date of act of bravery, October 17th, 1854.—For having on October 17th,

\* Now Brevet-Colonel. Colonel Dixon served in the Eastern campaign in 1855, in the trenches with the siege train before Sebastopol, and at the bombardments of April, and 6th and 17th June (medal and clasp, Brevets of Major and Lieutenant-Colonel, Knight of the Legion of Honour, 5th class of the Medjidie, and Turkish medal).—*Ibid.*

† Colonel Dickson served on the staff of Lord Raglan during the campaign of 1854-55, and was present at the affairs of Bulganac and M'Kenzie's Farm, the battles of Alma and Inkermann, capture of Balaklava, expedition to Kertch, and siege of Sebastopol (wounded 4th February, 1855); commanded the right siege train, and was present at the bombardment of October, April, and June 17th (medal and clasps, C.B., aide-de-camp to the Queen and Colonel, Officer of the Legion of Honour, 2nd class of the Medjidie, and Turkish medal). He is also a Knight of Charles the Third, 1st class St. Fernando, and Knight of Isabella the Catholic.—*Ibid.*



1854, when the batteries of the right attack had run short of powder, displayed the greatest coolness and contempt of danger in directing the unloading of several waggons of the field battery which were brought up to the trenches to supply the want, and having personally assisted in carrying the powder barrels under a severe fire from the enemy.

Captain GRONOW DAVIS.\*—Date of act of bravery, September 8th, 1855. For great coolness and gallantry in the attack on the Redan, September 8th, 1855, on which occasion he commanded the spiking party, and after which he saved the life of Lieutenant Sanders, 30th Regiment, by jumping over the parapet of a sap, and proceeding twice some distance across the open, under a "murderous" fire, to assist in conveying that officer, whose leg was broken, and who was otherwise severely wounded, under cover; and repeated this act in the conveyance of other wounded soldiers from the same exposed position.

Sergeant DANIEL CAMBRIDGE.—Date of act of bravery, September 8th, 1855. For having volunteered for the spiking party at the assault on the Redan, September 8th, 1855, and continuing therewith after being severely wounded; and for having, in the after part of the same day, gone out in front of the advanced trench, under a heavy fire, to bring in a wounded man, in performing which service he was himself severely wounded a second time.

Lieutenant CHRISTOPHER CHARLES TEESDALE, C.B.†—Date

\* Now Major. Major Davis served at the siege and fall of Sebastopol, and at the battle of Tchernaya, in 1855 (medal and clasp, Victoria Cross, 5th class of the Medjidie, and Turkish medal).—*Ibid.*

† Now Brevet-Major. Major Teesdale served as aide-de-camp to Major-General Sir W. F. Williams during the whole of the blockade of Kars, and at

of act of bravery, 29th September, 1855. For gallant conduct in having, while acting as aide-de-camp to Major-General Sir William Fenwick Williams, Bart., K.C.B., at Kars, volunteered to take command of the force engaged in the defence of the most advanced part of the works, the key of the position, against the attack of the Russian army; when, by throwing himself into the midst of the enemy, who had penetrated into the above redoubt, he encouraged the garrison to make an attack so vigorous as to drive out the Russians therefrom, and prevent its capture; also for having, during the hottest part of the action, when the enemy's fire had driven the Turkish artillerymen from their guns, rallied the latter, and by his intrepid example induced them to return to their post; and further, after having led the final charge which completed the victory of the day, for having, at the greatest personal risk, saved from the fury of the Turks a considerable number of the disabled among the enemy, who were lying wounded outside the works, an action witnessed and acknowledged gratefully before the Russian staff by General Mouravieff.

Captain FRANCIS CORNWALLIS MAUDE,\* C.B. This officer steadily and cheerily pushed on with his men, and bore down

the battle on the heights above that town on the 29th September, 1855. Successfully held the redoubt called "Yuksektabia" for the space of seven and a-half hours under a very heavy fire on the 29th September, 1855, and was mentioned in the despatch. Received a severe contusion from a grape-shot in the leg. The rank of Lieutenant-Colonel and the third class of the Turkish Imperial Order of the Medjidie were conferred upon him by the Sultan. In a letter from the Foreign Office, dated 7th March, 1855, Her Majesty's Government conveyed their sense of approval of his efforts in averting from the garrison of Kars the horrors that they suffered from famine in the preceding winter. In virtue of his rank as Lieutenant-Colonel in the Turkish service he received the Order of Companion of the Bath, and that of 4th class of the Legion of Honour.—*Ibid.*

\* Now Brevet Lieutenant-Colonel. Lieutenant-Colonel F. C. Maude commanded the Royal Artillery throughout the operations with General Havelock's

the desperate opposition of the enemy, though with the loss of one-third of his artillerymen. Sir James Outram adds, "that this attack appeared to him to indicate no reckless or foolhardy daring, but the calm heroism of a true soldier who fully appreciates the difficulties and dangers of the task he has undertaken; and that, but for Captain Maude's nerve and coolness on this trying occasion the army could not have advanced." (Extract from Field Force Orders of the late Major-General Havelock, dated 17th October, 1857.)

Major FREDERICK MILLER.\*—Date of act of bravery, 5th November, 1854. For having at the battle of Inkermann personally attacked three Russians, and with the gunners of his division of the battery prevented the Russians from doing mischief to the guns which they had surrounded. Part of a regiment of English Infantry had previously retired through the battery in front of this body of Russians.

Bombardier JOSEPH BRENNAN.—For marked gallantry at the assault of Jhansi on the 3rd of April, 1858, in bringing up two guns of the Hyderabad Contingent, manned by natives, lying each under a heavy fire from the walls, and directing them so accurately as to compel the enemy to abandon his battery.

Assistant-Surgeon WILLIAM GEORGE NICHOLAS MANLEY,

column in 1857, including the defeat of the rebels at Futtehpore, actions of Aoung, Pandoo, Nuddee, Cawnpore, Oonao, Buseerut Gunge, Mungarwar, relief and defence of the residency of Lucknow; with Outram's force at the Alumbagh from January to March, 1858; also at the siege and capture of Lucknow (repeatedly mentioned in dispatches, Brevets of Major and Lieutenant-Colonel, CB., medal and clasps).—*Ibid.*

\* Major Miller served the Eastern campaign of 1854-55, including the battles of Alma, Balaklava, and Inkermann, the siege of Sebastopol and repulse of the sortie on the 26th October, 1854 (medal and clasps, Brevet-Major, Knight of the Legion of Honour, 5th class of the Medjidie, and Turkish medal).—*Ibid.*

—For his conduct during the assault on the rebel pah, near Tauranga, New Zealand, on the 29th of April, 1864, in most nobly risking his own life, according to the testimony of Commodore Sir William Wiseman, Bart., C.B., in his endeavour to save that of the late Com. Hay, of the Royal Navy, and others. Having volunteered to accompany the storming party into the pah, he attended on that officer when he was carried away mortally wounded, and then volunteered to return in order to see if he could find any more wounded. It is stated that he was one of the last officers to leave the pah.

Assistant-Surgeon WILLIAM TEMPLE, and Lieutenant ARTHUR FREDERICK PICKARD.—For gallant conduct during the assault on the enemy's position at Rangiriri, in New Zealand, on the 20th of November, 1863, in exposing their lives to imminent danger, in crossing the entrance of the Maori keep at a point upon which the enemy had concentrated their fire, with a view to render assistance to the wounded, and more especially to the late Captain Mercer, of the Royal Artillery. Lieutenant Pickard, it is said, crossed and re-crossed the parapet, to procure water for the wounded when none of the men could be induced to perform this service, the space over which he traversed being exposed to a cross fire; and testimony is borne to the calmness displayed by him and Assistant-Surgeon Temple under the trying circumstances in which they were placed.

#### The Royal Engineers.

Lieutenant GERALD GRAHAM.\*—Determined gallantry at

\* Now Brevet Lieutenant-Colonel. Lieutenant-Colonel Graham served at the siege of Sebastopol and assault of the Redan on the 18th June, 1855 (medal and clasp, Knight of the Legion of Honour, 5th Class of the Medjidie, and Turkish medal).—*Ibid.*

the head of a ladder party, at the assault of the Redan, on the 18th June, 1855. Devoted heroism in sallying out of the trenches on numerous occasions, and bringing in wounded officers and men.

Lieutenant W. O. LENNOX.\*—Cool and gallant conduct in establishing a lodgment in Tryon's Rifle Pit, and assisting to repel the assaults of the enemy. This brilliant operation drew forth a special order from General Canrobert.

Corporal (No. 997) JOHN ROSS.—Distinguished conduct on the 21st July, 1855, in connecting the 4th parallel right attack with an old Russian rifle pit in front. Extremely creditable conduct on the 23rd August, 1855, in charge of the advance from the 5th parallel right attack on the Redan, in placing and filling 25 gabions under a very heavy fire, whilst annoyed by the presence of light balls. Intrepid and devoted conduct in creeping to the Redan in the night of the 8th September, 1855, and reporting its evacuation, on which its occupation by the English took place.

\* Now Brevet Lieutenant-Colonel. Lieutenant-Colonel Lennox landed in the Crimea on the 30th September, 1854, and served uninterruptedly with the army there until it re-embarked in June, 1856; was present at the battle of Inkermann, attack and capture of the Rifle Pits on the 20th November, 1854, siege and fall of Sebastopol (medal and two clasps, Sardinian and Turkish medals, and 5th class of the Medjidie). Served in the Indian campaign of 1857-58; was present at the action of Khujwa; commanded the Engineer Brigade at the relief of Lucknow by Lord Clyde (mentioned in Lord Clyde's despatch, and thanked by the Governor-General in Council), and against the Gwalior Contingent ending in its defeat at the battle of Cawn-pore on the 6th December; present at the action of Khodagunj; served at the siege of Lucknow in March, 1858 (mentioned in Chief Engineer's report, and received Brevet of Major); commanded the Engineers at the attack on Fort Rooya, and at the action of Alleegunj; present at the capture of Bareilly, and at the action of Dourdeakera; commanded the Engineers at the attack of Fort Oomreeah; present at the affair of Burjeedia, the capture of Fort Musjeedia, and the affair on the river Raptée near Bankee on the 31st Dec., 1858 (four times mentioned in despatches; medal and two clasps, and Brevet of Lieutenant-Colonel.—*Ibid.*

Corporal (No. 1,078) WILLIAM J. LENDRIM.—Intrepidity—getting on the top of a magazine, and extinguishing sand-bags which were burning, and making good the breach under fire, on the 11th April, 1855. For courage and praiseworthy example in superintending 150 French Chasseurs, on the 14th February, 1855, in building No. 9 battery, left attack, and replacing the whole of the capsized gabions under a heavy fire. Was one of four volunteers for destroying the farthest rifle pit on the 20th April.

Sapper (No. 854) JOHN PERIE.—Conspicuous valour in leading the sailors with the ladders to the storming of the Redan on the 18th June, 1855. He was invaluable on that day. Devoted conduct in rescuing a wounded man from the open, although he himself had just previously been wounded by a bullet in the side.

Captain HOWARD CRAUFURD ELPHINSTONE.\*—Date of act of bravery, 18th June, 1855. For fearless conduct in having, on the night after the unsuccessful attack on the Redan, volunteered to command a party of volunteers, who proceeded to search for and bring back the scaling ladders left behind after the repulse; and while successfully performing this task, of rescuing trophies from the Russians. Captain Elphinstone conducted a persevering search, close to the enemy, for wounded men, twenty of whom he rescued and brought back to the trenches.

Colour-Sergeant HENRY M'DONALD.—Date of act of bravery, 19th of April, 1855. For gallant conduct when

\* Now Major. Major Elphinstone served the Eastern campaign of 1854-5, including the battles in the Crimea, siege and fall of Sebastopol (medal and clasp, Knight of the Legion of Honour, 5th class of the Medjidie, and the Turkish medal).—*Ibid.*

engaged in effecting a lodgment in the enemy's rifle pits in front of the left advance of the right attack on Sebastopol, and for subsequent valour when, by the Engineer Officer's being disabled from wounds, the command devolved upon him, and he determinately persisted in carrying on the sap, notwithstanding the repeated attacks of the enemy.

Colour-Sergeant PETER LEITCH.—Date of act of bravery, 18th June, 1855. For conspicuous gallantry in the assault on the Redan, when, after approaching it with the leading ladders, he formed a caponnière across the ditch, as well as a ramp, by fearlessly tearing down gabions from the parapet, and placing and filling them until he was disabled from wounds.

Corporal MICHAEL SLEAVON.—For determined bravery at the attack of the fort of Jhansi on the 3rd of April, 1858, in maintaining his position at the head of a sap, and continuing the work under a heavy fire with a cool and steady determination worthy of the highest praise.

### The Military Train.

Lieutenant GEORGE SYMONS\* (late Sergeant Royal Artillery).—Date of act of bravery, 6th June, 1854. For conspicuous gallantry on the 6th June, 1854, in having volunteered to unmask the embrasures of a five-gun battery in the advanced right attack, and when so employed, under a terrific fire which the enemy commenced immediately on the opening of the first embrasure, and increased on the unmasking of

\* Now Captain unattached; placed on half-pay 24th May, 1861. Captain Symons served with the Royal Artillery at the battle of Inkermann and siege of Sebastopol, and was severely wounded on the 6th June, 1855, while unmasking the embrasures of a five-gun battery in the advanced right attack under a terrific fire (Cross, medal and clasp, and Sardinian medal).—*Ibid.*

each additional one, in having overcome the great difficulty of uncovering the last by boldly mounting the parapet and throwing down the sand bags, when a shell from the enemy burst and wounded him severely.

Private MICHAEL MURPHY, Farrier, 2nd battalion.—Date of act of bravery, 15th April, 1858. For daring gallantry on the 15th of April, 1858, when engaged in the pursuit of Koer Sing's army from Azimghur, in having rescued Lieutenant Hamilton, Adjutant of the 3rd Sikh Cavalry, who was wounded, dismounted, and surrounded by the enemy. Farrier Murphy cut down several men, and, although himself severely wounded, he never left Lieutenant Hamilton's side until support arrived.

Private SAMUEL MORLEY, 2nd battalion.—Date of act of bravery, April 15th, 1858. On the evacuation of Azimghur by Koer Sing's army, on 15th April, 1858, a squadron of the Military Train and half a troop of Horse Artillery were sent in pursuit. Upon overtaking them and coming into action with their rear-guard, a squadron of the 3rd Sikh Cavalry, also detached in pursuit, and one troop of the Military Train were ordered to charge, when Lieutenant Hamilton, who commanded the Sikhs, was unhorsed and immediately surrounded by the enemy, who commenced cutting and hacking him whilst on the ground. Private Samuel Morley, seeing the predicament that Lieutenant Hamilton was in, although his (Morley's) horse had been shot from under him, immediately and most gallantly rushed up, on foot, to his assistance, and in conjunction with Farrier Murphy, who has already received the Victoria Cross for the same thing, cut down one of the Sepoys, and fought over Lieutenant Hamil-



ton's body until further assistance came up, and thereby was the means of saving Lieutenant Hamilton from being killed on the spot.

### Land Transport Corps.

Captain ANDREW HENRY, late Royal Artillery.\*—For defending the guns of his battery against overwhelming numbers of the enemy at the battle of Inkermann, and continuing to do so until he had received twelve bayonet wounds. He was at the time Sergeant-Major of G battery, 2nd division.

## INFANTRY.

### Grenadier Guards.

Brevet-Major Sir CHARLES RUSSELL, Bart., Crimea.†—Offered to dislodge a party of Russians from the Sandbag battery, if anyone would follow him; Sergeant Norman, Privates Anthony Palmer, and Bailey (who was killed) volunteered the first. The attack succeeded.

Private (No. 3,571) ANTHONY PALMER, 3rd battalion.—Present when the charge was made in defence of the colours, and also charged singly upon the enemy, as witnessed by Sir C. Russell; is said to have saved Sir C. Russell's life.

\* Now Captain, Coast Brigade of Artillery. Captain Henry served in the Eastern campaign of 1854-55, including the battles of Alma, Balaklava, and Inkermann, and siege of Sebastopol (medal and four clasps, and Turkish medal).—*Ibid.*

† Now Lieutenant-Colonel. Sir Charles Russell served the Eastern campaign of 1854-55 (latterly as D.A.Q.M. General 1st division), including the battles of Alma, Balaklava, and Inkermann, and siege of Sebastopol (medal and clasps, Brevet-Major, Knight of the Legion of Honour, 5th class of the Medjidie, and Turkish medal).—*Ibid.*

Sergeant (No. 5,872) ALFRED ABLETT, 3rd battalion—On the 2nd of September, 1855, seeing a shell fall in the centre of a number of ammunition cases and powder, he instantly seized and threw it outside the trench; it burst as it touched the ground.

Colonel Hon. HENRY HUGH MANVERS PERCY.\*—Date of act of bravery, 5th Nov., 1854. At a moment when the Guards were at some distance from the Sandbag battery, at the battle of Inkermann, Colonel Percy charged singly into the battery, followed immediately by the Guards; the embrasures of the battery, as also the parapet, were held by the Russians, who kept up a most severe fire of musketry. At the battle of Inkermann Colonel Percy found himself, with many men of various regiments who had charged too far, nearly surrounded by the Russians, and without ammunition. Colonel Percy, by his knowledge of the ground, although wounded, extricated these men, and passing under a heavy fire from the Russians then in the Sandbag Battery, brought them safe to where ammunition was to be obtained, thereby saving some 50 men and enabling them to renew the combat. He received the approval of His Royal Highness the Duke of Cambridge for this action on the spot. Colonel Percy was engaged with and put hors de combat a Russian soldier.

#### Coldstream Guards.

Brevet-Major GERALD LITTLEHALES GOODLAKE.†—For distinguished gallantry whilst in command of the sharpshooters

\* Now Colonel on the Staff at Colchester. Colonel Percy served the Eastern campaign of 1854-55, including the battles of Alma (wounded), Balaklava, and Inkermann (wounded), and siege of Sebastopol (medal and clasps, Aide-de-Camp to the Queen, Knight of the Legion of Honour, 4th class of the Medjidie, and Turkish medal).—*Ibid.*

† Now Lieutenant-Colonel. Lieutenant-Colonel Goodlake served throughout the Eastern campaign of 1854-55, including the battles of Alma, Inker-

furnished by the Coldstream Guards, on the 26th of October, 1854, on the occasion of "the powerful sortie on the 2nd division," when he held the Windmill ravine, below the piquet house, against a much larger force of the enemy. The party of sharpshooters then under his command killed 38 (one an officer) and took three prisoners of the enemy (of the latter, one an officer), Major Goodlake being the sole officer in command. Also, for distinguished gallantry on the occasion of the surprise of a piquet of the enemy, in November, at the bottom of the Windmill ravine, by the sharpshooters, under his sole leading and command, when the knapsacks and rifles of the enemy's party fell into his hands.

Private (No. 3,968) WILLIAM STANLOCK.—For having volunteered, when employed as one of the sharpshooters in October, 1854, for reconnoitring purposes, to crawl up within six yards of a Russian sentry, and so enabled the officer in command to effect a surprise; Private Stanlock having been warned beforehand of the imminent risk which he would run in the adventure.

Private (No. 4,787) GEORGE STRONG.—For having, when on duty in the trenches in the month of September, 1855, removed a live shell from the place where it had fallen.

Brevet Major JOHN AUGUSTUS CONOLLY.\*—Date of act of bravery, 26th October, 1854.—In the attack by the Russians against the position held by the Second Division, 26th

mann, Balaklava, and Tchernaya, and siege and fall of Sebastopol. He volunteered for the sharpshooters of the Brigade of Guards, commanded them for 42 days, and was engaged at the repulse of the sortie of the 26th October, 1854; and he served on the Quartermaster-General's staff from February, 1855 (medal and clasps, Brevet-Major, Knight of the Legion of Honour, 5th class of the Medjidie, and Turkish medal).—*Ibid.*

\* Now Major. Major Conolly served the Eastern campaign of 1854 in the 49th Regiment, including the battle of Alma and siege of Sebastopol;

October, 1854, Major Conolly—then a Lieutenant in the 49th Foot—while in command of a company of that regiment on outlying picket, made himself most conspicuous by the gallantry of his behaviour. He came particularly under the observation of the late Field Marshal Lord Raglan, while in personal encounter with several Russians in defence of his post. He ultimately fell dangerously wounded. Lieutenant Conolly was highly praised in General Orders and promoted into the Coldstream Guards as a reward for his exemplary behaviour on this occasion.

#### Scot's Fusilier Guards.

Brevet Major ROBERT JAMES LLOYD LINDSAY.\*—When the formation of the line of the regiment was disordered at Alma, Captain Lindsay stood firm with the colours, and, by his example and energy, greatly tended to restore order. At Inkerman, at a most trying moment, he, with a few men, charged a party of Russians, driving them back, and running one through the body himself.

- Sergeant (No. 3,234) M'KECHNIE.—When the formation of the regiment was disordered at Alma, for having behaved gallantly, and rallied the men round the colours.

Private (No. 3,368) WM. REYNOLDS.—When the formation of the line was disordered at Alma, for having behaved

was dangerously wounded (shot through the body) at the repulse of the powerful sortie on the 26th October (medal and clasps, Sardinian medal, 5th class of the Medjidie, and Turkish medal).—*Ibid.*

\* Now retired with the rank of Lieutenant-Colonel. Lieutenant Colonel Loyd Lindsay served with the Scots Fusilier Guards in the Eastern campaign of 1854-55, including the battles of Alma, Balaclava, and Inkermann, siege and fall of Sebastopol, and sortie of the 26th October (medal and four clasps, Knight of the Legion of Honour, 5th class of the Medjidie, and Turkish medal).—*Ibid.*

in a conspicuous manner in rallying the men round the colours.

Sergeant JAMES CRAIG.\*—For having volunteered, and personally collected other volunteers, to go out under a heavy fire of grape and small arms, on the night of the 6th Sept., 1855, when in the right advanced sap in front of the Redan, to look for Captain Buckley, Scots Fusilier Guards, who was supposed to be wounded. Sergeant Craig brought in, with the assistance of a drummer, the body of that officer, whom he found dead, in the performance of which act he was wounded.

#### 1st Foot.

Private (No. 1,672) JOSEPH PROSSER, 2nd battalion.—1st. On the 16th of June, 1855, when on duty in the trenches before Sebastopol, for pursuing and apprehending (while exposed to two cross fires) a soldier in the act of deserting to the enemy. 2nd. On the 11th of August, 1855, before Sebastopol, for leaving the most advanced trench, and assisting to carry in a soldier of the 9th Regiment, who lay severely wounded, and unable to move. This gallant and humane act was performed under a very heavy fire from the enemy.

#### The 3rd Foot.

Brevet Lieutenant-Colonel FREDERICK FRANCIS MAUDE.†—

\* Afterwards Ensign and Adjutant, Military Train.

† Now Brevet-Colonel and Assistant-Adjutant-General at Gibraltar. Colonel Maude served the Gwalior campaign as Adjutant of the Buffs and was present at the battle of Punniar on 29th December 1843 (Bronze Star), and had his horse killed under him. Served at the siege of Sebastopol from April, 1855, and commanded the Buffs from 1st August till the final assault on the Redan on the 8th September. Mentioned in despatches (Medal and Clasp, Brevet of Lieutenant-Colonel, C.B., Knight of the Legion of Honour, 5th Class of the Medjidie, and Turkish medal).—*Ibid.*

For conspicuous and most devoted bravery on the 8th Sept., 1855, when in command of the covering and ladder party of the 2nd division, on the assault of the Redan, to which he gallantly led his men. Having entered the Redan, he, with only nine or ten men, held a position between traverses, and only retired when all hope of support was at an end, himself dangerously wounded.

Private (No. 2,649) JOHN CONNORS.—Distinguished himself most conspicuously at the assault on the Redan, 8th Sept., 1855, in personal conflict with the Russians; rescued an officer of the 30th Regiment, who was surrounded by Russians by shooting one and bayoneting another, and was observed, inside the Redan, in personal combat with the Russians for some time. Was selected by his company for the French war medal.

Brevet-Major MARK WALKER.\*—Date of act of bravery, Nov. 5, 1854.—For having at Inkermann distinguished himself in front of his regiment, by jumping over a wall in the face of two battalions of Russian infantry, which were marching towards it—for the purpose of encouraging his comrades by his example to advance against such heavy odds—which they did, and succeeded in driving back both battalions.

\* Now Brevet-Lieutenant-Colonel. Lieutenant-Colonel Walker served the Eastern campaign of 1854-55 as Adjutant of the 30th Regiment, including the battles of the Alma (wounded) and Inkermann, siege of Sebastopol, and sortie on 26th October. On the night of the 21st April he volunteered and led a party which took and destroyed a Russian rifle pit, for which he was mentioned in the Despatches, and promoted into the Buffs. On the night of 9th June he was dangerously wounded in the trenches—right arm amputated (Medal and Clasp, 5th Class of the Medjidie, and Turkish Medal). Served throughout the campaign of 1860 in China as Brigade Major of the 4th Brigade (Medal with two Clasps for the Taku Forts and Peking, and Brevet of Lieutenant-Colonel).—*Ibid.*

**The 4th Foot.**

Private THOMAS GRADY.—Dates of acts of bravery, Oct. 18, 1854, and Nov. 22, 1854.—For having on Oct. 18, 1854, volunteered to repair the embrasures of the Sailors' Battery on the left attack, and effected the same, with the assistance of one other volunteer, under a very heavy fire from a line of batteries. For gallant conduct on Nov. 22, 1854, in the repulse of the Russian attack on the advanced trench of the left attack, when, on being severely wounded, he refused to quit the front, encouraging by such determined bearing the weak force engaged with the enemy to maintain its position.

**The 5th Foot.**

Private PETER M'MANUS.—Date of act of bravery, 26th Sept., 1857.—“On the occasion, when a party on the 26th Sept., 1857, was shut up and besieged in a house in the city of Lucknow by the rebel Sepoys, Private M'Manus kept outside the house until he was himself wounded, and, under cover of a pillar, kept firing on the Sepoys and preventing their rushing on the house. He also, in conjunction with Private John Ryan, rushed into the street, and took Captain Arnold, of the 1st Madras Fusiliers, out of a dooly, and brought him into the house, in spite of a heavy fire, in which Captain Arnold was again wounded.” (Extract from Divisional Orders of Major-General Sir James Outram, G.C.B., dated 14th Oct., 1857.)

Sergeant ROBERT EWART, 1st batt.—Date of act of bravery, 24th Sept., 1857.—For conspicuous devotion at Alumbagh, on Sept. 24, in proceeding under a heavy and galling fire to save the life of Private E. Deveney, whose leg had been shot away, and eventually carrying him safe

into camp, with the assistance of the late Lieutenant Brown and some comrades.

Private PATRICK M'HALE.—Dates of acts of bravery, 2nd Oct. and 22nd Dec., 1857.—For conspicuous bravery at Lucknow on Oct. 2, 1857, when he was the first man at the capture of one of the guns at the Cawnpore Battery; and again, on Dec. 22, 1857, when, by a bold rush, he was the first to take possession of one of the enemy's guns, which had sent several rounds of grape through his company, which was skirmishing up to it. On every occasion of attack Private M'Hale has been the first to meet the foe, amongst whom he caused such consternation by the boldness of his rush as to leave little work for those who followed to his support. By his habitual coolness and daring and sustained bravery in action his name has become a household word for gallantry among his comrades.

#### **The 7th Foot.**

Private (No. 1,879) MATHEW HUGHES.—Private Mathew Hughes, 7th Royal Fusiliers, was noticed by Colonel Campbell, 90th Light Infantry, on the 7th June, 1855, at the storming of the Quarries, for twice going for ammunition under a heavy fire, across the open ground; he also went to the front, and brought in Private John Hampton, who was lying severely wounded; and on the 18th June, 1855, he volunteered to bring in Lieu'enant Hobson, 7th Royal Fusiliers, who was lying severely wounded, and, in the act of doing so, was severely wounded himself.

Private (No. 3,443) WILLIAM NORMAN.—On the night of the 19th Dec., 1854, he was placed on single sentry, some distance in front of the advanced sentries of an outlying piquet



in the White Horse Ravine, a post of much danger, and requiring great vigilance; the Russian piquet was posted about 300 yards in his front; three Russian soldiers advanced, under cover of the brushwood, for the purpose of reconnoitring. Private William Norman, single-handed, took two of them prisoners, without alarming the Russian piquet.

Lieutenant WILLIAM HOPE.\*—Date of act of bravery, 18th June, 1855.—After the troops had retreated on the morning of the 18th June, 1855, Lieutenant W. Hope being informed by the late Sergeant-Major William Bacon, who was himself wounded, that Lieutenant and Adjutant Hobson was lying outside the trenches, badly wounded, went out to look for him, and found him lying in an old agricultural ditch running towards the left flank of the Redan. He then returned and got four men to bring him in. Finding, however, that Lieutenant Hobson could not be removed without a stretcher, he then ran back across the open to Egerton's Pit, where he procured one, and carried it to where Lieutenant Hobson was lying. All this was done under a very heavy fire from the Russian batteries.

Assistant-Surgeon THOS. E. HALE,† M.D.—Date of act of bravery, 8th Sept., 1855. 1st. For remaining with an officer who was dangerously wounded—Captain H. M. Jones, 7th Foot—in the 5th parallel, on 8th Sept., 1855, when all the men in the immediate neighbourhood retreated, excepting

\* Lieutenant Hope served at the siege of Sebastopol from 31st May, 1855, including the attack and capture of the Quarries 7th June, and assault on the Redan on the 18th June (Medal and Clasp). He retired from the army in 1857.—*Ibid.*

† Assistant-Surgeon Hale served in the Crimea from January 1855, and was in the trenches during the bombardments of April and 7th June, and in the assault of 8th September (Medal and Clasp, and Turkish Medal).—*Ibid.*

Lieutenant W. Hope and Dr. Hale; and for endeavouring to rally the men in conjunction with Lieutenant W. Hope, 7th Royal Fusiliers. 2nd. For having on 8th Sept., 1855 after the regiments had retired into the trenches, cleared the most advanced sap of the wounded, and carried into the sap under a very heavy fire, several wounded men from the open ground, being assisted by Sergeant Charles Fisher, 7th Royal Fusiliers.

Captain HENRY MITCHELL JONES.\*—Date of act of bravery, 7th June, 1855: "For having distinguished himself while serving with the party which stormed and took the Quarries before Sebastopol, by repeatedly leading on his men to repel the continual assaults of the enemy during the night. Although wounded early in the evening, Captain Jones remained unflinchingly at his post until after daylight the following morning."

#### The 8th Foot.

Ensign ANDREW MOYNIHAN.†—When Sergeant 90th Light

\* Captain Jones served in the Eastern campaign of 1854-5, and was present at the battle of the Alma (severely wounded), and siege of Sebastopol, including the sortie on the 9th May, attack and capture of the Quarries, 7th June, and assault on the Redan, 8th September (dangerously wounded). (Medal and Clasps, and Knight of the Legion of Honour). Captain Jones sold out of the service in 1857).—*Ibid.*

† Now Captain, 8th Foot. Captain Moynihan served with the 90th Light Infantry in the Crimea, from 5th Dec. 1854, including the siege of Sebastopol, capture of the Quarries on 7th June, attack of the Redan on 18th June, and assault of the Redan on 8th Sept. with the storming party, being the first man to enter, and was made prisoner when rescuing the body of Lieutenant Swift from a party of Russians inside the Redan, but released by the advance of the British, after having been twice bayoneted; he held a position inside the Redan for a considerable time, and was again wounded in several places; after all the men had retired into the trenches from the assault, recrossed the open ground under a terrific fire and rescued from the Redan a wounded officer—mentioned in Despatches (Medal and Clasp, Turkish Medal, and was awarded the French War Medal). Served in the Indian campaign from Nov. 1857 and was present at the defeat of the rebels in the ravines of the Chumbul, attack and capture of Bhujah and Seorale; also served in the Oude campaign of 1858-59, including the attack and capture of the fort and town of Sandee (Medal).

Infantry, at the assault of the Redan, 8th Sept., 1855, personally encountered and killed five Russians, and rescued from near the Redan a wounded officer under a heavy fire.

#### The 10th Foot.

Lieutenant HENRY MARSHMAN HAVELOCK.—“In the combat at Cawnpore, Lieutenant Havelock was my Aide-de-Camp. The 64th Regiment had been much under artillery fire, from which it had severely suffered. The whole of the infantry were lying down in line, when perceiving that the enemy had brought out the last reserved gun, a 24-pounder, and were

\* Now Brevet-Lieutenant-Colonel. Sir H. M. Havelock, Bart., half-pay, late 18th Foot, Deputy-Assistant-Adjutant-General, New Zealand. Sir Henry Havelock served as a D.A.Q.M. General in the Persian expedition from 15th February 1857, including the bombardment and capture of Mohumrah (Medal). Served throughout the Indian campaigns of 1857-59 as Aide-de-Camp to General Havelock from 7th July, in the actions of Futtehpoore, Aoung, Pandoo Nuddee, and Cawnpore, and as D.A.Adj.Gen. to the force from 20 July, 1857, in the actions of Oonao, Busseerut Gunge (horse shot), Nawabgunge, Boorbeeake, Chowkee, Bithoor, Mungarwar, and Alumbagh, and relief of Lucknow on 25th September—dangerously wounded by musket ball through left elbow, and horse shot; defence of the Residency until relieved by Lord Clyde on 17th November, on which day again severely wounded by a rifle ball through left shoulder. Within a month joined the Jounpore field force under General Franks as D.A.Adj.Gen., and was present at the actions of Nusrutpoore, Chanda, Umseerpore, and Sultanpoore. Present with the 4th division before Lucknow from 4th March till its fall, including the storming of the Lesser Emaumbarra and the Kaiserbagh. Served as D.A.Adj.Gen. from 29th March with Lugard's column, and present at the relief of Azimghur; operations to 4th June (sabre cut on right hand) against the Jugdespoore rebels, including the attack on that stronghold and eight minor skirmishes. As D.A.G. in the disturbed districts of Ghazepore and Behar under Brigadier Douglas from 15th June to November 1858, including the operations in the former district in July and August, and the campaign in Shahabad in October and November. Commanded a detached body of 250 Mounted Riflemen and Cavalry in pursuit of the rebels after they evacuated Jugdespoore on 18th October, intercepted and turned them from the Soane river, and three times engaged and defeated them, once at Nonadee on 20th October, inflicting considerable slaughter. Commanded a detachment of Hodson's Horse with the army in Oude under Lord Clyde, and present at the skirmish at Burgudees, capture of Mujseddia, and final action on the Raptee on 31st December 1858. Served till the conclusion of the campaign in command of the 1st Regiment Hodson's Horse. Was repeatedly mentioned in Despatches, has received the Brevets of Major and Lieutenant-Colonel.—*Ibid.*

rallying round it, I called up the regiment to rise and advance. Without any other word from me, Lieutenant Havelock placed himself on his horse in front of the centre of the 64th, opposite the muzzle of the gun; Major Sterling commanding the regiment was in front dismounted; but the Lieutenant continued to move steadily on in front of the regiment at a foot pace on his horse. The gun discharged shot until the troops were within a short distance, when they fired grape. In went the corps, led by the Lieutenant, who still steered steadily on the gun's muzzle until it was mastered by a rush of the 64th." —(Extract of a telegram from the late Major-General Havelock to the Commander-in-Chief in India. Dated Cawnpore, 18th Aug., 1857.)

Private JOHN KIRK.—Date of act of bravery, 4th June, 1857.—For daring gallantry at Benares, on the 4th June, 1857, on the outbreak of the mutiny of the native troops at that station, in having volunteered to proceed with two non-commissioned officers to rescue Captain Brown, Pension Paymaster, and his family, who were surrounded by rebels in the compound of their house; and having, at the risk of his own life, succeeded in saving them.

Private (No. 2,134) DENIS DEMPSEY, 1st Batt.—Dates of acts of bravery, 12th Aug., 1857, and 14th March, 1858.—For having, at Lucknow, on the 14th March, 1858, carried a powder bag through a burning village with great coolness and gallantry, for the purpose of mining a passage in rear of the enemy's position. This he did, exposed to a very heavy fire from the enemy behind loop-holed walls, and to an almost still greater danger from the sparks which flew in every direction from the blazing houses. Also, for having been the first

man who entered the village of Jugdispore on the 12th Aug., 1857, under a most galling fire. Private Dempsey was likewise one of those who helped to carry Ensign Erskine, of the 10th Regiment, in the retreat from Arrah, in July, 1857.

### The 13th Foot.

Private PATRICK CARLIN.—Date of act of bravery, 6th April, 1858. For the act of bravery recorded in a General Order issued by the Commander-in-Chief in India, of which the following is a copy: "General Order.—Head Quarters, Allahabad, 29th June, 1858.—The Commander-in-Chief in India directs that the undermentioned soldier of the 13th Foot be presented, in the name of Her Most Gracious Majesty, with a medal of the Victoria Cross, for valour and daring in the field, viz., Private Patrick Carlin, No. 3,611, of the 13th Foot, for rescuing, on the 6th of April, 1858, a wounded Naick, of the 4th Madras Rifles, in the field of battle, after killing with the Naick's sword a mutineer Sepoy, who fired at him while bearing off his wounded comrade on his shoulders. (Signed) C. Campbell, General, Commander-in-Chief, East Indies."

Sergeant W. NAPIER, 1st Battalion.—Date of act of bravery, 6th April, 1858. For conspicuous gallantry near Azimghur, on the 6th April, 1858, in having defended, and finally rescued Private Benjamin Milnes, of the same regiment, when severely wounded on the Baggage Guard. Sergeant Napier remained with him at the hazard of his life, when surrounded by Sepoys, bandaged his wound under fire and then carried him in safety to the convoy.—(Despatch from Colonel Lord Mark Kerr, C.B., dated 2nd August, 1858).

**The 17th Foot.**

Corporal (Lance-Sergeant) PHILIP SMITH.—For repeatedly going out in front of the advanced trenches against the Great Redan, on the 18th of June, 1855, under a very heavy fire, after the column had retired from the assault, and bringing in wounded comrades.

**The 18th Foot.**

Captain THOMAS ESMONDE\*—Date of acts of bravery, 18th and 20th June, 1855. "For having, after being engaged in the attack on the Redan, repeatedly assisted, at great personal risk under a heavy fire of shell and grape, in rescuing wounded men from exposed situations; and also, while in command of a covering party two days after, for having rushed with the most prompt and daring gallantry to a spot where a fireball from the enemy had just been lodged, which he effectually extinguished before it had betrayed the position of the working party under his protection, thus saving it from a murderous fire of shell and grape, which was immediately opened upon the spot where the fireball had fallen."

**The 19th Foot.**

Private (No. 1,051) JOHN LYONS.—For, on the 10th June, 1855, taking up a live shell which fell among the guard of the trenches, and throwing it over the parapet.

Private SAMUEL EVANS.—Date of act of bravery, 13th April, 1855. For volunteering to go into an embrasure,

\* Now Major, Unattached. Major Esmonde served with the 18th Royal Irish in the Burmese of 1852-53 (Medal). Also in the Crimea from 30th Dec., 1854, to 27th July, 1855, including the siege of Sebastopol, assault and capture of the Cemetery on the 18th June (Medal and Clasp, Brevet of Major, and Turkish Medal).—*Ibid.*

thereby rendering very great assistance in repairing damage, under a very heavy fire from the enemy, 13th April, 1855.

### The 23rd Foot.

Brevet Lieutenant-Colonel EDWARD W. D. BELL.\*—Recommended for his gallantry, more particularly at the battle of the Alma, where he was the first to seize upon and capture one of the enemy's guns, which was limbered up, and being carried off. He, moreover, succeeded to the command of that gallant regiment, which he brought out of action, all his senior officers having been killed or wounded.

Lieutenant LUKE O'CONNOR.†—Was one of the centre sergeants at the battle of the Alma, and advanced between the officers, carrying the colours. When near the Redoubt, Lieutenant Anstruther, who was carrying a colour, was mortally wounded, and he was shot in the breast at the same time, and fell; but, recovering himself, snatched up the colour from the ground, and continued to carry it till the end of the action, although urged by Captain Granville to relinquish it and go to the rear on account of his wound; was recommended for, and received his commission for his services at the Alma. Also behaved with great gallantry at the

\* Now Brevet-Colonel. Colonel Bell served in the Eastern campaign of 1854-55, including the battle of Alma, the battle of Inkermann, and siege of Sebastopol, and was complimented in General Orders for distinguished conduct while in command of a working party, 2nd April, 1855, under a heavy fire from the enemy (Medal and Clasp, Brevet of Major, Knight of the Legion of Honour, 5th class of the Medjidie, and Turkish Medal).—*Ibid.*

† Now Captain. Captain O'Connor served in the Eastern campaign of 1854-55, including the battles of Alma (severely wounded) and Inkermann, siege and fall of Sebastopol, attack on the Quarries, and assaults of the 18th June and 8th Sept. (dangerously wounded—Medal and Clasps, Sardinian and Turkish Medals, and 5th class of the Medjidie). Served in the Indian campaign of 1857-58, including the relief of Lucknow by Lord Clyde, defeat of the Gwalior Contingent at Cawnpore, siege and capture of Lucknow, and operations across the Goomtee under Outram (Medal and two Clasps).—*Ibid.*

assault on the Redan, 8th Sept., 1855, where he was shot through both thighs.

Corporal (No. 2,945) ROBERT SHIELDS.—For volunteering, on the 8th Sept., 1855, to go out to the front from the fifth parallel, after the attack on the Redan, to bring in Lieutenant Dyneley, who was wounded, and found afterwards to be mortally so.

Assistant Surgeon WILLIAM HENRY THOMAS SYLVESTER, M.B.\* —Date of act of bravery, 8th Sept., 1855. For going out, on 8th Sept., 1855, under a heavy fire, in front of the fifth parallel, right attack, to a spot near the Redan where Lieutenant and Adjutant Dyneley was lying mortally wounded, and for dressing his wounds in that dangerous and exposed situation. N.B.—This officer was mentioned in General Sir James Simpson's despatch of the 18th Sept., 1855, for his courage in going to the front under a heavy fire to assist the wounded.

Lieutenant THOMAS BERNARD HACKETT.†—For daring gallantry at Secundra Bagh, Lucknow, on the 18th of Nov., 1857, in having, with others, rescued a corporal of the 23rd Regiment, who was lying wounded and exposed to very heavy fire. Also, for conspicuous bravery in having, under a heavy fire, ascended the roof and cut down the thatch of a bungalow, to prevent its being set on fire. This was a most important service at the time.

\* Now retired. Dr. Sylvester served at the siege and fall of Sebastopol, and at the assault of the Redan on the 8th Sept., 1855 (Medal and Clasp, and Knight of the Legion of Honour). Served in the Indian campaign of 1857-58, including the relief of Lucknow by Lord Clyde, defeat of the Gwalior Contingent at Cawnpore, siege and capture of Lucknow (Medal and Clasp).—*Ibid.*

† Now Captain. Captain Hackett served at the siege of Sebastopol from June, 1855, including the assault of the Redan on the 18th June (Medal and Clasp). Served in the Indian campaign of 1857-58, including the relief of Lucknow by Lord Clyde, battle of Cawnpore on 6th Dec., siege and capture of Lucknow (Medal and Clasp).—*Ibid.*



Private GEORGE MONGER.—For daring gallantry at Secundra Bagh, Lucknow, on the 18th of Nov., 1857, in having volunteered to accompany Lieutenant Hackett, whom he assisted in bringing in a corporal of the 23rd Regiment, who was lying wounded in an exposed position.

### The 32nd Foot.

Lieutenant SAMUEL HILL LAWRENCE.\*—Dates of acts of bravery, 7th July and 26th Sept., 1857. For distinguished bravery in a sortie on the 7th of July, 1857, made, as reported by Major Wilson, late Deputy Assistant Adjutant-General of the Lucknow garrison, "for the purpose of examining a house strongly held by the enemy, in order to discover whether or not a mine was being driven from it." Major Wilson states that he saw the attack, and was an eye-witness to the great personal gallantry of Major Lawrence on the occasion, he being the first person to mount the ladder and enter the window of the house, in effecting which he had his pistol knocked out of his hand by one of the enemy. Also for distinguished gallantry in a sortie on the 26th of Sept., 1857, in charging with two of his men in advance of his company, and capturing a 9-pounder gun.

\* Now Brevet-Major, late Captain, 8th Hussars. Major Lawrence served with the 32nd Regiment in the Punjaub campaign of 1848-49, including the second siege operations before Mooltan, including the storm and capture of the city and surrender of the fortress; also at the surrender of the fort and garrison of Cheniote, and battle of Goojerat (medal and clasps). Served during the Indian mutiny in 1857-58; commanded the head-quarters 32nd Regiment at the evacuation of Fort Muchee Bhawan on 1st July, 1857, and from that date was engaged in the defence of the Residency of Lucknow until its final relief on 24th November by Lord Clyde, during the greater part of which he commanded the Redan battery; led a sortie on 7th July and a division of another on 26th September, where his company captured a 9-pounder gun at the point of the bayonet—mentioned in despatches by Sir John Inglis and the Governor-General (Brevet of Major, medal and clasp, and a year's service for Lucknow).—*Ibid.*

Corporal WILLIAM OXENHAM.—Date of act of bravery, 30th June, 1857. For distinguished gallantry in saving the life of Mr. Capper, of the Bengal Civil Service, by extricating him from the ruins of a verandah which had fallen on him, Corporal Oxenham being for ten minutes exposed to a heavy fire while doing so.

Private WILLIAM DOWLING.—Dates of acts of bravery, 4th and 9th July, and 27th Sept., 1857. For distinguished gallantry on the 4th July, 1857, in going out with two other men, since dead, and spiking two of the enemy's guns. He killed a Soubadar of the enemy by one of the guns. Also for distinguished gallantry on the 9th of the same month, in going out again with three men, since dead, to spike one of the enemy's guns. He had to retire, the spike being too small, but was exposed to the same danger. Also for distinguished bravery on the 27th of Sept., 1857, in spiking an 18-pounder gun during a sortie, he being at the same time under a most heavy fire from the enemy.

Captain HENRY GEORGE BROWNE.\* — Date of act of bravery, 21st August, 1857. For conspicuous bravery in having, on the 21st August, 1857, during the siege of the Lucknow Residency, gallantly led a sortie, at great personal risk, for the purpose of spiking two heavy guns, which were doing considerable damage to the defences. It appears from the statements of the non-commissioned officers and men who accompanied Captain Browne on the occasion, that he was the first person who entered the battery, which consisted of the

\* Now of the 100th Regiment. Captain Browne commanded the Grenadiers of the 32nd Regiment at Chinhut on 30th June, 1857, and was present in the Lucknow Residency throughout the siege, and was twice wounded—once severely—and was thanked by the Governor-General (medal and clasp).—*Ibid.*

two guns in question, protected by high pallisades, the embrasures being closed with sliding shutters. On reaching the battery, Captain Browne removed the shutters and jumped into the battery. The result was that the guns were spiked, and it is supposed that about one hundred of the enemy were killed.

#### **The 34th Foot.**

Private (No. 3,837) WM. COFFEY.—For having, on the 29th March, 1855, thrown a lighted shell, that fell into the trench, over the parapet.

Private (No. 3,482) JOHN J. SIMS.—For having, on the 18th June, 1855, after the regiment had retired into the trenches from the assault on the Redan, gone out into the open ground, under a heavy fire, in broad daylight, and brought in wounded soldiers outside the trenches.

Private GEORGE RICHARDSON.—Date of act of bravery, 27th April, 1859. At Kewanie, Trans-Gogra, on the 27th April, 1859, for determined courage in having, although severely wounded—one arm being disabled—closed with and secured a rebel Sepoy armed with a loaded revolver.

#### **The 40th Foot.**

Colour-Sergeant JOHN LUCAS.—Date of act of bravery, 18th March, 1861. On the 18th of March, 1861, Colour-Sergeant Lucas acted as Sergeant of a party of the 48th Regiment employed as skirmishers to the right of No. 7 Redoubt, and close to the Huirangi Bush, facing the left of the positions occupied by the natives. At about 4 o'clock p.m., a very heavy and well-directed fire was suddenly opened upon them from the Bush, and the high ground on the left. Three men being wounded simultaneously, two of

them mortally, assistance was called for in order to have them carried to the rear; a file was immediately sent, but had scarcely arrived when one of them fell, and Lieutenant Rees was wounded at the same time. Colour-Sergeant Lucas, under a very heavy fire from the rebels, who were not more than thirty yards distant, immediately ran up to the assistance of this officer, and sent one man with him to the rear. He then took charge of the arms belonging to the killed and wounded men, and maintained his position until the arrival of supports under Lieutenant Gibson and Whelan.—(*Gazette*, July 19th, 1861).

#### The 41st Foot.

Brevet-Major HUGH ROWLANDS.\*—For rescuing Colonel Haly, of the 47th Regiment, from Russian soldiers, Colonel Haly having been wounded and surrounded by them, and for gallant exertions in holding the ground occupied by his advanced piquet against the enemy, at the commencement of the battle of Inkermann.

Sergeant-Major AMBROSE MADDEN.—For having headed a party of men of the 41st Regiment, and having cut off and taken prisoners one Russian officer and fourteen privates, three of whom he, personally and alone, captured.

#### The 42nd Foot.

Colour-Sergeant WILLIAM GARDNER.—Date of act of bravery, 5th May, 1858. For his conspicuous and gallant conduct on the morning of the 5th May, in having saved

\* Now Major of the regiment. Major Rowlands served the Eastern campaign of 1854-55, including the battles of Alma and Inkermann (severely wounded), siege and fall of Sebastopol, sortie of 26th October, attack on the Quarries on 7th June and twice on the rifle pits, attacks on the Redan on the 18th June and 8th September—wounded (medal and three clasps, Brevet of Major, Knight of the Legion of Honour, 5th class of the Medjidie, and Turkish medal).—*Ibid.*

the life of Lieutenant-Colonel Cameron, his commanding officer, who during the action of Bareilly on that day had been knocked from his horse, when three fanatics rushed upon him. Colour-Sergeant Gardner ran out, and in a moment bayoneted two of them, and was in the act of attacking the third, when he was shot down by another soldier of the regiment.—Letter from Captain Macpherson, 42nd Regiment, to Lieutenant-Colonel Cameron, commanding that regiment.

Lance Corporal ALEXANDER THOMPSON.—Date of act of bravery, 15th April, 1858. For daring gallantry on the 15th April, 1858, when at the attack of the fort of Ruhya, in having volunteered to assist Captain Cafe, commanding the 4th Punjaub Rifles, in bringing the body of Lieutenant Willoughby, of that corps, from the top of the glacis, in a most exposed situation, under a heavy fire.

Quartermaster-Sergeant JOHN SIMPSON.—Date of act of bravery, April 15th, 1858. For conspicuous bravery at the attack on the fort of Ruhya on the 15th April, 1858, in having volunteered to go to an exposed point within forty yards of the parapet of the fort under a heavy fire, and brought in, first, Lieutenant Douglas, and afterwards a private soldier, both of whom were dangerously wounded.

Private JAMES DAVIS.—Date of act of bravery, 15th April, 1858. For conspicuous gallantry at the attack on the fort of Ruhya, when, with an advanced party to point out the gate of the fort to the Engineer officer, Private Davis offered to carry the body of Lieutenant Bramley, who was killed at the point, to the regiment. He performed this duty of danger and affection under the very walls of the fort.

Lieutenant FRANCIS EDWARD HENRY FARQUHARSON.\*—  
Date of act of bravery, March 9, 1858. For conspicuous bravery, when engaged before Lucknow, on the 9th March, 1858, in having led a portion of his company, stormed a bastion mounting two guns, and spiked the guns, by which the advanced position held during the night of the 9th March was rendered secure from the fire of artillery. Lieutenant Farquharson was severely wounded, while holding an advanced position, on the morning of the 10th of March.

Private WALTER COOK and Private DUNCAN MILLAR.—  
Date of act of bravery, Jan. 15th, 1859. In the action at Maylah Ghaut, on the 15th Jan., 1859, Brigadier-General Walpole reports that the conduct of Privates Cook and Millar deserves to be particularly pointed out. At the time the fight was the severest, and the few men of the 42nd Regiment were skirmishing so close to the enemy (who were in great numbers), that some of the men were wounded by sword-cuts, and the only officer of the 42nd was carried to the rear, severely wounded, and the colour-sergeant was killed, these soldiers went to the front, took a prominent part in directing the company, and displayed a courage, coolness, and discipline, which was the admiration of all who witnessed it.

Private EDWARD SPENCE would have been recommended to her Majesty for the decoration of "The

\* Now Captain. Captain Farquharson served at the siege of Sebastopol from 14th July, 1855 (medal and clasp, and Turkish medal). Served the campaign of 1857-58 against the mutineers in India, including the actions at Cawnpore 6th December, 1857, Seriaghut, Kudygunge, and Shumsabad, siege and fall of Lucknow, and assault of the Martiniere and Banks' Bungalow (medal and clasp).—*Ibid.*

Victoria Cross" had he survived. He and Lance-Corporal Thompson volunteered at the attack of the Fort of Ruhya on the 15th April, 1858, to assist Captain Cafe, commanding the 4th Punjaub Rifles, in bringing in the body of Lieutenant Willoughby from the top of the glacis. Private Spence dauntlessly placed himself in an exposed position, so as to cover the party bearing away the body. He died on the 17th of the same month from the effects of the wounds which he received on the occasion.

#### **The 43rd Foot.**

Private HENRY ADDISON.—Date of act of bravery, 2nd January, 1859.—For gallant conduct on the 2nd January, 1859, near Kurrereah, in defending against a large force and saving the life of Lieutenant Osborn, Political Agent, who had fallen on the ground wounded. Private Addison received two dangerous wounds and lost a leg in this gallant service.

#### **The 44th Foot.**

Sergeant (No 2,802) WILLIAM M'WHEENEY.—Volunteered as sharpshooter at the commencement of the siege of Sebastopol, and was in charge of the party of the 44th Regiment; was always vigilant and active, and signalised himself on the 20th October, 1854, when one of his party, Private John Keane, 44th Regiment, was dangerously wounded in the Woronzoff Road, at the time the sharpshooters were repulsed from the Quarries by overwhelming numbers. Sergeant M'Wheaney, on his return, took the wounded man on his back, and brought him to a place of safety. This was under a very heavy fire. He was also the means of saving the life of Corporal Courtney. This man was one of the sharpshooters, and was

severely wounded in the head 5th December, 1854. Sergeant M'Wheeney brought him from under fire, and dug up a slight cover with his bayonet, where the two remained until dark, when they retired. Sergeant M'Wheeney volunteered for the advanced guard of General Eyre's brigade, in the Cemetery, on the 18th June, 1855, and was never absent from duty during the war.

Lieutenant ROBERT MONTRESOR ROGERS,\* and Private JOHN M'DOUGALL (No. 220), for distinguished gallantry in swimming the ditches and entering the North Taku Fort, by an embrasure during the assault. They were the first of the English established on the walls of the Fort, which they entered in the order in which their names are here recorded.

#### **The 47th Foot.**

Private (No. 2,040) JOHN M'DERMOND.—For saving the life of Colonel Haly, on the 5th November, 1854, by his intrepid conduct in rushing up to his rescue when lying on the ground disabled, and surrounded by a party of Russians, and killing the man who had disabled him.

#### **The 49th Foot.**

Sergeant GEO. WALTERS.—Highly distinguished himself at the battle of Inkermann, in having rescued Brigadier-General Adams, C.B., when surrounded by Russians, one of whom he bayonnetted.

Corporal JAMES OWENS.—Greatly distinguished himself on the 30th October, 1854, in personal encounter with the

\* Now Captain, 90th Foot. Captain Rogers served with the 44th Regiment at the siege and fall of Sebastopol from 29th August, 1855 (medal and clasp for Sebastopol, and Turkish medal). Also in the Chinese campaign in 1860, and was severely wounded at the storming of the Taku Fort (medal and clasps).—*Ibid.*



Russians, and nobly assisted Major Conolly, Coldstream Guards.

### The Royal Marines.

GEORGE DARE DOWELL, Lieutenant, R.M.A.\*—An explosion having occurred on board one of the rocket-boats of the *Arrogant*, during the attack on some forts near Viborg, Lieutenant Dowell (who was on board the *Ruby* gunboat, while his own boat was receiving a supply of rockets) was the first to jump into the quarter-boat of the *Ruby*, and with three volunteers, himself pulling the stroke-oar, proceeded instantly, under a heavy fire of grape and musketry, to the assistance of the cutter's crew. The Russians endeavoured to prevent his object of saving the men and boat, but Lieutenant Dowell succeeded in taking up three of the boat's crew, and placed them on board the *Ruby*; and, on his returning to the spot, was mainly instrumental in keeping afloat and bringing off the sinking cutter. (Despatch from Rear-Admiral Hon. R. S. Dundas, July 17, 1855, and letter from Colonel Wesley, Deputy Adjutant-General of Royal Marines.)

THOMAS WILKINSON, Bombardier, R.M.A.—Specially recommended for gallant conduct in the advanced batteries, June 5, 1855, in placing sand-bags to repair the work under a galling fire; his name having been sent up on the occasion as worthy of special notice by the Commanding Officer of the Artillery of the right attack. (Letter from Colonel Wesley, Deputy Adjutant-General, R.M.)

JOHN PRETTYJOHN, Corporal, R.M.—Reported for gallantry at the battle of Inkermann, having placed himself in an advanced position, and noticed as having himself shot four

\* Now Captain.

Russians. (Despatch from Lieutenant-Colonel Hopkins, Senior Officer of Marines, engaged at Inkermann, and letter from Colonel Wesley, Deputy Adjutant-General.)

### **The 52nd Foot.**

Bugler ROBERT HAWTHORNE.—Date of act of bravery, September 14, 1857. "Bugler Hawthorne, who accompanied the explosion party, not only performed the dangerous duty on which he was employed, but previously attached himself to Lieutenant Salkeld, of the Engineers, when dangerously wounded, bound up his wounds under a heavy musketry fire, and had him removed without further injury." (General Order of Major-General Sir Archdale Wilson, Bt., K.C.B., dated Head-Quarters, Delhi City, September 21, 1857.)

Lance-Corporal HENRY SMITH.—Date of act of bravery, September 14, 1857. "Lance-Corporal Smith most gallantly carried away a wounded comrade under a heavy fire of grape and musketry on the Chaundee Chouck, in the city of Delhi, on the morning of the assault on the 14th of September, 1857." (General Order of Major-General Sir Archdale Wilson, Bt., K.C.B., dated Head-Quarters, Delhi City, September 21, 1857.)

### **The 53rd Foot.**

Lieutenant ALFRED KIRKE FFRENCH.\*—Date of act of

\* Now Captain. Captain Ffrench served in the Indian campaign of 1857-59, including the relief of Lucknow by Lord Clyde, battle of Cawnpore on 6th December, and pursuit of the Gwalior Contingent to Serai Ghat, action of Khodagunge, and entry into Futtehghur, storm and capture of Meangunge, siege and capture of Lucknow, affair of Koorsie, passage of the Goomtee and occupation of Sultanpore, passage of the Gogra at Fyzabad on 25th November, minor affairs, attack and destruction of the fort of Bungeon (medal and clasps).—*Ibid.*

bravery, 16th Nov., 1857. For conspicuous bravery on the 16th Nov., 1857, at the taking of the Secundra Bagh, Lucknow, when in command of the Grenadier Company, being one of the first to enter the building. His conduct was highly praised by the whole company. Elected by the officers of the regiment.

Sergeant-Major CHARLE PYE.\*—Date of act of bravery, 17th Nov., 1857. For steadiness and fearless conduct under fire at Lucknow, on the 17th Nov., 1857, when bringing up ammunition to the Mess House, and on every occasion when the regiment has been engaged. Elected by the non-commissioned officers of the regiment.

Private J. KENNY.—Date of act of bravery, 16th Nov., 1857. For conspicuous bravery at the taking of the Secundra Bagh, at Lucknow, on the 16th Nov., 1857, and for volunteering to bring up ammunition to his company under a very severe cross fire. Elected by the private soldiers of the regiment.

Private C. IRWIN.—Date of act of bravery, 16th Nov., 1857. For conspicuous bravery at the assault of Secundra Bagh, at Lucknow, on the 16th Nov., 1857. Although severely wounded through the right shoulder, he was one of the first men of the 53rd Regiment who entered the buildings under a very severe fire. Elected by the private soldiers of the regiment.

\* Afterwards promoted to the ranks of Ensign and Lieutenant. Sold out of the Service in 1862. Lieutenant Pye served with the 40th Regiment at the battle of Maharajpore, 29th December, 1843 (bronze star); with the 31st during the Sutlej campaign of 1845-46, including the battles of Moodkee, Zorjesshah, Aliwal and Soobraon (medal and clasps); with the 53rd, in the Punjaub campaign of 1848-49 (medal), the Peshawur campaign of 1852, and Indian mutiny 1857-59 (medal and clasps).—*Ibid.*

Sergeant DENIS DYNON —Date of act of bravery, 2nd Oct., 1857. For conspicuous gallantry in action on the 2nd Oct., 1857, with the mutineers of the Ramgurrh Battalion at Chota Behar, in capturing two guns, particularly the last, when he rushed at and captured it by pistolling the gunners, who were mowing the detachment down with grape, one third of which was *hors-de-combat* at the time.

### The 55th Foot.

Brevet-Major FREDERICK C. ELTON.\*—For distinguished conduct on the night of the 4th August, 1855, when in command of a working party in the advanced trenches in front of the Quarries, in encouraging and inciting his men, by his example, to work under a dreadful fire, and, when there was some hesitation shown, in consequence of the severity of the fire, going into the open, and working with pick and shovel, thus showing the best possible example to the men. In the words of one of them, "There was not another officer in the British army who would have done what Major Elton did that night." In the month of March, 1855, Major Elton volunteered, with a small party of men, to drive off a body of Russians who were destroying one of our new detached works, and succeeded in doing so, taking prisoner one of the enemy with his own hands. On the night of the 7th June, 1855, Major Elton was the first of his party to leave our trenches leading his men; when in the Quarries, he several times rallied his men around him.

\* Now Major, 21st Foot. Major Elton served with the 55th Regiment the Eastern campaign of 1854-55, including the battle of Inkermann, siege and fall of Sebastopol, sortie of 26th October, attack on the Quarries (mentioned in despatches), and assault of the Redan on the 8th September (mentioned in despatches); was wounded in the trenches on the 10th August (medal and clasps, Brevet of Major, Knight of the Legion of Honour, 5th class of the Medjidie, and Turkish medal).—*Ibid.*

**Private THOMAS BEACH.**—For conspicuous gallantry at the battle of Inkermann, 5th Nov., 1854, when on piquet, in attacking several Russians who were plundering Lieutenant-Colonel Carpenter, 41st Regiment, who was lying wounded on the ground. He killed two of the Russians, and protected Lieutenant-Colonel Carpenter until the arrival of some men of the 41st Regiment.

**The 57th Foot.**

**Private (No. 1,971) CHARLES M'CORRIE.**—On the night of the 23rd June, 1855, he threw over the parapet a live shell, which had been thrown from the enemy's battery.

**Colour-Sergeant GEORGE GARDINER.**—Dates of acts of bravery, 22nd March and 18th June, 1855. For distinguished coolness and gallantry upon the occasion of a sortie by the enemy, and when he was acting as Orderly Sergeant to the Field Officers of the trenches—left attack upon Sebastopol—in having rallied the covering parties which had been driven in by the Russians, thus regaining and keeping possession of the trenches; also, for unflinching and devoted courage in the attack on the Redan, on the 18th June, 1855, in having remained, and encouraged others to remain, in the holes made by the explosion of shells, from whence, by making parapets of the dead bodies of their comrades, they kept up a continuous fire until their ammunition was exhausted, thus clearing the enemy from the parapet of the Redan. This was done under a fire in which nearly half the officers and a third of the rank and file of the party of the regiment were placed *hors de combat*.

**Ensign JOHN THORNTON DOWN and Drummer DUDLEY STAGPOOLE.**—Date of acts of bravery, Oct. 2, 1863. For their conduct

at Pontoko, on the 2nd Oct., 1863, in rescuing a wounded comrade from the rebel Maories. They succeeded in bringing in the wounded man, who was lying at about fifty yards from the bush, although the enemy kept up a very heavy fire from the bush at short range, and also from behind fallen logs close at hand. The man had been wounded during an engagement with the rebel natives, and Ensign Down and Drummer Stagpoole responded to the call of the officer commanding the detachment of the regiment for volunteers to bring him in. The medal for distinguished conduct in the field has already been conferred on Drummer Stagpoole, for the energy and devotion which he displayed on the 25th Sept., 1863, at the affair near Kaipakopako, in having, though wounded in the head, twice volunteered and brought in wounded men.

#### The 60th Rifle Corps.

Private V. BAMBRICK, 1st Batt.—Date of act of bravery, 6th May, 1858. For conspicuous bravery at Bareilly, on the 6th May, 1858, when in a Serai, he was attacked by three Ghazees, one of whom he cut down. He was wounded twice on this occasion.

Lieutenant ALFRED SPENCER HEATHCOTE.\*—For highly gallant and daring conduct at Delhi throughout the siege,

\* Lieutenant Heathcote sold out of the Service in 1863. He served the campaign of 1857-58 against the mutineers in India, including the actions on the Hindun, battle of Budle ke Serai and taking the heights before Delhi, subsequent siege operations, assault and capture of the city with the final attack on and occupation of the palace; campaign in Rohilkund, including the actions of Bungawalla and Nugena, relief of Moradabad, action on the Dojura, assault and capture of Bareilly, attack and bombardment of Shajehanpore defeat of the rebels and relief of the garrison, capture of the fort of Bunnai, pursuit of the enemy to the left bank of the Goomtee, and destruction of the fort of Mahomdee, attack and destruction of Shahabad (medal and clasp). Lieutenant Heathcote was wounded before Delhi on 17th June, and served throughout the campaign of 1860 in China (medal).—*Ibid.*

from June to Sept., 1857, during which he was wounded. He volunteered for services of extreme danger, especially during the six days of severe fighting in the streets, after the assault. Elected by the officers of his regiment.

Colour-Sergeant GEORGE WALLER, 1st Batt.—Dates of acts of bravery, 14th and 18th Sept., 1857. For conspicuous bravery at Delhi on Sept. 14, 1857, in charging and capturing the enemy's guns near the Cabul Gate; and again, on Sept. 18, 1857, in the repulse of a sudden attack made by the enemy on a gun near the Chaudney Chouk. Elected by the non-commissioned officers of the regiment.

Colour-Sergeant STEPHEN GARVIN, 1st Batt.—Date of act of bravery, 23rd June, 1857. For daring and gallant conduct before Delhi on the 23rd June, 1857, in volunteering to lead a small party of men, under a heavy fire to the "Sammy House," for the purpose of dislodging a number of the enemy in position there, who kept up a destructive fire on the advanced battery of heavy guns, in which, after a sharp contest, he succeeded. Also recommended for gallant conduct throughout the operations before Delhi.

Bugler WILLIAM SUTTON, 1st Batt.—Date of act of bravery, 13th Sept., 1857. For gallant conduct at Delhi on the 13th Sept., 1857, the night previous to the assault, in volunteering to reconnoitre the breach. This soldier's conduct was conspicuous throughout the operations, especially on the 2nd Aug., 1857, on which occasion, during an attack by the enemy in force, he rushed forward over the trenches, and killed one of the enemy's buglers, who was in the act of sounding. Elected by the privates of the regiment.

Private JOHN DIVANE, 1st Batt.—Date of act of

bravery, 10th Sept., 1857. For distinguished gallantry in heading a successful charge made by the Beeloochee and Sikh troops on one of the enemy's trenches before Delhi, on the 10th Sept., 1857. He leaped out of our trenches, closely followed by the native troops, and was shot down from the top of the enemy's breastworks. Elected by the privates of the regiment.

Private JAMES THOMPSON, 1st Batt.—Date of act of bravery, 9th July, 1857. For gallant conduct in saving the life of his captain (Captain Wilton), on the 9th July, 1857, by dashing forward to his relief, when that officer was surrounded by a party of Ghazees, who made a sudden rush on him from a Serai—and killing two of them before further assistance could reach. Also recommended for conspicuous conduct throughout the siege. Wounded. Elected by the privates of the regiment.

Private SAMUEL TURNER, 1st Batt.—Date of act of bravery, 19th June, 1857. For having at Delhi, on the night of the 19th June, 1857, during a severe conflict with the enemy, who attacked the rear of the camp, carried off on his shoulders, under a heavy fire, a mortally wounded officer, Lieutenant Humphreys, of the Indian Service. During this service Private Turner was wounded by a sabre cut in the right arm. His gallant conduct saved the above-named officer from the fate of others, whose mangled remains were not recovered until the following day.

#### The 61st Foot.

Surgeon HEBERT TAYLOR READE.\*—Dates of acts of bravery,

\* Now serving on the Army Medical Staff at Madras. Surgeon Reade served in medical charge of the 61st Regiment at the siege of Delhi from



14th and 16th Sept., 1857. During the siege of Delhi, on the 14th Sept., 1857, while Surgeon Reade was attending to the wounded at the end of one of the streets of the city, a party of rebels advanced from the direction of the Bank, and having established themselves in the houses in the street, commenced firing from the roofs. The wounded were thus in very great danger, and would have fallen into the hands of the enemy had not Surgeon Reade drawn his sword, and calling upon the few soldiers who were near to follow, succeeded, after a very heavy fire, in dislodging the rebels from their position. Surgeon Reade's party consisted of about ten in all, of whom two were killed and five or six wounded. Surgeon Reade also accompanied the regiment at the assault of Delhi, and on the morning of the 16th Sept., 1857, was one of the first up at the breach in the magazine, which was stormed by the 61st Regiment and Belooch Battalion, upon which occasion he, with a sergeant of the 61st Regiment, spiked one of the enemy's guns.

#### **The 64th Foot.**

Drummer THOMAS FLINN.—Date of act of bravery, 28th Nov., 1857. For conspicuous gallantry in the charge on the enemy's (India) guns on the 28th of Nov., 1857, when, being himself wounded, he engaged in a hand-to-hand encounter with two of the rebel artillerymen.

1st July, 1857, to the final capture of the city on 20th September; was present at the repulse of the sorties of the 4th, 9th, 18th, and 23rd July, accompanied the regiment at the assault of the city on the 14th September, and subsequently with a small party of the 61st repulsed an attack of about 300 sepoys on some wounded men whose lives were thereby saved; on the 16th September was one of the first up the breach at the storming of the magazine and with a sergeant spiked a gun—mentioned in despatch, and recommended for promotion for "unwearied exertions and gallant conduct in the field" during the siege and assault of Delhi (medal and clasp).—*Ibid.*

**The 65th Foot.**

Colour-Sergeant EDWARD M'KENNA.\*—For gallant conduct at the engagement near Cameron Town, New Zealand, on the 7th of Sept., 1863, after both his officers, Captain Smith and Lieutenant Butler, had been shot, in charging through the position of an enemy heavily outnumbering him, and drawing off his small force, consisting of two sergeants, one bugler, and 35 men, through a broken and rugged country, with the loss of but one man killed and another missing. Lieutenant-General Cameron, C.B., commanding Her Majesty's forces in that colony, reports that in Colour-Sergeant M'Kenna the detachment found a commander whose coolness, intrepidity, and judgment justified the confidence placed in him by the soldiers brought so suddenly under his command.

Lance-Corporal (No. 261) JOHN RYAN.—For gallant conduct at the engagement near Cameron Town, above referred to. This non-commissioned officer, with privates Bulford and Talbot of the same regiment, who have been recommended for the medal for distinguished conduct in the field, for their behaviour on the same occasion, removed the body of the late Captain Swift from the field of action, after he had been mortally wounded, and remained with it all night in a bush surrounded by the enemy. Date of act of bravery, 7th of Sept., 1863.

**The 67th Foot.**

Lieutenant EDMUND HENRY LENON.†—For distinguished gallantry in swimming the ditches and entering the North

\* Now Ensign.

† Now Captain. Captain Lenon served throughout the campaign of 1860 in China, including the action of Sinho, taking of Tonghoo, and was contused at the taking of the Taku Fort; also present at the surrender of Peking (mentioned in despatches, medal and clasps).—*Ibid.*

Taku Fort by an embrasure during the assault. He was one of the first of the English established on the walls of the Fort.

Lieutenant NATHANIEL BURSLEM,\* and Private THOMAS LANE (No. 612).—For distinguished gallantry in swimming the ditches of the North Taku Fort, and persevering in attempting during the assault, and before the entrance of the Fort had been effected by any one, to enlarge an opening in the wall, through which they eventually entered, and in doing so were both severely wounded.

Ensign JOHN WORTHY CHAPLIN.†—For distinguished gallantry at the North Taku Fort. This officer was carrying the Queen's colours of the regiment, and first planted the colours on the breach made by the storming party, assisted by Private Lane, and subsequently on the cavalier of the Fort, which he was the first to mount. In doing this he was severely wounded.

#### The 68th Foot.

Captain T. DE COURCY HAMILTON.‡—For having, on the night of the 11th May, 1855, during a most determined sortie, boldly charged the enemy, with a small force, from a battery of which they had obtained possession in great numbers, thereby saving the works from falling into the hands of

\* Now Captain, 60th Rifles. Captain Burslem served with the 67th Regiment throughout the campaign of 1860 in China, including the storming of the Taku Fort, and was badly wounded in three places and mentioned in despatches; also present at the surrender of Peking (medal and clasps).—*Ibid.*

† Now Lieutenant, late 100th Foot.

‡ Now Major, 8th Foot. Major Hamilton served with the 90th Regiment in Kafirland during the whole of the war of 1846-47 (medal). Served with the 68th Light Infantry the Eastern campaign of 1854-55, including the battles of Alma and Inkermann, siege and fall of Sebastopol (medal and clasps, Knight of the Legion of Honour, and Turkish medal).—*Ibid.*

the enemy. He was conspicuous on this occasion for his gallantry and daring conduct.

Private JOHN BYRNE.—At the battle of Inkermann, when the regiment was ordered to retire, private John Byrne went back towards the enemy, and, at risk of his own life, brought in a wounded soldier, under fire. On the 11th May, 1855, he bravely engaged in a hand-to-hand contest with one of the enemy on the parapet of the work he was defending, prevented the entrance of the enemy, killed his antagonist, and captured his arms.

#### The 71st Foot.

Private GEORGE RODGERS.—For daring conduct at Marar, Gwalior, on the 16th of June, 1858, in attacking by himself a party of seven rebels, one of whom he killed. This was remarked as a valuable service, the party of rebels being well armed and strongly posted in the line of advance of a detachment of the 71st.

#### The 72nd Foot

Lieutenant AYLMER SPICER CAMERON.\* — Date of act of bravery, 30th March, 1858. For conspicuous bravery on the 30th of March, 1858, at Kotah, in having headed a small party of men, and attacked a body of armed fanatic rebels, strongly posted in a loop-holed house, with one narrow entrance. Lieutenant Cameron stormed the house, and killed three rebels in single combat. He was

\* Now Captain, 25th Foot. Captain Cameron served with the 72nd Highlanders in the Crimea from 13th June, 1855, including the expedition to Kertch, siege and fall of Sebastopol, and attack of the 18th June (medal and clasp, and Turkish medal). From the 9th October, 1855, to 8th March, 1856, he served as Assistant-Engineer to the Highland division. Served in the Indian campaign; was also present in the actions of Bunass and Pertabghur, at which latter he commanded two companies of the 72nd, and was mentioned in despatches (medal and clasps).—*Ibid.*

severely wounded, having lost half of one hand by a stroke from a tulwar.

### **The 75th Foot.**

Private PATRICK GREEN.—Date of act of bravery Sept. 11, 1857.—For the act of bravery recorded in a General Order issued by the Commander-in-Chief in India, of which the following is a copy: "General Order.—Head-Quarters, Allahabad, July 28, 1858.—The Commander-in-Chief in India is pleased to approve that the under-mentioned soldier is presented, in the name of Her Most Gracious Majesty, with a medal of the Victoria Cross, for valour and daring in the field, viz., Private Patrick Green, Her Majesty's 75th Foot, for having, on the 11th of September, 1857, when the picket at Koodsia Baugh, at Delhi, was hotly pressed by a large body of the enemy, successfully rescued a comrade who had fallen wounded as a skirmisher. (Signed) C. Campbell, General Commanding-in-Chief, East Indies."

Lieutenant RICHARD WADESON.\*—Date of act of bravery, 18th July, 1857.—For conspicuous bravery at Delhi, on the 18th of July, 1857, when the regiment was engaged in the Subjee Mundee, in having saved the life of Private Michael Farrell, when attacked by a Sowar of the enemy's cavalry, and killing the Sowar. Also, on the same day, for rescuing Private John Barry, of the same regiment, when, wounded and helpless, he was attacked by a cavalry Sowar, whom Lieutenant Wadeson killed.

Colour-Sergeant CORNELIUS COGHLAN.—Dates of acts of

\* Lieutenant Wadeson served in the Indian campaign of 1857 from the outbreak on 12th May, including the battle of Budleekaserai, siege operations before Delhi and repulse of sorties on 12th and 15th June, and of night attacks on the camp on 19th and 23rd June, and 14th and 18th July, storming (severely wounded) and capture of Delhi (medal and clasp).—*Ibid.*

bravery, June 8th and July 18th, 1857.—For gallantly venturing, under a heavy fire, with three others, into a Serai occupied by the enemy in great numbers, and removing Private Corbett, 75th Regiment, who lay severely wounded. Also for cheering and encouraging a party which hesitated to charge down a lane in Subzee Mundee, at Delhi, lined on each side with huts, and raked by a cross fire, then entering with the said party into an enclosure filled with the enemy, and destroying every man. For having also, on the same occasion, returned under a cross fire to collect dhoolies, and carry off the wounded; a service which was successfully performed, and for which this man obtained great praise from the officers of his regiment.

#### **The 77th Foot.**

Sergeant (No. 2,600) JOHN PARK.—For conspicuous bravery at the battles of Alma and Inkermann. Highly distinguished at the taking of the Russian rifle pits, on the night of the 19th April, 1855. His valour during that attack called forth the approbation of the late Colonel Egerton. He was severely wounded. Remarked for determined resolution at both attacks on the Redan.

Private (No. 2,239) ALEX. WRIGHT.—For conspicuous bravery through the whole Crimean war. Highly distinguished himself on the night of the 22nd March, 1855, in repelling a sortie. Highly distinguished at the taking of the Russian rifle pits, on the night of the 19th April, 1855; remarked for the great encouragement he gave the men while holding the pits under a terrible fire. He was wounded. Highly distinguished on the 30th August, 1855 (wounded).

**The 78th Foot.**

Lieutenant JOSEPH P. H. CROWE.\*—"For being the first to enter the Redoubt at Bourzekee Chowkee, the entrenched village in front of the Buserut-gunge, on the 12th August." (Telegram from the late Major-General Havelock to the Commander-in-Chief in India. Dated Cawnpore, 18th August, 1857.)

Lieutenant HERBERT TAYLOR MACPHERSON.†—Date of act of bravery, 25th of Sept., 1857. "For distinguished conduct at Lucknow on the 25th Sept., 1857, in setting an example of heroic gallantry to the men of the regiment at the period of the action, in which they captured two brass nine-pounders at the point of the bayonet." (Extract from Field Force Orders of the late Major-General Havelock, dated 17th Oct., 1857.)

Assistant-Surgeon VALENTINE MUNBEE M'MASTER.‡—Date of act of bravery, 25th Sept., 1857. "For the intrepidity

\* Now Brevet-Major and Captain, 10th Foot. Major Crowe served with the 78th Highlanders in the Persian campaign in 1856 and was present in the action of Kooshab and bombardment of Mohumrah (medal). Served in India with Havelock's column from its first taking the field in 1857, including the actions of Futtehpore, Pandoo Nuddee, Cawnpore, Oonao, Buseerut-gunge, Boorbeakechowkee, Mungarwar, and Alumbagh, relief of Lucknow (wounded), defence of Alumbagh under Outram, siege and capture of Lucknow, relief of Azimghur, and operations near Jugdespore (medal and two clasps, Brevet of Major, and grant of a year's service for Lucknow).—*Ibid.*

† Now Brevet-Major and Captain, Bengal Staff Corps. Major Macpherson served in the Persian war in 1857 as Adjutant 78th Highlanders, including the night attack and battle of Kooshab, and bombardment of Mohumrah (medal and clasp). Served in Bengal with Havelock's column, present in the actions of Oonao (wounded), Buseerut-gunge (1st and 2nd), Boorbeakechowkee, and Bithoor, and in the several actions leading to and ending in the relief of the Residency at Lucknow and subsequent defence; with Outram's force at Alumbagh, including the repulse of the numerous attacks, and served as a Brigade Major in the operations ending in the final capture of Lucknow—wounded (medal and clasps, and Brevet of Major).—*Ibid.*

‡ Assistant-Surgeon M'Master served in the Persian war in 1857, including the night attack and battle of Kooshab, and bombardment of Mohumrah (medal and clasp). Left Allahabad with Havelock's column in July, 1857, and was present in all the operations resulting in the recapture of Cawnpore,

with which he exposed himself to the fire of the enemy, in bringing in and attending to the wounded on the 25th of Sept. at Lucknow." (Extract from Field Force Orders of the late Major-General Havelock, dated 17th Oct., 1857.)

Private HENRY WARD.—Dates of acts of bravery, 25th and 26th Sept., 1857. "For his gallant and devoted conduct in having, on the night of the 25th and morning of Sept. 26th, 1857, remained by the dooly of Lieutenant H. M. Havelock, 10th Foot, Deputy-Assistant-Adjutant-General, Field Force, who was severely wounded, and on the morning of the 26th of Sept. escorted that officer and Private Thomas Pilkington, 78th Highlanders, who was also wounded, and had taken refuge in the same dooly, through a very heavy cross fire of ordnance and musketry. This soldier remained by the side of the dooly, and by his example and exertions kept the dooly bearers from dropping their double load through the heavy fire, with the same steadiness as if on parade, thus saving the lives of both, and bringing them in safety to the Baillie Guard." (Extract from Divisional Orders of Major-General Sir James Outram, G.C.B., dated 27th Oct., 1857.)

Private JAMES HOLLOWELL.—Date of act of bravery, 26th Sept., 1857. "A party on the 26th Sept., 1857, was shut up and besieged in a house in the city of Lucknow by the rebel Sepoys. Private James Hollowell, one of the party, behaved throughout the day in the most admirable manner; he directed, encouraged, and led the others, exposing himself

and in the first advance into Oude, and subsequent engagements up to 12th August; present on the second advance into Oude and in all the actions ending in the relief of the Residency of Lucknow and subsequent defence, including several sorties (wounded); with Outram's force at Alumbagh until the capture of Lucknow; the Rohilcund campaign and capture of Bareilly (medal and clasp).—*Ibid.*



fearlessly, and by his talent in persuading and cheering, prevailed on nine dissipated men to make a successful defence in a burning house, with the enemy firing through four windows." (Extract from Divisional Orders of Major-General Sir James Outram, G.C.B., dated 17th Oct., 1857.)

Colour-Sergeant STEWART M'PHERSON.—For daring gallantry in the Lucknow Residency on the 26th of Sept., 1857, in having rescued, at great personal risk, a wounded private of his company, who was lying in a most exposed situation, under a very heavy fire. Colour-Sergeant M'Pherson was also distinguished on many occasions by his coolness and gallantry in action.

Lieutenant ANDREW CATHCART BOGLE.\*—Date of act of bravery, 29th July, 1857. For conspicuous gallantry on the 29th July, 1857, in the attack at Oonao, in leading the way into a loop-holed house, strongly occupied by the enemy, from which a heavy fire harassed the advance of his regiment. Captain Bogle was severely wounded in this important service.

Surgeon JOSEPH JEE,† C.B.—Date of act of bravery, 25th Sept., 1857. For most conspicuous gallantry and important services on the entry of the late Major-General

\* Now Captain, 10th Foot, and Aide-de-Camp to Lieutenant-General Pennefather, commanding at Aldershot. Captain Bogle served with the 78th Highlanders during the Persian war in 1857, including the bombardment of Mohumrah (medal and clasp). Served in Bengal with Havelock's column from its first taking the field in 1857, including the actions of Futtehpore, Aoung, Pandoo Nuddee, Cawnpore, Oonao, where he was severely wounded, and mentioned in despatches for "conspicuous gallantry," and Busseerut-gunge. Present at Cawnpore under Windham when attacked by the Gwalior mutineers. Served as Adjutant to the regiment in the force under Outram at Alumbagh, including the repulse of the numerous attacks, and also in the operations ending in the final capture of Lucknow. In Rohilcund in 1858 under Lord Clyde and at the action of Bareilly (medal and clasp).—*Ibid.*

† Now Surgeon-Major. Surgeon-Major Jee served in the Persian war in 1857, including the night attack and battle of Kooshab, and bombardment of Mohumrah (medal and clasp). Served with Havelock's column in the several

Havelock's relieving force into Lucknow, on Sept. 25, 1857, in having during action (when the 78th Highlanders, then in possession of the Char Bagh, captured two 9-pounders at the point of the bayonet), by great exertion and devoted exposure, attended to the large number of men wounded in the charge, whom he succeeded in getting removed on cots and the backs of their comrades, until he had collected the dooly bearers, who had fled. Subsequently, on the same day, in endeavouring to reach the Residency with the wounded men, Surgeon Jee became besieged by an overwhelming force in the Mote-Mehal, where he remained during the whole night and following morning voluntarily and repeatedly exposing himself to a heavy fire in proceeding to dress the wounded men who fell while serving a 24-pounder in a most exposed situation. He eventually succeeded in taking many of the wounded, through a cross fire of ordnance and musketry, safely into the Residency, by the river-bank, although repeatedly warned not to make the perilous attempt.

#### **The 84th Foot.**

Sergeant-Major **GEORGE LAMBERT**. \*—Dates of acts of bravery, 29th July, 16th August, and 25th Sept., 1857. "For distinguished conduct at Onao, on the 29th of July; at Bithoor on the 16th of August; and at Lucknow on the 25th of Sept." (Extract from Field Force Orders of the late Major-General Havelock, dated 17th Oct., 1857.)

Lance-Corporal **ABRAHAM BOULGER**.—Dates of acts of bravery,

actions leading to and ending in the relief of the Residency of Lucknow and subsequent defence; with Outram's force at Alumbagh, including the repulse of the numerous attacks, and operations ending in the final capture of Lucknow; present with Brigadier Campbell's column in the affairs of 20th and 21st March; also the Rohilcund campaign in 1858 and capture of Bareilly (medal and clasp, C.B., and a year's service for Lucknow).—*Ibid*.

\* Afterwards promoted to be Ensign.

from 12th July to 25th Sept., 1857. "For distinguished bravery and forwardness, as a skirmisher, in all the twelve actions fought between 12th July and 25th Sept., 1857." (Extract from Field Force Orders of the late Major-General Havelock, dated 17th Oct., 1857.)

Private JOEL HOLMES.—"For distinguished conduct in volunteering to assist in working a gun of Captain Maude's Battery under a heavy fire, from which gun nearly all the artillerymen had been shot away." (Extract from Field Force Orders of the late Major-General Havelock, dated 17th Oct., 1857.)

Private P. MYLOT.\*—For being foremost in rushing across a road, under a shower of balls, to take an opposite enclosure ; and for gallant conduct at every engagement at which he was present with his regiment, from 12th of July 1857, to the relief of the Lucknow garrison. Elected by the private soldiers of the regiment.

Captain the Hon. AUGUSTUS HENRY ARCHIBALD ANSON.†—Dates of acts of bravery, 28th Sept. and 16th Nov., 1857. For conspicuous bravery at Bolundshahur on the 28th Sept., 1857. The 9th Light Dragoons had charged through the town, and were re-forming in the Serai ; the enemy attempted to close the entrance by drawing their carts across it, so as to shut in the cavalry and form a cover from which to fire upon

\* Afterwards promoted to be Ensign.

† Now Major, half-pay, late 7th Hussars. Major Anson served with the Rifle Brigade at the siege of Sebastopol from Jan. 1855 (Medal and Clasp, and 5th Class of the Medjidie). Served in the Indian campaign of 1857-58 as Aide-de-Camp to General Grant, and was present at the siege and capture of Delhi (wounded), action at Bolundshuhur, the second relief of Lucknow and assault of the Secundra Bagh (wounded and horse killed), assault and capture of Lucknow, and affairs at Koorsee and Barree ; was thanked by the Governor General in Council and repeatedly mentioned in despatches (medal and clasps, and Brevet of Major).—*Ibid.*

them. Captain Anson, taking a lance, dashed out of the gateway, and knocked the drivers off their carts. Owing to a wound in his left hand, received at Delhi, he could not stop his horse, and rode into the middle of the enemy, who fired a volley at him, one ball passing through his coat. At Lucknow, at the assault of the Secundra Bagh on 16th Nov., 1857, he entered with the storming party on the gates being burst open. He had his horse killed, and was himself slightly wounded. He has shown the greatest gallantry on every occasion, and has slain many enemies in fight. (Despatch from Major-General Sir James Hope Grant, K.C.B., dated 12th August, 1858.)

Lance-Corporal Sinnott.—Date of act of bravery, 6th Oct., 1857. For conspicuous gallantry at Lucknow, on the 6th of Oct., 1857, in going out with Sergeants Glinn and Mullins, and Private Mullins, to rescue Lieutenant Gibaut, who, in carrying out water to extinguish a fire in the breastwork, had been mortally wounded, and lay outside. They brought in the body under a heavy fire. Lance-Corporal Sinnott was twice wounded. His comrades unanimously elected him for the Victoria Cross, as the most worthy. He had previously repeatedly accompanied Lieutenant Gibaut when he carried out water to extinguish the fire. (Despatch from Lieutenant-General Sir James Outram, Bart., G.C.B., dated 2nd Dec., 1857.)

#### **The 86th Foot.**

Lieutenant and Adjutant HUGH STEWART COCHRANE.\*—Date of act of bravery, 1st April, 1858. For conspicuous

\* Now Brevet Major and Captain 7th Foot. Major Cochrane served as Adjutant of the 86th Regiment in the Central India campaign under Sir Hugh Rose, and was present at the storm and capture of the hill fort of Chandairee (slightly wounded), battle of Betwa (three horses shot under him), siege, storm,

gallantry near Jhansi on the 1st of April, 1858, when No. 1 Company of the regiment was ordered to take a gun, in dashing forward at a gallop, under a heavy musketry and artillery fire, driving the enemy from the gun, and keeping possession of it till the company came up. Also for conspicuous gallantry in attacking the rear-guard of the enemy, when he had three horses shot under him in succession. (Despatch from Major-General Sir Hugh Rose, G.C.B., dated 23rd April, 1858.)

Captain HENRY EDWARD JEROME.\*—Dates of acts of bravery, 3rd April and 28th May, 1858. For conspicuous gallantry at Jhansi on the 3rd of April, 1858, in having, with the assistance of Private Byrne, removed, under a very heavy fire, Lieutenant Sewell, of the 86th Regiment, who was severely wounded, at a very exposed point of the attack upon the Fort; also for gallant conduct at the capture of the fort of Chundairee, the storming of Jhansi, and in action with a superior rebel force on the Jumna on the 28th of May, 1858. when he was severely wounded.

Private JAMES BYRNE.—For gallant conduct on the 3rd of April, 1858, at the attack on the fort at Jhansi, in carrying

and capture of the city and fortress of Jhansi, where, under a tremendous fire from the fort, he planted the British flag on the top of the Palace; battle and capture of Koonch, various actions before Calpee from 15th to 21st May, 1858, battle of Gowlowlee, capture of the city and fortress of Calpee, battle of Morar, battle before and capture of the city and fortress of Gwalior; commanded Irregular Cavalry under Sir Robert Napier in pursuit of Tantia Topee and Ferozshah in the jungles of Central India (mentioned in despatches, medal and clasp).—*Ibid.*

\* Now Brevet Major and Captain 19th Foot. Major Jerome served in the Indian campaign of 1857-59, including operations against the rebel tribes in Goojerat, storm and capture of Chundairee—led the storming party, siege and capture of Jhansi. Mentioned in despatches; also present at the action of Koonch and at the various engagements before Calpee—severely and dangerously wounded, mentioned in despatches, Brevet of Major (medal and clasp).—*Ibid.*

Lieutenant Sewell, who was lying badly wounded to a place of safety, under a very heavy fire, assisted by Captain Jerome, in the performance of which act he was wounded by a sword cut.

Private (No. 1,882) JAMES PEARSON.\*—Date of act of bravery, 3rd April, 1858.—For having gallantly attacked a number of armed rebels, on the occasion of the storming of Jhansi, on 3rd April, 1858, one of whom he killed, and bayoneted two others. He was himself wounded in the attack. Also for having brought in at Calpee, under a heavy fire, Private Michael Burns, who afterwards died of his wounds.

#### The 90th Foot.

Private (No. 2,932) JOHN ALEXANDER.—After the attack on the Redan, 18th June, 1855, went out of the trenches under a very heavy fire, and brought in several wounded men. Also, when with a working party in the most advanced trench, on 6th September, 1855, went out in front of the trenches, under a very heavy fire, and assisted in bringing in Captain Buckley, Scots Fusilier Guards, lying dangerously wounded.

Surgeon ANTHONY DICKSON HOME.†—Date of act of bravery, 26th September, 1857. For persevering bravery and admirable conduct in charge of the wounded men left behind the column, when the troops under the late Major-General Havelock forced their way into the Residency of Lucknow, on the 26th September, 1857. The escort left with the

\* Afterwards in 56th Foot.

† Now Surgeon on the Army Medical Staff at New Zealand. Surgeon Home served in the Eastern campaign of 1854-55, including the battle of Alma and siege of Sebastopol (medal and clasps, and Turkish medal).—*Ibid.*

wounded had, by casualties, been reduced to a few stragglers, and being entirely separated from the column, this small party with the wounded were forced into a house, in which they defended themselves till it was set on fire. They then retreated to a shed a few yards from it, and in this place continued to defend themselves for more than twenty-two hours, till relieved. At last only six men and Mr. Home remained to fire. Of four officers who were with the party, all were badly wounded, and three subsequently died. The conduct of the defence during the latter part of the time devolved therefore on Mr. Home, and to his active exertions previously to his being forced into the house, and his good conduct throughout, the safety of any of the wounded, and the successful defence is mainly to be attributed.

Assistant-Surgeon WILLIAM BRADSHAW.—Date of act bravery 26th September, 1857. For intrepidity and good conduct when ordered with Surgeon Home, 90th Regiment, to remove the wounded men left behind the column that forced its way into the Residency of Lucknow, on the 26th September, 1857. The dooly bearers had left the doolies, but by great exertions, and notwithstanding the close proximity of the Sepoys, Surgeon Home and Assistant-Surgeon Bradshaw got some of the bearers together, and Assistant-Surgeon Bradshaw, with about twenty doolies, becoming separated from the rest of the party, succeeded in reaching the Residency in safety by the river bank.

Major JOHN CHRISTOPHER GUISE.\*—Dates of acts of bravery, 16th and 17th November, 1857. For conspicuous

\* Now Lieutenant-Colonel retired on temporary half-pay. Lieutenant-Colonel Guise served in the Crimea from 5th to 24th Dec., 1854 (medal with clasp for Sebastopol, and Turkish medal). Served in the Indian

gallantry in action on the 16th and 17th of November, 1857, at Lucknow. Elected by the officers of the regiment.

Sergeant S. HILL.—Dates of acts of bravery, 16th and 17th November, 1857. For gallant conduct on the 16th and 17th November, 1857, at the storming of the Secundra Bagh at Lucknow, in saving the life of Captain Irby, warding off with his firelock a tulwar cut made at his head by a Sepoy, and in going out under a heavy fire to help two wounded men. Also for general gallant conduct throughout the operations for the relief of the Lucknow garrison. Elected by the officers of the regiment.

Private P. GRAHAM.—Date of act of bravery, 17th November, 1857. For bringing in a wounded comrade under a very heavy fire, on the 17th of November, 1857, at Lucknow. Elected by the private soldiers of the regiment.

Lieutenant and Adjutant WILLIAM RENNIE.\*—Dates of acts of bravery, 21st and 25th September, 1857. For conspicuous gallantry in the advance upon Lucknow, under the late Major-General Havelock, on the 21st of September, 1857, in having charged the enemy's guns in advance of the skirmishers of the 90th Light Infantry, under a heavy musketry fire, and prevented their dragging off one gun, which was consequently captured. For conspicuous gallantry at

campaign, including the siege and capture of Lucknow, where he led the attack upon the Secunderabagh, (mentioned in despatches, Brevet of Lieutenant-Colonel, medal and clasp).—*Ibid.*

\* Now Captain. Captain Rennie served with the 73rd Regiment in Monte Video during its blockade in 1846. Also in the Kaffir war of 1846-47, and throughout that of 1850-53 (Medal), and was present in numerous engagements, and at the battle of Berea, and was promoted for gallant conduct in the field. Served with the 90th Light Infantry throughout the Indian campaign of 1857-59, entered Lucknow with Havelock's column (wounded), and served at the relief of Lucknow (medal and clasp).—*Ibid.*



Lucknow on the 25th of September, 1857, in having charged in advance of the 90th column, in the face of a heavy fire of grape, and forced the enemy to abandon their guns.

### **The 93rd Foot.**

Captain WILLIAM GEORGE DRUMMOND STEWART.\*—Date of act of bravery, 16th Nov., 1857. For distinguished personal gallantry at Lucknow, on the 16th Nov., 1857, in leading an attack upon and capturing two guns, by which the position of the mess-house was secured. Elected by the officers of the regiment.

Sergeant J. PATON.—Date of act of bravery, 16th Nov., 1857. For distinguished personal gallantry at Lucknow, on the 16th Nov., 1857, in proceeding alone round the Shah Nujjiff under an extremely heavy fire, discovering a breach on the opposite side, to which he afterwards conducted the regiment, by which means that important position was taken. Elected by the non-commissioned officers of the regiment.

Lance-Corporal J. DUNLEY.—Date of act of bravery, 16th Nov., 1857. For being the first man, now surviving, of the regiment, who, on the 16th Nov., 1857, entered one of the breaches in the Secundra Bagh, at Lucknow, with Captain Burroughs, whom he most gallantly supported against superior numbers. Elected by the private soldiers of the regiment.

Private D. MACKAY.—Date of act of bravery, 16th Nov., 1857. For great personal gallantry in capturing an enemy's colour after a most obstinate resistance, at the Secundra Bagh,

\* Now Major unattached. Major Stewart served, with the 93rd Highlanders, the Eastern campaign of 1854-55, including the battles of Alma and Balaklava, siege and fall of Sebastopol (medal and three clasps, 5th Class of the Medjidie, and Turkish medal).—*Ibid.*

Lucknow, on the 16th Nov., 1857. He was severely wounded afterwards at the capture of the Shah Nujjiff. Elected by the private soldiers of the regiment.

Private P. GRANT.—Date of act of bravery, 16th Nov., 1857. For great personal gallantry, on 16th Nov., 1857, at the Secundra Bagh, in killing five of the enemy with one of their own swords, who were attempting to follow Lieutenant Colonel Ewart, when that officer was carrying a colour which he had captured. Elected by the private soldiers of the regiment.

Lieutenant and Adjutant WILLIAM M'BEAN.\*—Date of act of bravery, 11th March, 1858. For distinguished personal bravery in killing eleven of the enemy with his own hand in the main breach of the Begum Bagh at Lucknow on the 11th March, 1858.

Colour-Sergeant JAMES MUNRO.—Date of act of bravery, 16th Nov., 1857. For devoted gallantry at Secunderabagh, on the 16th Nov., 1857, in having promptly rushed to the rescue of Captain E. Walsh, of the same corps, when wounded, and in danger of his life, whom he carried to a place of comparative safety, to which place the Sergeant was brought in, very shortly afterwards, badly wounded.

#### The 95th Foot.

Private BERNARD M'QUIET.—Date of act of bravery, 6th Jan., 1858. For gallant conduct on the 6th Jan., 1858, at the capture of the entrenched town of Rowa, when he was severely and dangerously wounded in a hand-to-hand fight

\* Now Brevet-Major. Major M'Bean served at the siege and fall of Sebastopol from 10th Dec., 1854 (medal and clasp, 5th Class of the Medjidie, and Turkish medal).—*Ibid.*

with three men, of whom he killed one and wounded another. He received five sabre cuts and a musket shot in this service.

#### **The 97th Foot.**

Brevet-Major CHAS. HENRY LUMLEY.\*—For having distinguished himself highly by his bravery at the assault on the Redan, 8th Sept., 1855, being among the first inside the work, where he was immediately engaged with three Russian gunners reloading a field-piece, who attacked him; he shot two of them with his revolver, when he was knocked down by a stone, which stunned him for the moment, but, on recovery, he drew his sword, and was in the act of cheering the men on, when he received a ball in his mouth, which wounded him most severely.

Sergeant JOHN COLEMAN.—Conspicuous for great coolness and bravery on the night of the 30th Aug., 1855, when the enemy attacked a "New Sap" and drove the working party in; he remained in the open, perfectly exposed to the enemy's rifle pits, until all around him had been killed or wounded. He finally carried one of his officers, who was mortally wounded, to the rear.

#### **The 107th Foot.**

Lieutenant-Colonel JOHN CARSTAIRS M'NEILL.†—Date of act of bravery, March 30th, 1864. For the valour and presence of mind which he displayed in New Zealand on the 30th March, 1864, which is thus described by Private Vosper, of the Colonial Defence Force:—Private Vosper states that

\* Major Lumley served at the siege of Sebastopol from 20th Nov., 1854 (medal and clasp, Brevet of Major, and Knight of the Legion of Honour). He died in 1858.—*Ibid.*

† Aide-de-Camp to Lieutenant-General Sir Duncan Cameron, Commanding the Forces in New Zealand.—*Ibid.*

he was sent on that day with Private Gibson, of the same force, as an escort to Major (now Lieutenant-Colonel) M'Neill, Aide-de-Camp to Lieutenant-General Sir Duncan Cameron. Lieutenant-Colonel M'Neill was proceeding to Te Awamutu, on duty at the time. On returning from that place, and about a mile on this side of Ohanpu, this officer, having seen a body of the enemy in front, sent Private Gibson back to bring up infantry from Ohanpu, and he and Private Vosper proceeded leisurely to the top of a rise to watch the enemy. Suddenly they were attacked by about 50 natives, who were concealed in the fern close at hand. Their only chance of escape was by riding for their lives, and as they turned to gallop, Private Vosper's horse fell and threw him. The natives thereupon rushed forward to seize them, but Lieut.-Colonel M'Neill, on perceiving that Private Vosper was not following him, returned, caught his horse, and helped him to mount. The natives were firing sharply at them, and were so near that, according to Private Vosper's statement, it was only by galloping as hard as they could that they escaped. He says that he owes his life entirely to Lieutenant-Colonel M'Neill's assistance, for he could not have caught his horse alone, and in a few minutes must have been killed.

#### **The Prince Consort's Own Rifle Brigade.**

Brevet-Major Hon. HENRY H. CLIFFORD, 1st Batt.\*—  
For conspicuous courage at the battle of Inkermann, in leading a charge and killing one of the enemy with his sword, disabling another, and saving the life of a soldier.

\* Now Colonel unattached and Assistant-Quartermaster-General at Aldersholt. Colonel Clifford was at the battle of Boem Plaats in 1848, and served in the Kaffir war of 1852-53 (Medal). Also the Eastern campaign of 1854-55 as Aide-de-Camp to Major-General Buller (medal and clasps, Brevet of Major, Knight of the Legion of Honour, 5th Class of the Medjidie, and Turkish medal).—*Ibid.*

Captain WILLIAM JAMES CUNINGHAME, 1st Batt.\*—Highly distinguished at the capture of the rifle pits, 20th Nov., 1854. His gallant conduct was recorded in the French general orders.

Brevet-Major CLAUDE THOMAS BOURCHIER, 1st Batt.—Highly distinguished at the capture of the rifle pits, 20th Nov., 1854. His gallant conduct was recorded in the French general orders.

Private F. WHEATLEY, 1st Batt.—For throwing a live shell over the parapet of the trenches before Sebastopol.

Lieutenant JOHN KNOX,† 2nd Batt.—When serving as a sergeant in the Scots Fusilier Guards, Lieutenant Knox was conspicuous for his exertions in reforming the ranks of the Guards at the battle of the Alma. Subsequently, when in the rifle brigade, he volunteered for the ladder party in the attack on the Redan, on the 18th of June, and (in the words of Captain Blackett, under whose command he was), behaved admirably, remaining on the field until twice wounded.

Private (No. 2,074) R. M'GREGOR, 2nd Batt.—For courageous conduct when employed as a sharpshooter in the advanced trenches before Sebastopol in the month of July, 1855; a rifle pit was occupied by two Russians, who annoyed

\* Captain Cuninghame served the Eastern campaign of 1854-55, including the battles of Alma, Balaklava, and Inkermann, siege and fall of Sebastopol, attack and capture of the Rifle Pits on the night of 20th Nov. 1854 (mentioned in despatches), and attack on the Ovens (medal and four clasps, 5th Class of the Medjidie, and Turkish medal).—*Ibid.*

† Now Captain. Captain Knox served the Eastern Campaign of 1854-55, including the battles of the Alma, Balaklava, and Inkermann, and siege of Sebastopol; severely wounded in the attack on the Redan June 18, by grape shot; left arm amputated at the shoulder (medal and clasps, and Knight of the Legion of Honour).—*Ibid.*

our troops by their fire. Private McGregor crossed the open space under fire, and, taking cover under a rock, dislodged them, and occupied the pit.

Private (No. 2,638) ROBERT HUMPHSTON, 2nd Batt.—A Russian rifle pit, situated among the rocks overhanging the Woronzoff-road, between the 3rd parallel, right attack, and the Quarries (at that period in possession of the enemy), was occupied every night by the Russians, and their riflemen commanded a portion of the left attack, impeding the work in a new battery then being erected on the extreme right front of the 2nd parallel, left attack. It was carried in daylight on the 22nd of April, 1855, by two riflemen, one of whom was Private Humpston; he received a gratuity of 5*l.*, and was promoted. The rifle pit was subsequently destroyed on further support being obtained.

Private (No. 3,471) JOSEPH BRADSHAW, 2nd Batt.—A Russian rifle pit, situated among the rocks overhanging the Woronzoff-road between the 3rd parallel, right attack, and the Quarries (at that period in possession of the enemy), was occupied every night by the Russians, and their riflemen commanded a portion of the left attack, and impeded the work in a new battery then being erected on the extreme right front of the 2nd parallel, left attack. It was carried in daylight on the 22nd April, 1855, by two riflemen, one of whom was Private Bradshaw; he has since received the French war medal. The rifle pit was subsequently destroyed on further support being obtained.

Private SAME SHAW, 3rd Batt.—Date of act of bravery, 13th June, 1858. For the act of bravery recorded in a despatch from Major-General Sir James Hope Grant, K.C.B.,

commanding the Lucknow field force, to the Deputy Adjutant-General of the Army, of which the following is an extract: Nawabgunge, 17th June, 1858.—I have to bring to notice the conduct of Private Same Shaw, of the 3rd Batt. Rifle Brigade, who is recommended by the commanding officer for the Victoria Cross. An armed rebel had been seen to enter a tope of trees. Some officers and men ran into the tope in pursuit of him. This man was a Ghazee. Private Shaw drew his short sword, and with that weapon rushed single-handed on the Ghazee. Shaw received a severe tulwar-wound, but after a desperate struggle he killed the man. I trust his Excellency will allow me to recommend this man for the Victoria Cross, and that he will approve of my having issued a division order, stating that I have done so.

Captain HENRY WILMOT,\* 2nd Batt., Corporal W. NASH, and Private DAVID HAWKES.—Date of act of bravery, 11th March, 1858. For conspicuous gallantry at Lucknow on the 11th March, 1858. Captain Wilmot's company was engaged with a large body of the enemy near the Iron Bridge. That officer found himself at the end of a street with only four of his men, opposed to a considerable body. One of the four was shot through both legs and became utterly helpless; the two men lifted him up, and although Private Hawkes was severely wounded he carried him for a considerable distance, exposed to the fire of the enemy, Captain Wilmot firing with the men's rifles, and covering the retreat of the party. (Despatch of Brigadier-General Walpole, C.B, dated 20th March, 1858.)

\* Now Major retired. Major Wilmot served with the 2nd Batt. Rifle Brigade during the Indian Mutiny until Nov., 1858; subsequently on the staff of Sir Hope Grant; was present at the capture of Lucknow (Brevet of Major, medal and clasp).—*Ibid.*

## THE INDIAN ARMY.

### THE BENGAL PRESIDENCY.

#### **The 1st Bengal European Light Cavalry (late).**

Lieutenant HUGH HENRY GOUGH.\*—Dates of acts of bravery, 12th Nov., 1857, and 25th Feb., 1858. Lieutenant Gough, when in command of a party of Hodson's Horse, near Alumbagh, on the 12th of Nov., 1857, particularly distinguished himself by his forward bearing in charging across a swamp, and capturing two guns, although defended by a vastly superior body of the enemy. On this occasion he had his horse wounded in two places, and his turban cut through by sword cuts whilst engaged in combat with three Sepoys. Lieutenant Gough also particularly distinguished himself near Jellalabad, Lucknow, on the 25th Feb., 1858, by showing a brilliant example to his regiment when ordered to charge the enemy's guns, and by his gallant and forward conduct he enabled them to effect their object. On this occasion he engaged himself in a series of single combats, until at length he was disabled by a musket ball through the leg, while charging two Sepoys with fixed bayonets. Lieutenant Gough on that day had two horses killed under him, a shot through his helmet and another through his scabbard, besides being severely wounded.

#### **The 5th Bengal European Cavalry (late).**

Major CHARLES JOHN STANLEY GOUGH.†—Dates of acts of bravery, 15th and 18th August, 1857, 27th January and

\* Now Brevet-Major and Captain 19th Hussars.

† Now with 18th Bengal Cavalry.



23rd February, 1858. First, for gallantry in an affair at Khurkowlah, near Rhotuck, on 15th of Aug., 1857, in which he saved his brother, who was wounded, and killed two of the enemy. Secondly, for gallantry on 18th Aug., when he led a troop of the Guide Cavalry in a charge and cut down two of the enemy's Sowars, with one of whom he had a desperate hand-to-hand combat. Thirdly, for gallantry on the 27th Jan., 1858, at Shumshabad, where, in a charge, he attacked one of the enemy's leaders, and pierced him with his sword, which was carried out of his hand in the *melée*. He defended himself with his revolver, and shot two of the enemy. Fourthly, for gallantry on 23rd Feb., at Meangunge, where he came to the assistance of Brevet-Major O. H. St. George Anson, and killed his opponent, immediately afterwards cutting down another of the enemy in the same gallant manner.

#### **The 1st Punjab Cavalry.**

Lieutenant JOHN WATSON.\*—Date of act of bravery, 14th Nov., 1857. "Lieutenant Watson, on the 14th Nov., with his own squadron, and that under Captain, then Lieutenant, Probyn, came upon a body of the rebel cavalry. The Ressalदार in command of them—a fine specimen of the Hindustani Mussulman—and backed up by some half-dozen equally brave men, rode out to the front. Lieutenant Watson singled out this fine-looking fellow, and attacked him. The Ressalदार presented his pistol at Lieutenant Watson's breast at a yard's distance and fired, but most providentially without effect; the ball must, by accident, have previously fallen out. Lieutenant Watson ran the man through with his sword, and dismounted

\* Now Major and Commandant 13th Bengal Irregular Cavalry.

him; but the native officer, nothing daunted, drew his *tulwar*, and with his Sowars renewed his attack upon Lieutenant Watson, who bravely defended himself until his own men joined in the *melée*, and utterly routed the party. In this *rencontre* Lieutenant Watson received a blow on the head from a *tulwar*, another on the left arm, which severed his chain gauntlet glove, a *tulwar* cut on his right arm, which fortunately only divided the sleeve of the jacket, but disabled the arm for some time; a bullet also passed through his coat, and he received a blow on his leg, which lamed him for some days afterwards." (Despatch from Major-General James Hope Grant, K.C.B., dated 10th Jan., 1858.)

#### The 2nd Punjaub Cavalry.

Captain DIGHTON MACNAGHTEN PROBYN.—Has been distinguished for gallantry and daring throughout this (late Indian) campaign. At the battle of Agra, when his squadron charged the rebel infantry, he was sometimes separated from his men and surrounded by five or six Sepoys. He defended himself from the various cuts made at him, and before his own men had joined him had cut down two of his assailants. At another time, in single combat with a Sepoy, he was wounded in the wrist by the bayonet, and his horse also was slightly wounded; but, though the Sepoy fought desperately, he cut him down. The same day he singled out a standard-bearer, and, in presence of a number of the enemy, killed him and captured the standard. These are only a few of the gallant deeds of this brave young officer. (Despatch from Major-General James Hope Grant, K.C.B., dated 10th Jan., 1858.)

### **The Bengal Horse Artillery.**

**Sergeant BERNARD DIAMOND** and **Gunner RICHARD FITZ-GERALD**.—Date of act of bravery, Sept. 28th, 1857. "For an act of valour performed in action against the rebels and mutineers at Boolundshuhur, on the 28th of Sept., 1857, when these two soldiers evinced the most determined bravery in working their gun under a very heavy fire of musketry, whereby they cleared the road of the enemy, after every other man belonging to it had been either killed or disabled by wounds." (Despatch of Major Turner, Bengal Horse Artillery, dated Boolundshuhur, Oct. 2, 1857.)

**Gunner WILLIAM CONNOLLY**.—Date of act of bravery, July 7th, 1857. This soldier is recommended for the Victoria Cross for his gallantry in action with the enemy at Jhelum, on the 7th July, 1857. Lieutenant Cookes, Bengal Horse Artillery, reports that "about daybreak on that day I advanced my half troop at a gallop, and engaged the enemy within easy musket range. The sponge-man of one of my guns having been shot during the advance, Gunner Connolly assumed the duties of second sponge-man, and he had barely assisted in two discharges of his gun, when a musket ball through the left thigh felled him to the ground; nothing daunted by pain and loss of blood, he was endeavouring to resume his post when I ordered a movement in retirement, and though severely wounded he was mounted on his horse in the gun team, and rode to the next position which the guns took up, and manfully declined going to the rear when the necessity of his doing so was represented to him. About eleven o'clock a.m., when the guns were still in action, the same gunner, whilst sponging, was again knocked down by a

musket ball striking him on the hip, thereby causing great faintness and partial unconsciousness, for the pain appeared excessive, and the blood flowed fast. On seeing this, I gave directions for his removal out of action; but this brave man, hearing me, staggered to his feet, and said, 'No, sir, I'll not go there whilst I can work here,' and shortly afterwards he again resumed his post as sponge-man. Late in the afternoon of the same day my three guns were engaged at one hundred yards from the walls of a village with the defenders, viz., the 14th Native Infantry, mutineers, amidst a storm of bullets which did great execution. Gunner Connolly, though suffering severely from his two previous wounds, was wielding his sponge with an energy and courage which attracted the admiration of his comrades, and while cheerfully encouraging a wounded man to hasten in bringing up the ammunition, a musket ball tore through the muscles of his right leg; but with the most undaunted bravery he struggled on; and not till he had loaded six times did this man give way, when, through loss of blood, he fell in my arms, and I placed him on a waggon, which shortly afterwards bore him in a state of unconsciousness from the fight."

Captain GEORGE ALEXANDER RENNY.\*—Date of act of bravery, 16th September, 1857. Lieutenant-Colonel Farquhar, commanding the 1st Belooch Regiment, reports that he was in command of the troops stationed in the Delhi magazine, after its capture on the 16th of Sept., 1857. Early in the forenoon of that day a vigorous attack was made on the post by the enemy, and was kept up with great violence for some time, without the slightest chance of success. Under cover of a heavy cross-fire from the high houses on the right

\* Now Brevet-Major and Captain, 2nd brigade Royal Horse Artillery.

flank of the magazine, and from Selimghur and the Palace, the enemy advanced to the high wall of the magazine, and endeavoured to set fire to a thatched roof. The roof was partially set fire to, which was extinguished at the spot by a Sepoy of the Belooch Batt., a soldier of the 61st Regiment having in vain attempted to do so. The roof having been again set on fire, Captain Renny, with great gallantry, mounted to the top of the wall of the magazine, and flung several shells with lighted fuzes into the midst of the enemy, which had an almost immediate effect, as the attack at once became feeble at that point, and soon after ceased there.

#### The Bengal Artillery.

Lieutenant-Colonel HENRY TOMBS,\* C.B., and Lieutenant JAMES HILLS.†—Date of act of bravery, July 9th, 1857. For very gallant conduct on the part of Lieutenant Hills before Delhi in defending the position assigned to him in case of alarm, and for noble behaviour on the part of Lieutenant-Tombs in twice coming to his subaltern's rescue, and on each occasion killing his man. (See despatch of Lieutenant-Colonel Mackenzie, commanding 1st Brigade of Horse Artillery, dated Camp near Delhi, 10th of July, 1857, published in the Supplement to the *London Gazette* of the 16th of Jan., 1858.)

Captain WILLIAM OLPHERTS.‡—Date of act of bravery, 25th Sept., 1857. "For highly distinguished conduct on the 25th of Sept., 1857, when the troops penetrated into the city of Lucknow, in having charged on horseback with Her Majesty's 90th Regiment, when, gallantly headed by Colonel

\* Now Lieutenant-Colonel Royal Horse Artillery, and Brigadier-General Commanding at Dinapore.

† Now Brevet-Major and Second Captain Royal Artillery.

‡ Now Brevet-Colonel Royal Horse Artillery, and Commandant of the Murree Convalescent depot.

Campbell, it captured two guns in the face of a heavy fire of grape, and having afterwards returned, under a severe fire of musketry, to bring up limbers and horses to carry off the captured ordnance, which he accomplished." (Extract from Field Force Orders of the late Major-General Havelock, dated 17th Oct., 1857.)

Lieutenant FREDERICK SLEIGH ROBERTS.\*—Date of act of bravery, 2nd Jan., 1858. Lieutenant Roberts's gallantry has on every occasion been most marked. On following up the retreating enemy on the 2nd Jan., 1858, at Khodagunge, he saw in the distance two Sepoys going away with the standard. Lieutenant Roberts put spurs to his horse, and overtook them just as they were about to enter a village. They immediately turned round and presented their muskets at him, and one of the men pulled the trigger, but fortunately the cap snapped, and the standard bearer was cut down by this gallant young officer, and the standard taken possession of by him. He also, on the same day, cut down another Sepoy who was standing at bay, with musket and bayonet, keeping off a Sowar. Lieutenant Roberts rode to the assistance of the horseman, and rushing at the Sepoy, with one blow of his sword cut him across the face, killing him on the spot.

Lieutenant HASTINGS EDWARD HARRINGTON, Rough Rider E. JENNINGS, Gunner J. PARK, Gunner T. LAUGHNAN, and Gunner H. M'INNES.—Dates of acts of bravery, from 14th to 22nd Nov., 1857. Elected respectively under the 13th clause of the Royal Warrant of the 29th of Jan., 1856, by the officers and non-commissioned officers generally, and by the private soldiers of each troop or battery for conspicuous gal-

\* Now Brevet-Major and 2nd Captain Royal Artillery, and Assistant-Quartermaster-General on the Bengal staff.

lantry at the relief of Lucknow, from the 14th to the 22nd of Nov., 1857.

Bombardier J. THOMAS, 4th Company, 1st Batt.—Date of act of bravery, 27th Sept., 1857. For distinguished gallantry at Lucknow on the 27th Sept., 1857, in having brought off on his back, under a heavy fire, under circumstances of considerable difficulty, a wounded soldier of the Madras Fusiliers, when the party to which he was attached was returning to the Residency from a sortie, whereby he saved him from falling into the hands of the enemy.

#### **Bengal Engineers.**

Sergeant JOHN SMITH.—Date of act of bravery, Sept. 14th, 1857. For "conspicuous gallantry, in conjunction with Lieutenant Home and Salkeld, in the performance of the desperate duty of blowing in the Cashmere gate of the fortress of Delhi in broad daylight, under a heavy and destructive fire of musketry, on the morning of the 14th Sept., 1857, preparatory to the assault."—(General Order of Major-General Sir Archdale Wilson, Bt., K.C.B., dated Head Quarters, Delhi City, Sept. 21st, 1857.)

Lieutenant JOHN JAMES M'LEOD INNES.\*—Date of act of bravery, 23rd Feb., 1858. At the action of Sultanpore, Lieutenant Innes, far in advance of the leading skirmishers, was the first to secure a gun which the enemy were abandoning. Retiring from this, they rallied round another gun further back, from which shot would, in another instant, have ploughed through our advancing columns, when Lieutenant Innes rode up, unsupported, shot the gunner who was about to apply the match, and, remaining undaunted at his post,

\* Now Brevet-Major and 2nd Captain Royal Engineers

the mark for a hundred matchlock men, who were sheltered in some adjoining huts, kept the artillerymen at bay until assistance reached him. (Letter from Major-General Thomas Harte Franks, K.C.B., of 12th March, 1858.)

Lieutenant EDWARD TALBOT THACKERAY.\*—Date of act of bravery, 16th September, 1857. For cool intrepidity and characteristic daring in extinguishing a fire in the Delhi Magazine enclosure, on the 16th Sept., 1857, under a close and heavy musketry fire from the enemy, at the imminent risk of his life from the explosion of combustible stores in the shed in which the fire occurred.

Lieutenants DUNCAN CHARLES HOME and PHILIP SALKELD, upon whom the "Victoria Cross" was provisionally conferred by Major-General Sir Archdale Wilson, Bart., K.C.B., for their conspicuous bravery in the performance of the desperate duty of blowing in the Cashmere Gate of the fortress of Delhi, in broad daylight, under a heavy fire of musketry, on the morning of the 14th Sept., 1857, preparatory to the assault, would have been recommended to her Majesty for confirmation in that distinction had they survived.

#### **1st Bengal European Fusiliers (late).**

Sergeant J. M'GUIRE and Drummer M. RYAN.—Date of act of bravery, 14th September, 1857. At the assault on Delhi on the 14th Sept., 1857, when the brigade had reached the Cabul Gate, the 1st Fusiliers and 75th Regiment and some Sikhs were waiting for orders, and some of the regiments were getting ammunition served out (three boxes of which exploded from some cause not clearly known, and two others were in a state of ignition), when Sergeant M'Guire and Drummer Ryan

\* Now of the Royal Engineers.



rushed into the burning mass, and, seizing the boxes, threw them, one after the other, over the parapet into the water. The confusion consequent upon the explosion was very great, and the crowd of soldiers and native followers, who did not know where the danger lay, were rushing into certain destruction, when Sergeant M'Guire and Drummer Ryan, by their coolness and personal daring, saved the lives of many at the risk of their own.

Lieutenant THOS. ADAIR BUTLER.\*—Date of act of bravery, 9th March, 1858.—“Of which success the skirmishers on the other side of the river were subsequently apprised by Lieutenant Butler of the Bengal Fusiliers, who swam across the Goomtee, and, climbing the parapet, remained in that position for a considerable time under a heavy fire of musketry until the work was occupied.” (Extract from Lieutenant-General Sir James Outram's Memorandum of operations at the siege of Lucknow.)

Lieutenant FRANCIS DAVID MILLETT BROWN,†—Date of act of bravery, 16th Nov., 1857. For great gallantry at Narrioul, on the 16th Nov., 1857, in having, at the imminent risk of his own life, rushed to the assistance of a wounded soldier of the 1st European Bengal Fusiliers, whom he carried off under a heavy fire from the enemy, whose cavalry were within forty or fifty yards of him at the time.

#### 2nd Bengal European Fusiliers.

Lieutenant THOMAS CADELL,‡—Date of acts of bravery, 12th June, 1857. For having, on the 12th of June,

\* Now Captain 101st Foot.

† Now Captain 101st Foot.

‡ Now of the Bengal Staff Corps, and second in command of the Malwa Bheel Corps.

1857, at the Flag-staff Picquet at Delhi, when the whole of the Picquet of Her Majesty's 75th Regiment and 2nd European Bengal Fusiliers were driven in by a large body of the enemy, brought in from amongst the enemy a wounded bugler of his own regiment, under a most severe fire, who would otherwise have been cut up by the rebels; also, on the same day, when the Fusiliers were retiring, by order, on Metcalfe's house, on its being reported that there was a wounded man left behind, Lieutenant Cadell went back of his own accord towards the enemy, accompanied by three men, and brought in a man of the 75th Regiment, who was severely wounded, under a most heavy fire from the advancing enemy.

#### **The 1st Bengal Fusiliers.**

Private JOHN M'GOVERN.—Date of act of bravery, 23rd June, 1857.—For gallant conduct during the operations before Delhi, but more especially on the 23rd of June, 1857, when he carried into camp a wounded comrade under a heavy fire from the enemy's battery, at the risk of his own life.

#### **The 2nd Bengal Native Infantry.**

Colonel JAMES TRAVERS.—Date of act of bravery, July, 1857. For a daring act of bravery, in July, 1857, when the Indore Presidency was suddenly attacked by Holkar's troops, in having charged the guns with only five men to support him, and driven the gunners from the guns, thereby creating a favourable diversion, which saved the lives of many persons, fugitives to the Residency. It is stated that officers who were present considered that the effect of the charge was to enable many Europeans to escape from actual slaughter, and time was gained which enabled

\* Now Brigadier-General commanding a brigade in the Saugor district.

the faithful Bhopal Artillery to man their guns. Colonel Travers's horse was shot in three places, and his accoutrements were shot through in various parts. He commanded the Bhopal levy.

#### 4th Bengal Native Infantry.

Lieutenant FREDERICK ROBERTSON AIKMAN.\*—Date of act of bravery, March 1, 1858. This officer commanding the 3rd Sikh Cavalry on the advanced picket, with 100 of his men, having obtained information, just as the force marched on the morning of the 1st of March, 1858, of the proximity, three miles off the high road, of a body of 500 rebel Infantry, 200 horse, and two guns, under Moosahib Ali Chuckbdar, attacked and utterly routed them, cutting up more than 100 men, capturing two guns, and driving the survivors into, and over, the Goomtee. This feat was performed under every disadvantage of broken ground, and partially under the flanking fire of an adjoining fort. Lieutenant Aikman received a severe sabre cut in the face in a personal encounter with several of the enemy.

#### 11th (late 70th) Bengal Native Infantry.

Lieutenant JOHN CHARLES CAMPBELL DAUNT.†—Date of acts of bravery, October 2nd, 1857. For conspicuous gallantry in action on the 2nd Oct., 1857, with the mutineers of the Ramgurh battalion at Chota Behar, in capturing two guns, particularly the last, when he, in conjunction with Sergeant Dynon, of the 53rd Foot, rushed at and captured it by pistolling the gunners, who were mowing the detachment down with grape, one third of which was *hors-de-combat* at

\* Afterwards promoted to the rank of Captain.

† Now District Superintendent of Police, Tirhoot.

the time. Lieutenant Daunt is also recommended for chasing, on the 2nd Nov. following, the mutineers of the 32nd Bengal Native Infantry across a plain into a rich cultivation, into which he followed them with a few of Rattray's Sikhs. He was dangerously wounded in the attempt to drive out a large body of these mutineers from an inclosure, the preservation of many of his party on the occasion being attributed to his gallantry.

Ensign EVERARD ALOYSIUS LISLE PHILLIPPS would have been recommended to Her Majesty for the decoration of the Victoria Cross had he survived, for many gallant deeds which he performed during the siege of Delhi, during which he was wounded three times. At the assault of that city he captured the Water Bastion with a small party of men, and was finally killed in the streets of Delhi on the 18th of Sept.

### 13th Bengal Native Infantry (late).

Lieutenant WILLIAM GEORGE CUBITT.\*—Date of act of bravery, June 30, 1857. For having, on the retreat from Chinhut, on the 30th June, 1857, saved the lives of three men of the 32nd Regiment, at the risk of his own.

Lieutenant ROBERT HOPE MONCRIEFF AITKEN.†—For various acts of gallantry performed during the defence of the Residency of Lucknow, from the 30th of June to the 22nd of Nov., 1857. On three different occasions, Lieutenant Aitken went into the garden under the enemy's loopholes in the "Captain's Bazaar." On two of these occasions he brought out a number of bullocks which had been left in the garden; subsequently, on the 3rd of July, the enemy having set fire to the Bhoosa Stock in the

\* Now attached to the 16th Bengal Native Infantry.

† Now Captain attached to the Bengal Staff Corps, and discharging the duties of Inspector-General of Police in Oudh.—*Ibid.*

garden, and it being apprehended that the fire would reach the powder magazine which had been left there, Lieutenant Aitken, accompanied by other officers, went into the garden and cut down all the tents which might have communicated the fire to the powder. This was done close to the enemy's loopholes, under a bright light from the flames. It was a most dangerous service. 2. On the night of the 20th of August, the enemy having set fire to the Baillie Guard Gate, Lieutenant Aitken was the first man in the gateway, and, assisted by some Sepoys and a water-carrier of his regiment, he partially opened the gate under a heavy fire of musketry, and, having removed the burning wood and straw, saved the gate. 3. On the evening of the 25th Sept., this officer led on twelve Sepoys of his regiment, for the purpose of attacking two guns opposite the gate referred to, in order to prevent their being turned on the late Major-General Havelock's second column. Having captured them he attacked and took the Teree Kotee with a small force. 4. On the morning of the 26th of Sept., with a small party of his regiment, he assaulted and captured the barricaded gateway of the Furreed Buksh Palace, and the palace itself. On this occasion he sprang up against a small wicket gate on the right, and prevented the enemy from shutting it, until, with assistance, it was forced open, and the assaulting party were thus enabled to rush in. The complete success of the attack was solely owing to this officer's distinguished bravery. 5. In a subsequent sortie, on the 29th of Sept., Lieutenant Aitken volunteered to take a gun which still continued firing, taking with him four soldiers through the houses and lanes to the gun. The enemy fired on this party from the houses, but they held their ground until a stronger party coming up, the gun was

upset from its carriage and taken into the Residency. Another gun was subsequently taken.

**26th Bengal Native Infantry (late).**

Lieutenant HANSON CHAMBERS TAYLOR JARRETT.\*—Date of act of bravery, Oct. 14, 1858. For an act of daring bravery at the village of Baroun, on the 14th Oct., 1858, on an occasion when about seventy Sepoys were defending themselves in a brick building, the only approach to which was up a very narrow street, in having called on the men of his regiment to follow him, when backed by only some four men, he made a dash at the narrow entrance, where, though a shower of balls was poured upon him, he pushed his way up to the wall of the house, and beating up the bayonets of the rebels with his sword, endeavoured to get in.

**37th Bengal Native Infantry (late).**

Sergeant-Major M. ROSAMOND.\*—Date of act of bravery, 4th of June, 1857. This non-commissioned officer volunteered to accompany Lieutenant-Colonel Spottiswoode, commanding the 37th Regiment of Bengal Native Infantry, to the right of the lines, in order to set them on fire, with the view of driving out the Sepoys, on the occasion of the outbreak at Benares, on the evening of the 4th of June, 1857; and also volunteered, with Sergeant-Major Gill, of the Loodiana Regiment, to bring off Captain Brown, Pension Paymaster, his wife and infant, and also some others, from a detached bungalow, into the barracks. His conduct was highly meritorious, and he has been since promoted.

\* Now Adjutant 28th Native Infantry.

† Now Ensign, unattached, and Barrackmaster at Fort William.

**46th Bengal Native Infantry (late).**

Lieutenant-Colonel SAMUEL JAMES BROWNE, C.B.—Date of act of bravery, 31st August, 1858. For having at Seerporah, in an engagement with the Rebel Forces under Khan Alie Khan, on the 31st August, 1858, whilst advancing upon the enemy's position, at daybreak, pushed on with one orderly Sowar upon a 9-pounder gun that was commanding one of the approaches to the enemy's position, and attacked the gunners, thereby preventing them from re-loading, and firing upon the infantry, who were advancing to the attack. In doing this, a personal conflict ensued, in which Captain, now Lieutenant-Colonel, Samuel James Browne, Commandant of the 2nd Punjaub Cavalry, received a severe sword-cut wound on the left knee, and shortly afterwards another sword-cut wound, which severed the left arm at the shoulder, not, however, before Lieutenant-Colonel Browne had succeeded in cutting down one of his assailants. The gun was prevented from being re-loaded, and was eventually captured by the Infantry, and the gunner slain.

**56th Bengal Native Infantry (late).**

Captain WILLIAM MARTIN CAFE.\*—Date of act of bravery, 15th April, 1858. For bearing away under a heavy fire, with the assistance of Privates Thompson, Crowie, Spence, and Cook, the body of Lieutenant Willoughby, lying near the ditch of the Fort of Ruhya, and for running to the rescue of Private Spence, who had been severely wounded in the attempt.

**60th Bengal Native Infantry (late).**

Brevet-Captain ROBERT HAYDON SHEBBEARE.—Date of act

\* Now Commandant 2nd Punjaub Cavalry.

† Now Major.

of bravery, 14th Sept., 1857. For distinguished gallantry at the head of the Guides with the 4th column of assault at Delhi, on 14th Sept., 1857, when, after twice charging beneath the wall of the loopholed Serai, it was found impossible, owing to the murderous fire, to attain the breach. Captain (then Lieutenant) Shebbeare endeavoured to re-organise the men, but one-third of the Europeans having fallen, his efforts to do so failed. He then conducted the rear-guard of the retreat across the canal most successfully. He was most miraculously preserved through the affair, but yet left the field with one bullet through his cheek, and a bad scalp wound along the back of the head from another.

#### **The 66th (Goorka) Bengal Native Infantry.**

Lieutenant JOHN ADAM TYTLER.\*—Date of act of bravery, 10th Feb., 1858. On the attacking parties approaching the enemy's position under a heavy fire of round shot, grape, and musketry, on the occasion of the action at Choorpoorah, on the 10th Feb., Lieutenant Tytler dashed on horseback ahead of all, and alone, up to the enemy's guns, where he remained engaged hand-to-hand, until they were carried by us; and where he was shot through the left arm, had a spear wound in his chest, and a ball through the right sleeve of his coat.—(Letter from Captain C. C. G. Ross, commanding 66th (Goorka) Regiment, to Captain Brownlow, Major of Brigade, Kemaon Field Force).

#### **The 72nd Bengal Native Infantry (late).**

Lieutenant HARRY HAMMON LYSTER.\*—Date of act of bravery, 23rd May, 1858. For gallantly charging and

\* Now Captain and second in command of the 3rd Goorka Regiment.

† Now Captain, officiating second in command of the 3rd Goorka Regiment.



breaking, singly, a skirmishing square of the retreating rebel army from Calpee, and killing two or three Sepoys in the conflict. Major-General Sir Hugh Henry Rose, G.C.B., reports that this act of bravery was witnessed by himself and by Lieutenant-Colonel Gall, C.B., of 14th Light Dragoons.

#### **The 4th Punjaub Infantry.**

Lieutenant HENRY WILLIAM PITCHER, Adjutant. — Dates of acts of bravery, Oct. 30th and Nov. 16th, 1863. For the daring and gallant manner in which, in the course of the recent operations at Umbeyla, on the North-Western Frontier of India, on the 30th of Oct., 1863, he led a party of this regiment to recapture the Crag Picket, after its garrison had been driven in by the enemy; on which occasion 60 of them were killed in desperate hand-to-hand fighting. From the nature of the approach to the top of the Crag, among the large rocks, one or two men only could advance at one time; "and while I ascended one path," relates Major Keyes, commanding the 1st Punjaub Infantry, "I directed Lieutenant Fosberry, of the late 4th European Regiment, to push up another at the head of a few men. He led this party with the greatest coolness and intrepidity, and was the first man to gain the top of the Crag on his side of the attack. Lieutenant Pitcher, equally cool and daring, led a party of men up to the last rock, until he was knocked down and stunned by a large stone thrown from above, within a few yards of him." Lieutenant Pitcher also displayed great gallantry in leading on a party of his regiment to endeavour to recover the Crag Picket when it again fell into the enemy's hands, on the 13th Nov., as related in the following extract from Major Keyes's report of the

16th of that month :—"The duty of leading the first charge devolved upon Lieutenant Pitcher, and I beg to bring to the special notice of the Brigadier-General commanding the admirable manner in which he performed this important duty. He was by many yards the foremost of his party, and the gallant bearing of this excellent young officer was the admiration of all spectators. It is impossible to say too much or to overrate his services on this occasion. Lieutenant Pitcher was severely wounded, and was obliged to be carried back."

#### **The Loodiana Regiment.**

Sergeant-Major PETER GILL.\*—Date of act of bravery, 4th June, 1857. This non-commissioned officer conducted himself with gallantry at Benares on the night of the 4th of June, 1857. He volunteered with Sergeant-Major Rosamond, of the 37th Regiment of the Bengal Native Infantry, to bring in Captain Brown, Pension Paymaster, and his family, from a detached bungalow to the barracks, and saved the life of the Quartermaster-Sergeant of the 25th Regiment of Bengal Native Infantry, in the early part of the evening, by cutting off the head of the Sepoy who had just bayoneted him. Sergeant-Major Gill states, that on the same night he faced a guard of twenty-seven men, with only a sergeant's sword; and it is also represented that he twice saved the life of Major Barrett, 27th Regiment of Bengal Native Infantry, when attacked by Sepoys of his own regiment.

#### **The Bengal Army (*Unattached*).**

Ensign PATRICK RODDY.†—Date of act of bravery, 27th Sept., 1858. Major-General Sir James Hope Grant, K.C.B.,

\* Now Lieutenant unattached.

† Now Lieutenant unattached.

commanding Oudh force, bears testimony to the gallant conduct of Lieutenant Roddy on several occasions. One instance is particularly mentioned. On the return from Kuthirga of the Kupperthulla Contingent, on the 27th of September, 1858, this officer, when engaged with the enemy, charged a rebel (armed with a percussion musket), whom the cavalry were afraid to approach, as each time they attempted to do so the rebel knelt and covered his assailant; this, however, did not deter Lieutenant Roddy, who went boldly in, and, when within six yards, the rebel fired, killing Lieutenant Roddy's horse, and before he could get disengaged from the horse the rebel attempted to cut him down. Lieutenant Roddy seized the rebel until he could get at his sword, when he ran the man through the body. The rebel turned out to be a Soubardar of the late 8th Native Infantry—a powerful man, and a most determined character.

#### **Bengal Ordnance Department.**

Conductor JAMES MILLER.\*—Date of act of bravery, Oct. 28th, 1857. For having, on the 28th of Oct., 1857, at great personal risk, gone to the assistance of, and carried out of action, a wounded officer, Lieutenant Glubb, of the late 38th Regiment of Bengal Native Infantry. He was himself subsequently wounded and sent to Agra. Conductor Miller was at the time employed with heavy howitzers and ordnance stores attached to a detachment of troops, commanded by the late Colonel Cotton, C.B., in the attack on the above-mentioned date on the rebels who had taken up their position in the Serai at Futtehpoore Sikra, near Agra.

\* Now Conductor of the Ordnance Commissariat Department at Fort William.

Deputy Assistant Commissary of Ordnance JOHN BUCKLEY.—Date of act of bravery, 11th May, 1857. For gallant conduct in the defence of the magazines at Delhi, on the 11th May, 1857.

#### **The Bengal Veterinary Establishment.**

Captain GEORGE FORREST.—Date of act of bravery, 11th May, 1857. For gallant conduct in the defence of the Delhi magazine, on the 11th May, 1857.

Captain WILLIAM RAYNOR.—Date of act of bravery, 11th May, 1857. For gallant conduct in the defence of the magazine at Delhi, on the 11th May, 1857.

#### **The Madras Engineers.**

Lieutenant HARRY NORTH DALRYMPLE PRENDERGAST.\*—Dates of acts of bravery, 21st Nov., 1857, and other occasions. For conspicuous bravery on 21st Nov., 1857, at Mundisore, in saving the life of Lieutenant G. Dew, 14th Light Dragoons, at the risk of his own, by attempting to cut down a Velaitee, who covered him (Lieutenant Dew) with his piece, from only a few paces to the rear. Lieutenant Prendergast was wounded in this affair by the discharge of the piece, and would probably have been cut down, had not the rebel been killed by Major Orr. He also distinguished himself by his gallantry in the actions at Ratgurb and Betwa, when he was severely wounded. Major-General Sir Hugh Rose, in forwarding his recommendation of this officer states:—"Lieutenant Prendergast, Madras Engineers, was specially mentioned by Brigadier, now Sir Charles Stuart, for the gallant act at Mundisore, when he was severely wounded. Secondly, he was

\* Now 2nd Captain Royal Engineers, employed on the department of Public Works as Engineer of the North Arcot district.

‘specially mentioned’ by me when acting voluntarily as my aide-de-camp in the action before besieging Ratgurrh, on the Beena river, for gallant conduct. His horse was killed on that occasion. Thirdly, at the action of ‘the Betwa,’ he again voluntarily acted as my aide-de-camp, and distinguished himself by his bravery in the charge, which I made with Captain Need’s troop, Her Majesty’s 14th Light Dragoons, against the left of the so-called Peishwa’s army, under Tantia Topee. He was severely wounded on that occasion.”

#### **The 1st Madras Fusiliers.**

Sergeant PATRICK MAHONEY.—Date of act of bravery, 21st Sept., 1857. “For distinguished gallantry (whilst doing duty with the Volunteer Cavalry) in aiding in the capture of the Regimental Colour of the 1st Regiment Native Infantry, at Mungulwar, on the 21st of September, 1857.” (Extract from Field Force Orders of the late Major-General Havelock, dated 17th Oct., 1857.)

Private JOHN RYAN.—Date of act of bravery, 26th Sept., 1857. “In addition to the above act,\* Private Ryan distinguished himself throughout the day by his intrepidity, and especially devoted himself to rescuing the wounded in the neighbourhood from being massacred. He was most anxious to visit every dooly.” (Extract from Divisional Orders of Major-General Sir James Outram, G.C.B., dated 17th Oct., 1857.)

Private THOMAS DUFFY.—“For his cool intrepidity and daring skill, whereby a 24-pounder gun was saved from falling into the hands of the enemy.” (Extract from Divisional

\* For the act here alluded to see 5th Foot—notice of Private Peter M’Manus.

Orders of Major-General Sir James Outram, G.C.B., dated 16th Oct., 1857.)

Private J. SMITH.—Date of act of bravery, 16th Nov., 1857. For having been one of the first to try and enter the gateway on the north side of Secundra Bagh. On the gateway being burst open, he was one of the first to enter, and was surrounded by the enemy. He received a sword-cut on the head, a bayonet wound on the left side, and a contusion from the butt end of a musket on the right shoulder, notwithstanding which he fought his way out, and continued to perform his duties for the rest of the day. Elected by the private soldiers of the detachment, 1st Madras Fusiliers.

#### 19th Madras Native Infantry.

Captain HERBERT MACKWORTH CLOGSTOUN.—Date of act of bravery, 15th Jan., 1859. For conspicuous bravery in charging the rebels into Chichumbah with only eight men of his Regiment (the 2nd Cavalry Hyderabad Contingent), compelling them to re-enter the town, and finally to abandon their plunder. He was severely wounded himself, and lost seven out of the eight men who accompanied him.

#### 2nd Bombay Light Cavalry.

Captain JAMES BLAIR.\*—Dates of acts of bravery, 12th Aug. and 23rd Oct., 1857. For having on two occasions distinguished himself by his gallant and daring conduct. 1st. On the night of the 12th Aug., 1857, at Neemuch, in volunteering to apprehend seven or eight armed mutineers who had shut themselves up for defence in a house, the door of which he burst open. He then rushed in among them, and forced them to escape through the roof; in this encounter

\* Now second in command.

he was severely wounded. In spite of his wounds he pursued the fugitives, but was unable to come up with them, in consequence of the darkness of the night. 2nd. On the 23rd Oct., 1857, at Jeerun, in fighting his way most gallantly through a body of rebels who had literally surrounded him. After breaking the end of his sword on one of their heads, and receiving a severe sword cut on his right arm, he rejoined his troop. In this wounded condition, and with no other weapon than the hilt of his broken sword, he put himself at the head of his men, charged the rebels most effectually, and dispersed them.

### **The 3rd Bombay Light Cavalry.**

Lieutenant and Adjutant ARTHUR THOMAS MOORE and Lieutenant JOHN GRANT MALCOLMSON.—Date of acts of bravery, 8th Feb., 1857. On the occasion of an attack on the enemy on the 8th Feb., 1857, led by Lieutenant-Colonel Forbes, C.B., Lieutenant Moore, the Adjutant of the Regiment, was, perhaps, the first of all by a horse's length. His horse leaped into the square, and instantly fell dead, crushing down his rider, and breaking his sword as he fell amid the broken ranks of the enemy. Lieutenant Moore speedily extricated himself, and attempted with his broken sword to force his way through the press; but would assuredly have lost his life had not the gallant young Lieutenant Malcolmson, observing his peril, fought his way to his dismounted comrade through a crowd of enemies to his rescue, and, giving him his stirrup, safely carried him through everything out of the throng. The thoughtfulness for others, cool determination, devoted courage, and ready activity shown in extreme danger by this young officer, Lieutenant Malcolmson, appear

to have been most admirable, and to be worthy of the highest honour.

#### **The Bombay Artillery.**

Major RICHARD HARTE KEATINGE.\*—Date of act of bravery, 17th March, 1858.—For having rendered most efficient aid at the assault of Chundairee, in voluntarily leading the column through the breach, which was protected by a heavy cross fire. He was one of the foremost to enter, and was severely wounded in the breach. The column was saved from a serious loss that would probably have resulted, but for Major Keatinge's knowledge of the small path leading across the ditch, which had been examined during the night by himself and a servant, who declined, when required, to lead the column, without his master. Having cleared the breach, he led into the fort, where he was struck down by another dangerous wound. The Commander-in-Chief in India states that the success at Chundairee was mainly owing to this officer, whose gallantry, really brilliant, he considers was equalled by his ability and devotion. Major Keatinge was at the time a political officer with the 2nd Brigade of the Central India Field Force.

#### **Bombay Engineers.**

Lieutenant CHARLES AUGUSTUS GOODFELLOW.†—For gallant conduct at the attack on the Fort of Beyt, on Oct. 6th, 1859. On that occasion a soldier of the 28th Regiment was shot under the walls of the Fort. Lieutenant Goodfellow rushed under the walls, under a sharp fire of matchlocks, and bore off the body of the soldier, who was then dead, but whom he at first supposed to be wounded only.

\* Now Lieutenant-Colonel Royal Horse Artillery, and Political Agent at Kattywar.

† Now of the Royal Engineers.



**3rd Bombay European Regiment (late).**

Private FREDERICK WHIRLPOOL.—Dates of acts of bravery, 3rd April and 2nd May, 1858. For gallantly volunteering on the 3rd April, 1858, in the attack of Jhansi, to return and carry away several killed and wounded, which he did twice under a very heavy fire from the wall; also, for devoted bravery at the assault of Lohari on the 2nd May, 1858, in rushing to the rescue of Lieutenant Donne, of the Regiment, who was dangerously wounded. In this service Private Whirlpool received seventeen desperate wounds, one of which nearly severed his head from his body. The gallant example shown by this man is considered to have greatly contributed to the success of the day.

**The 20th Bombay Native Infantry.**

Captain JOHN AUGUSTUS WOOD.\*—Date of act of bravery, 9th December, 1856.—On the 9th of December, 1856, Captain Wood led the Grenadier Company, which formed the head of the assaulting column sent against Bushire. He was the first man on the parapet of the fort, where he was instantly attacked by a large number of the garrison, who suddenly sprang upon a trench cut in the parapet itself. These men fired a volley at Captain Wood and the head of the storming party, when only a yard or two distant from that officer; but, although Captain Wood was struck by no less than seven musket balls, he at once threw himself upon the enemy, passed his sword through the body of their leader, and, being closely followed by the men of his company, speedily overcame all opposition, and established himself in the place. Captain Wood's decision, energy, and determined

\* Now attached to the Bombay Staff Corps as Acting Assistant-Adjutant-General of the Mhow Division.

valour undoubtedly contributed in a high degree to the success of the attack. His wounds compelled him to leave the field for a time; but, with the true spirit of a good soldier, he rejoined his regiment and returned to his duty at Bushire before the wounds were properly healed.

#### **24th Bombay Native Infantry.**

Lieutenant WILLIAM ALEXANDER KERR.—Date of act of bravery, July 10, 1857. On the breaking out of a mutiny in the 27th Bombay Native Infantry, in July, 1857, a party of the mutineers took up a position in the stronghold, or paga, near the town of Kolapore, and defended themselves to extremity. "Lieutenant Kerr, of the Southern Mahratta Irregular Horse, took a prominent share of the attack on the position, and at the moment when its capture was of great public importance, he made a dash at one of the gateways with some dismounted horsemen, and forced an entrance by breaking down the gate. The attack was completely successful, and the defenders were either killed, wounded, or captured, a result that may with perfect justice be attributed to Lieutenant Kerr's dashing and devoted bravery." (Letter from the Political Superintendent at Kolapore to the Adjutant-General of the Army, dated September 10, 1857.)

#### **25th Bombay Light Infantry.**

Lieutenant WILLIAM FRANCIS FREDERICK WALLER.\*—Date of act of bravery, 20th June, 1858. For great gallantry at the capture by storm of the fortress of Gwalior, on the 20th June, 1858. He and Lieutenant Rose, who was killed, were the only Europeans present, and, with a mere handful of men, they attacked the fortress, climbed on the roof of a

\* Now Adjutant of the Kolapore Infantry.

house, shot the gunners opposed to them, carried all before them, and took the fort, killing every man in it.

#### **Indian Navy (late).**

**Mr. GEORGE BELL CHICKEN.**—Date of act of bravery, 27th September, 1858. For great gallantry on the 4th September, 1858, at Suhejnee, near Peroo, in having charged into the middle of a considerable number of the rebels, who were preparing to rally and open fire upon the scattered pursuers. They were surrounded on all sides, but, fighting desperately, Mr. Chicken succeeded in killing five before he was cut down himself. He would have been cut to pieces had not some of the men of the 1st Bengal Police and 3rd Sikh Irregular Cavalry, dashed into the crowd to his rescue, and routed it, after killing several of the enemy.

**Midshipman ARTHUR MAYO.**—Date of act of bravery, 22nd November, 1857. For having headed the charge on the 22nd of November, 1857, in the engagement between the Indian Naval Brigade and the mutineers of the 73rd Native Infantry, and Bengal Artillery, when the former was ordered to charge 2 six-pounders which were keeping up a heavy fire. Mr. Mayo was nearly 20 yards in front of any one else during the advance.

#### **Indian Civil Service.**

**Mr. THOMAS HENRY KAVANAGH,** Assistant Commissioner in Oudh.—Date of act of bravery, 8th November, 1857. On the 8th of November, 1857, Mr. Kavanagh, then serving under the orders of Lieutenant-General Sir James Outram, in Lucknow, volunteered on the dangerous duty of proceeding through the city to the camp of the Commander-in-Chief, for the purpose of guiding the relieving force to the beleaguered

garrison in the Residency,—a task which he performed with chivalrous gallantry and devotion.

**Mr. ROSS LOWIS MANGLES**, Assistant-Magistrate at Patna.\*—  
Date of act of bravery, 30th July, 1857. Mr. Mangles volunteered and served with the force, consisting of detachments of Her Majesty's 10th and 37th Regiments, and some native troops, despatched to the relief of Arrah, in July, 1857, under the command of Captain Dunbar, of the 10th Regiment. The force fell into an ambuscade on the night of the 29th of July, 1857, and during the retreat on the next morning, Mr. Mangles, with signal gallantry and generous self-devotion, and notwithstanding that he had himself been seriously wounded, carried for several miles, out of action, a wounded soldier of Her Majesty's 37th Regiment, after binding up his wounds under a murderous fire, which killed or wounded almost the whole detachment; and he bore him in safety to the boats.

**Mr. WILLIAM FRASER M'DONELL**, Magistrate of Sarum.—  
Date of act of bravery, 30th July, 1857. For great coolness and bravery on the 30th July, 1857, during the retreat of the British troops from Arrah, in having climbed, under an incessant fire, outside the boat, in which he and several soldiers were, up to the rudder, and, with considerable difficulty, cut through the lashing which secured it to the side of the boat. On the lashing being cut, the boat obeyed the helm, and thus thirty-five European soldiers escaped certain death.

#### **Bengal Police Battalion.**

**Lieutenant CHARLES GEORGE BAKER**.—Date of act of

\* Now Magistrate and Collector of the Tipperah District.

bravery, 27th Sept., 1858. For gallant conduct on the occasion of an attack on the rebels at Suhejnee, near Peroo, on the 27th Sept., 1858, which is thus described in this officer's own words:—"The enemy" (at the time supposed to have mustered from 900 to 1,000 strong in infantry, with 50 cavalry) "advanced. Without exchanging a shot, I at once retired slowly, followed up steadily by the rebel line for 100 yards clear of village or jungle, when, suddenly wheeling about my divisions into line, with a hearty cheer, we charged into and through the centre of the enemy's line, Lieutenant Broughton, with his detachment, immediately following up the movement, with excellent effect, from his position upon the enemy's left. The rebel right wing, of about 300 men, broke at once, but the centre and left, observing the great labour of the horses in crossing the heavy ground, stood, and receiving the charge with repeated volleys, were cut down or, broke only a few yards ahead of the cavalry. From this moment, the pursuit was limited to the strongest and best horses of the force, numbering some 60 of all ranks, who, dashing into and swimming a deep and wide nullah, followed the flying enemy through the village of Russowlee and its sugar-cane khets, over two miles of swamp, and 500 yards into the thick jungles near Peroo, when, both men and horses being completely exhausted, I sounded the halt and assembly, and, collecting my wounded, returned to camp at Munjhaen about 6 p.m." The charge ended in the utter defeat of the enemy, and is referred to by Lord Clyde, "as deserving of the highest encomium, on account both of conception and execution." It is also described as having been "as gallant as any during the war."

**Indian Medical Establishment.**

Hospital Apprentice ARTHUR FITZGIBBON.—For having behaved with great coolness and courage at the capture of the North Taku Fort, on the 21st August, 1860. On the morning of that day he accompanied a wing of the 67th Regiment, when it took up a position within 500 yards of the fort. Having quitted cover, he proceeded, under a very heavy fire, to attend to a dhoolie-bearer, whose wound he had been directed to bind up ; and while the regiment was advancing under the enemy's fire, he ran across the open to attend to another wounded man, in doing which he was himself severely wounded.

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AN ALPHABETICAL  
LIST OF THE NAMES  
OF THE  
MEMBERS OF THE ORDER  
OF THE  
VICTORIA CROSS.

*(The names in italics denote those who would have received the Victoria Cross  
had they survived their acts of heroism.)*

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### ERRATA.

- Page 25—For Lieutenant William Nathaniel Wright Hewett, read Lieutenant William *Nathan* Wright Hewett.
- Page 26—For Lieutenant D. Lennox, read Lieutenant *W. O.* Lennox.
- Page 29—For Private Henry Adard, read Private Henry *Ward*.
- Page 30—For Private P. Mylott, read Private P. *Mylot*.
- Page 31—For Captain H. Wilmott, read Captain H. *Wilmot*.
- Page 31—For Lieutenant Frederick Sleigh Roberts, read Lieutenant Frederick Sleigh *Roberts*.
- Page 32—For Assistant Magistrate Ross Lewis Mangles, read Ross *Lewis* Mangles.
- Page 34—For Sergeant Robert Grant, read Sergeant Robert *Ewart*.
- Page 34—For Sergeant, read *Private* M'Hale.
- Page 36—For Private, read *Corporal* C. Anderson.
- Page 72—For Brevet-Major Robert James Lloyd-Lindsay, read *Loyd*-Lindsay.

# The Wellington Gazette

AND

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 Quartermaster JOHN MOORE, 1st. Batt. 14th Foot.  
 Quartermaster WILLIAM CHARTERS, 1st Batt. 24th Foot.  
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 Derby, 1st—Adjutant CHARLES YELVERTON BALGUY, late Captain 42nd Foot.  
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 Gloucester, Royal—Adjutant JAMES ROBERTSON, late Captain 79th Foot.  
 Huntingdon—Adjutant HENRY G. ROOPER, late Captain 85th Foot.  
 Kent, West—Major R. T. G. G. Monypenny, late 86th Foot.  
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 Montgomery, Royal—Adjutant ROBERT MASSIE TAYLOR, late Lieutenant 25th Foot.  
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 Shropshire Artillery—Major EDWARD F. ACTON.  
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